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The standard seeks to ensure that new apartment buildings are setback an appropriate distance from side and rear boundaries to receive an adequate amount of daylight and privacy.

Standard

A habitable room window or a balcony should be setback from a side or rear boundary at least the distance specified in Table 1.

A habitable room window or a balcony should be setback from another building within the site at least the distance specified in Table 1.

The setback is measured from the external surface of the habitable room window or the open side of the balcony, which ever is the lesser.

TABLE 1: BUILDING SETBACK

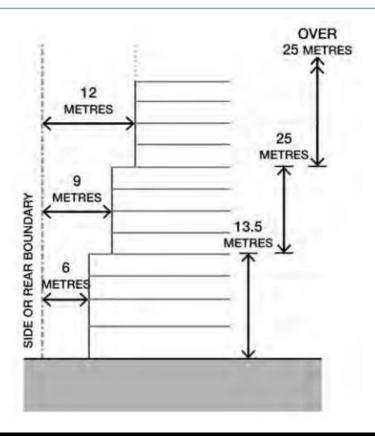
BUILDING HEIGHT	MINIMUM SETBACK FROM SIDE AND REAR BOUNDARIES	MINIMUM SETBACK FROM BUILDINGS WITHIN THE SITE	
Up to 13.5 metres	6 metres	12 metres	
13.5 to 25 metres	9 metres	18 metres	
Over 25 metres	12 metres	24 metres	

Note: The building setback requirements only apply to new apartment buildings of five or more storeys in height. Clause 55.04-1 Side and rear setbacks objective and Stardard B17 will continue to apply to an application to construct two or more dwellings on a lot in a development up to four storeys (excluding a basement).



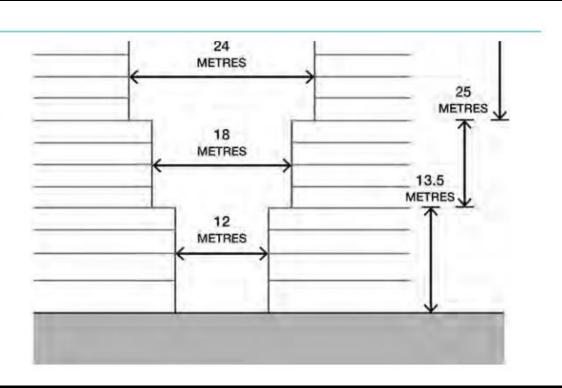
Applying the standard

Setbacks are measured from side and rear boundaries and become greater as the height of a building increases.

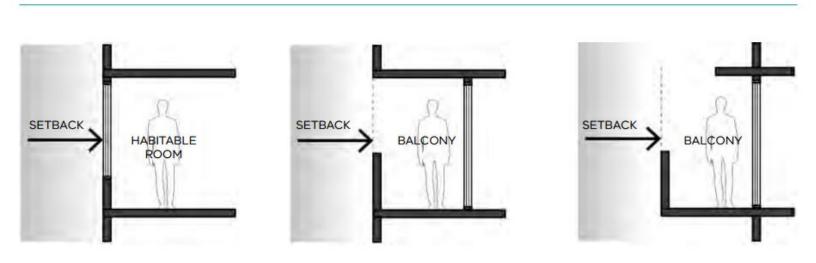




The standard also provides minimum setbacks that apply between two or more buildings on a site. Setbacks are measured between buildings.





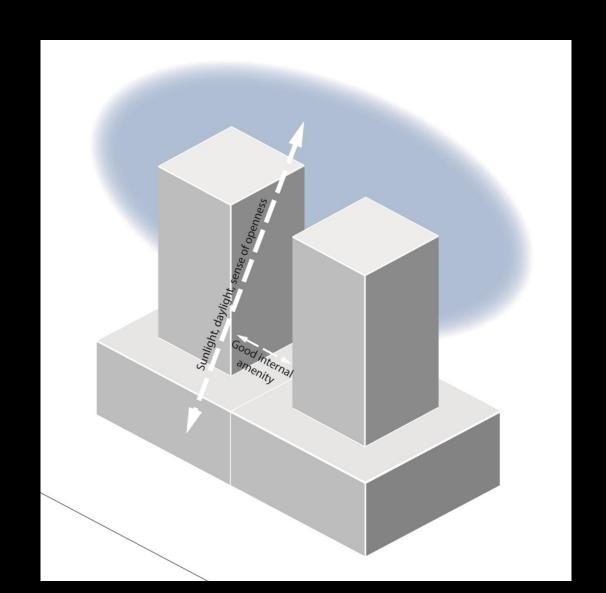


The setback is measured from glazing line to glazing line or the open edge of a balcony.

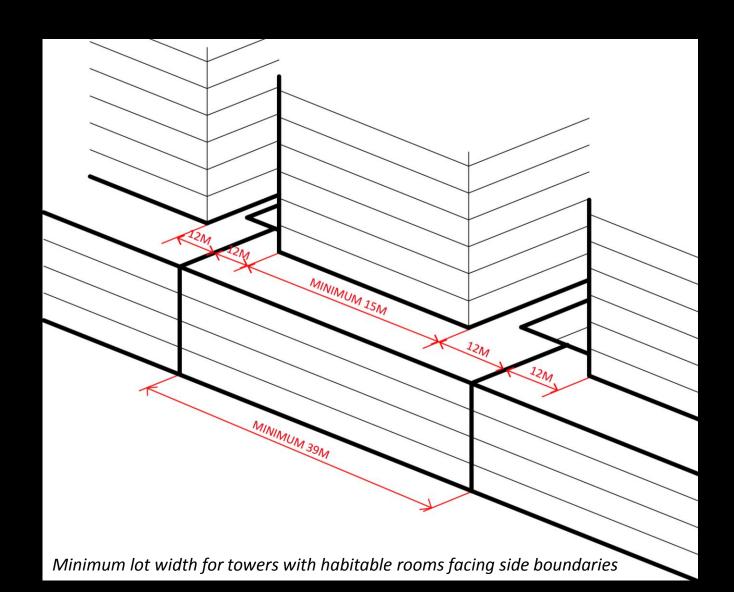
The main building structure (including walls, balconies and other building appurtenances) should not encroach within the setback.



BENEFITS: BETTER PUBLIC AND PRIVATE REALM AMENITY





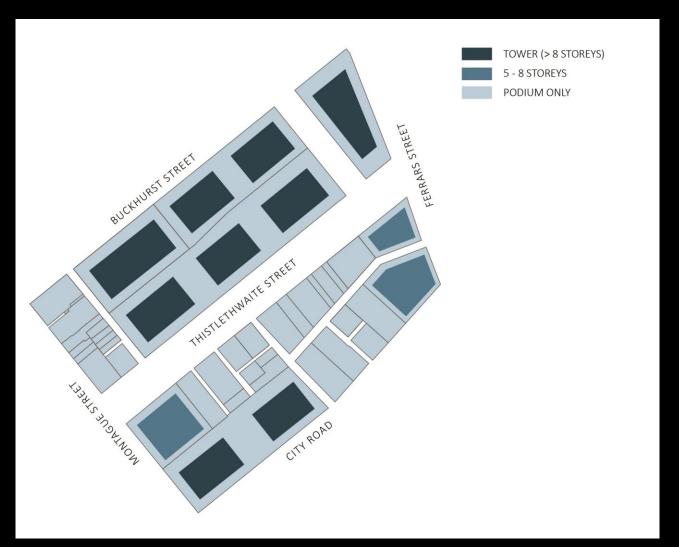




Proposed standard divides development opportunities into 3 categories:

Properties < 33m wide	Unlikely to be developed above 4 storeys (13.5m)
Properties 33-39m wide	Unlikely to be developed above 8 storeys (25m)
Properties > 39m wide	Can be developed above 8 storeys (25m)







Montague East development capacity:

Properties < 33m	Up to 4 storeys	79%	31 properties
Properties 33-39m wide	5-8 storeys	8%	3 properties
Properties > 39m wide	9+ storeys	13%	5 properties

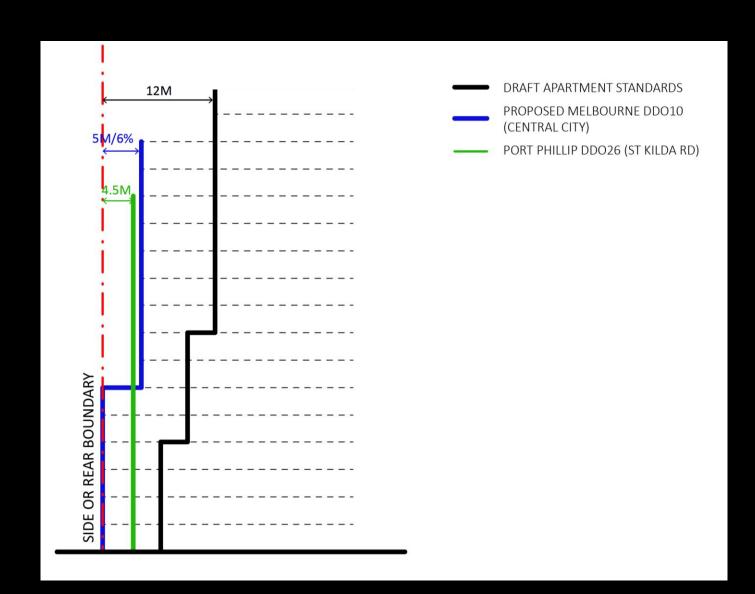


BENEFIT – COST ANALYSIS

Is the balance right?



HOW DOES IT COMPARE?



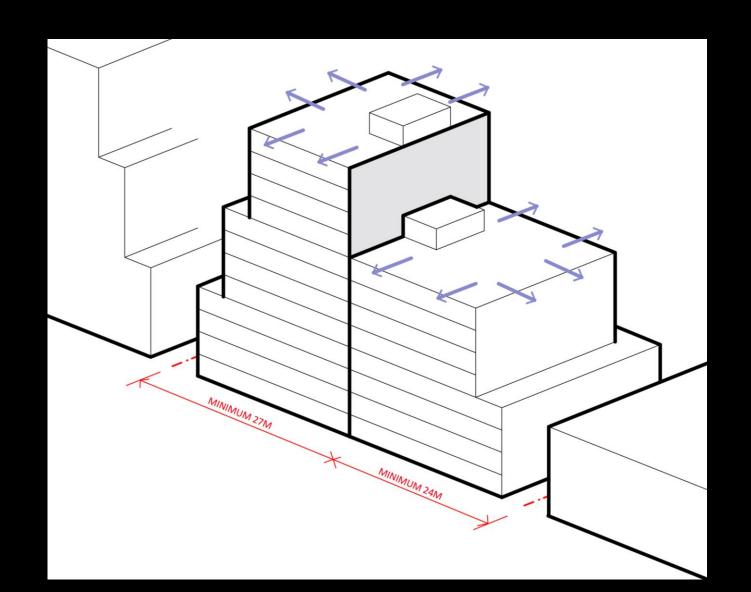


LIKELY DESIGN RESPONSES: AMALGAMATION



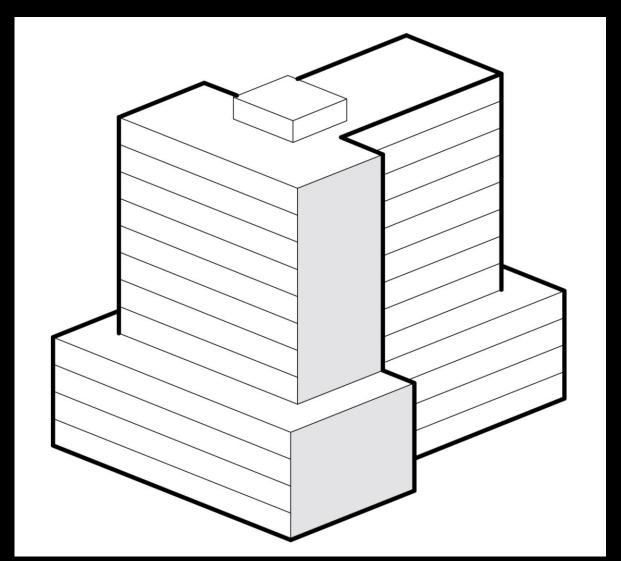


LIKELY DESIGN RESPONSES: 'PAIRED BUILDINGS'



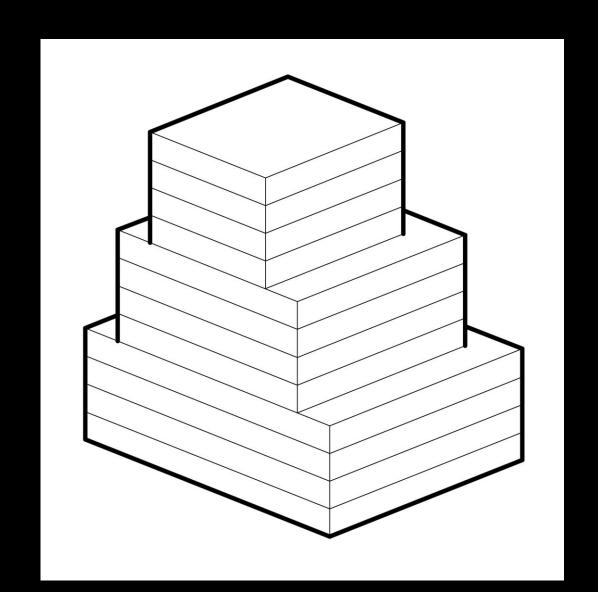


LIKELY DESIGN RESPONSES: EXPOSED BLANK WALLS (AND POORER INTERNAL AMENITY)





LIKELY DESIGN RESPONSES: 'WEDDING CAKES'





DECISION GUIDELINES—CONSIDERATIONS

- Distinguish living rooms, bedrooms and studies
- Existing condition of abutting properties
- Likely future development of abutting properties
- Width of site and abutting properties
- Alternative sources of natural daylight
- Alternative privacy measures



CONCLUSION

Proposed Building Setback standard could result in:

- Better public realm amenity
- Better internal amenity

But also:

- Substantially reduced development capacity
- Exposed blank walls
- 'Wedding cake' buildings

So:

- Should there be different setback standards in different places?
- Thoughtful decision guidelines needed.





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