

C0r0n @ 2 Inspect

Review and analysis of scientific articles related to the experimental techniques and methods used in vaccines against c0r0n @ v | rus, evidence, damage, hypotheses, opinions and challenges.

Friday, November 19, 2021

Identification of patterns in c0r0n @ v | rus vaccines: Cracks and wrinkles. Part 1

One of the most enigmatic patterns observed in vaccines was obtained by the doctor (Campra, P. 2021) in the Janssen samples, see figure 1. An almost geometric pattern of filaments can be verified, which could almost fit with fractal shapes curves, even of overlapping layered petals. The pattern is too regular to respond to chance, however, it has already been observed in a previous post on fractal nanoantennas , that the crystallization processes caused by dehydration, drying, application of heat, or microwaves, caused dendritic structures.

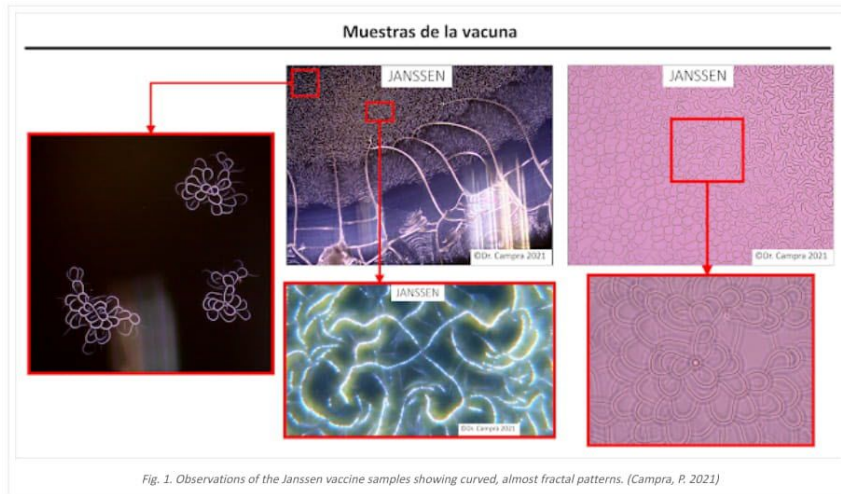


Fig. 1. Observations of the Janssen vaccine samples showing curved, almost fractal patterns. (Campra, P. 2021)

In order to solve the pattern identification, you need to divide the problem into two parts. On the one hand, pay attention to the linear shapes or main branches of figure 1a, and on the other hand to the lobular or petal-shaped patterns of figure 1b, 1c and 1e.

Linear shapes or branches

The easiest pattern to identify in these images is the major branching seen in the Pfizer vaccine samples, in dried droplets. The pattern has been identified with the cracks that occur in a saline solution made up of hydrogel, as reflected in the work of (Yakhno, T. 2008) entitled " Salt-induced protein phase transitions in drying dropletsthe clusters or groups of gel should be appreciated along with the material of the solution. In the case of (Yakhno, T. 2008), figure 2i (left panel), BSA (Bovine Serum Albumin or Bovine Serum Albumin) and sodium chloride (NaCl) were used. In the case of the Janssen vaccine sample, analyzed by Dr. Campra, the presence of graphene oxide , carbon nanotubes and with a high probability of some type of hydrogel , and other materials yet to be identified. This explains the morphological difference of the clusters in area 4.

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Important documents

Campra, P. (2021). Detection of graphene oxide in aqueous suspension COMIRNATY™ (RD1): Observational study in light and electron microscopy - Interim report (1)



Campra, P. (2021). Nanotechnological investigations o COVID-19 vaccines: Detection of toxic nanoparticles of graphene oxide and heavv metals

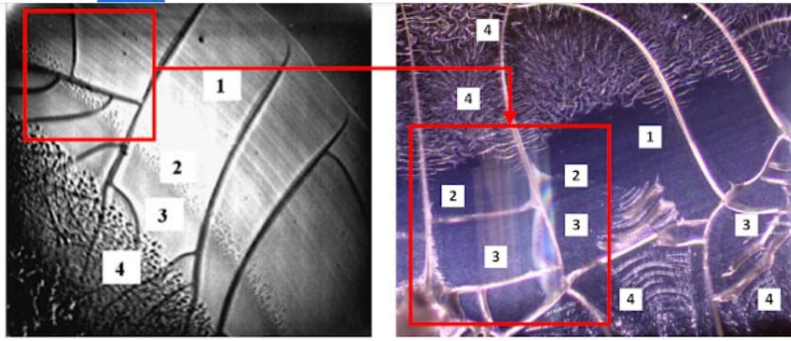


Fig. 2. The table on the left corresponds to the transition phases in the drying of a drop of saline solution (Yakhno, T. 2008). On the right the image obtained under the microscope by the doctor (Campra, P. 2021). Coincidence is observed in the linear patterns that run through the image and crack the sample, forming cracks or cracks due to the drying process. However, the formations or clusters produced in area 4 do not correspond. This is due to the fact that the saline solution of (Yakhno, T. 2008) does not contain graphene, although it does contain a hydrogel, which allows corroborating that the drying of the hydrogel-based saline solutions, form cracks very similar to those observed in the Pfizer vaccine samples, according to the images of (Campra, P. 2021).

Lobular or petal-shaped patterns

The patterns observed in the Janssen vaccine by the doctor (Campra, P. 2021) present a lobular morphology with different degrees of regularity, which seem to follow a fractal motif in their composition and grouping. Most likely, they are actually wrinkles caused by dehydration, drying or heat, around a thin film of the material. This can be observed in figure 3, when the vaccine samples are compared, with the hierarchical wrinkle experiment of (Jung, WB; Cho, KM; Lee, WK; Odom, TW; Jung, HT 2018), where the lines that draw the folds are very similar. The images of the Janssen vaccine sample in figure 3 a), b) and c) correspond to clippings of the photographs seen in figure 1. The clippings have been enlarged to facilitate the identification process.

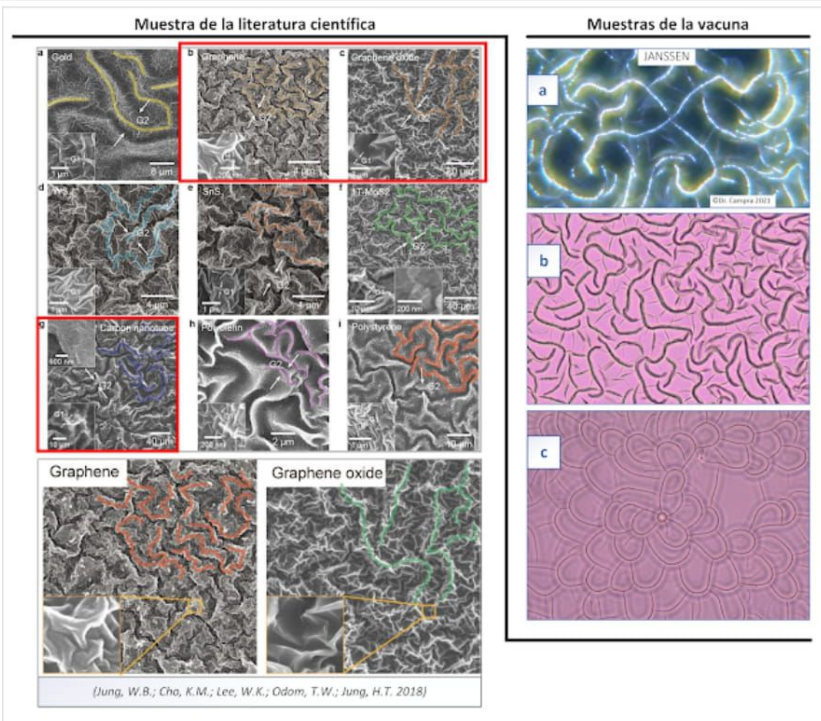


Fig. 3. On the left, image with the samples of wrinkles and folds formed with different films of material, among which graphene, graphene oxide, carbon nanotubes, molybdenum disulfide (MoS2), polystyrene (polystyrene), polyolefin (polyolefin) stand out. among others, in the experiment of (Jung, WB; Cho, KM; Lee, WK; Odom, TW; Jung, HT 2018). On the right, images of the Janssen vaccine samples, obtained by the doctor (Campra, P. 2021).

The regularity and morphology of the wrinkle patterns in the samples of the scientific literature (Jung, WB; Cho, KM; Lee, WK; Odom, TW; Jung, HT 2018), are determined by the material that has been used, the temperature and its application time. The modulation of these factors causes the formation of the different generations or phases of the wrinkle, which affects the curvature and angularity of the outline of its profile. Given that in the samples provided by Jung's team, these profiles are already colored, they were selected, cut and superimposed on the vaccine samples, especially in figure 3b right, as it is the one that best characterizes the pattern of the sample, by presenting a number of wrinkling phases similar to the one to be compared.



Campra, P. (2021). Observations of possible microbotics in COVID RNAm Version 1 vaccines



Campra, P. (2021). Detection of graphene in COVID19 vaccines by Micro-RAMAN spectroscopy



Consulted n times ...

318,317

Popular tickets

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Reference Chen, Y.; Fu, X.; Liu, L.; Zha Y.; Cao, L.; Yuan, D.; Liu, P. (2019). Millimeter wave absorbing property of flexible graphene / ...

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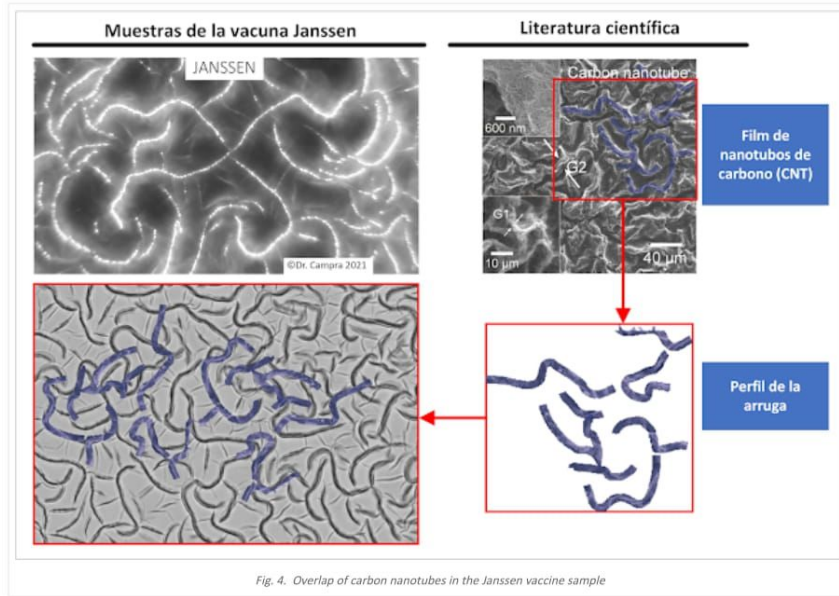


Fig. 4. Overlap of carbon nanotubes in the Janssen vaccine sample

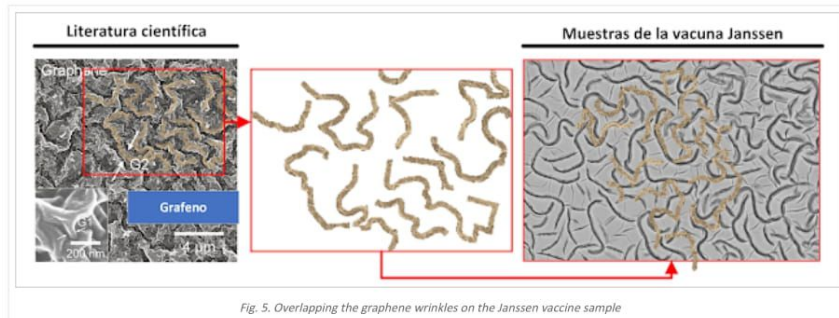


Fig. 5. Overlapping the graphene wrinkles on the Janssen vaccine sample

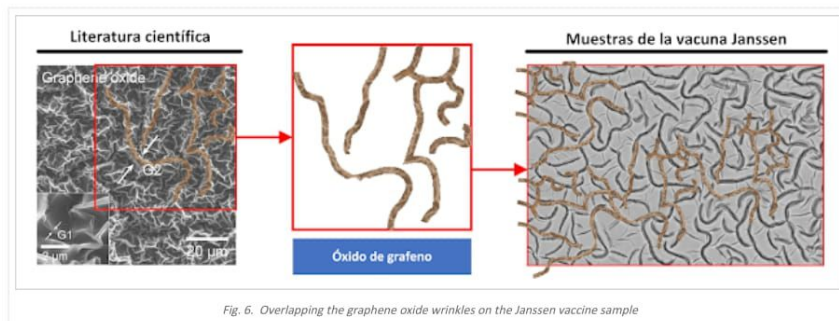


Fig. 6. Overlapping the graphene oxide wrinkles on the Janssen vaccine sample

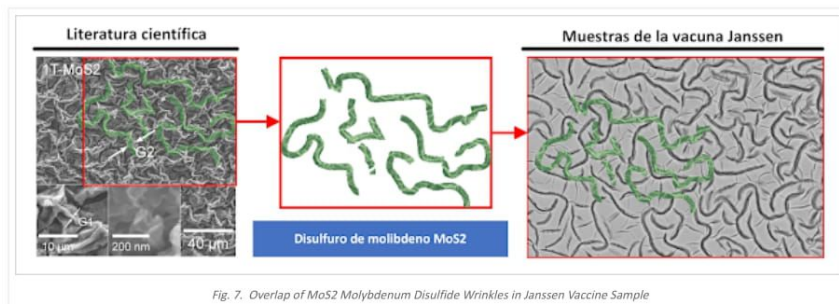


Fig. 7. Overlap of MoS2 Molybdenum Disulfide Wrinkles in Janssen Vaccine Sample

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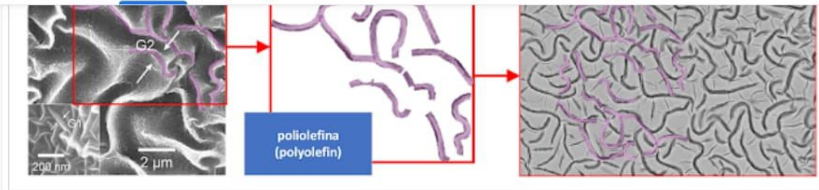


Fig. 8. Overlapping polyolefin wrinkles on the Janssen vaccine sample

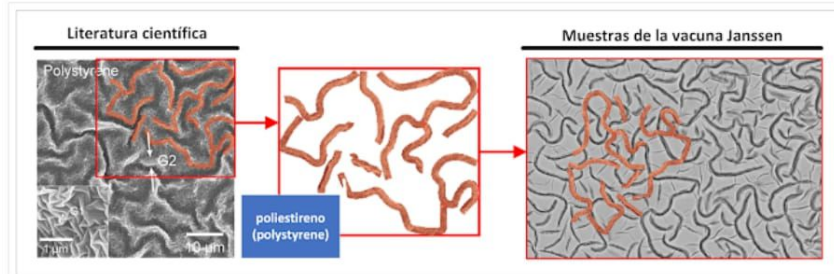


Fig. 9. Overlapping the Styrofoam Wrinkles on the Janssen Vaccine Sample

The case of carbon nanotubes and graphene showed an important degree of overlap in the overlap, which coincides with the material found in the c0r0n @ v | rus vaccines. However, polymers also stood out, particularly polyolefin. From this it can be deduced that hydrogels may have relevance in the formation of these wrinkles, in the drying or dehydration process, which fits with the presence of polymers in Raman spectroscopy tests, where the possible presence of PVA, PQT-12, Polyacrylamide and even polypyrrole, used to form neural interfaces.

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