

Basics History and Origin of the Mancala Board Game

Fundamentals, History and Origin of the Mancala Board Game

Mancala is a count-and-capture board game with an ancient heritage. There are hundreds of variants discovered around the planet. The playing equipment can be as simple as stones or seeds as the playing pieces and holes dug in soil or boards with holes as holding cups.

Fundamentals of Mancala

- * **Players:** The game is played by two players.
- * **Age Range:** It is acceptable for ages eight and above.
- * **Playing Time:** It requires about 15 minutes to play a game, perfect for a coffee break.
- * **Genre:** Mancala is an abstract board game.
- * **Designer:** It is a public domain game with roots that can be traced back to among CE 500 and 700.
- * **Publisher:** Since Mancala is a public domain game, it can be published by any business. Good wooden sets are typically offered for less than \$15. Best-notch Mancala sets can sell for a lot more than \$50.

Mancala Gameplay in Short

Players first location an equal quantity of seeds (the quantity varies by the certain game getting played) in every single of the pits on the game board. On a turn, a player removes all of the seeds in one particular pit and then deposits them one particular at a time in the following pits, which includes a single pit at every single end of the board where the seeds are "captured" by the player who controls that specific pit.

At the finish of the game, the player who has captured the most seeds is the winner.

It is essential to know the rules of simple two-rank Mancala, also recognized as Kalah. You could also want to brush up with these technique ideas for Mancala.

Origin and History of Mancala

Proof of Mancala games have been identified by archaeologists in Aksumite Ethiopia in Matarra (now in Eritrea) and Yeha (in Ethiopia), dating back to in between CE 500 and 700. The word mancala is derived from the Arabic word naqala, which implies "to move." In North Africa and the Mideast, the word mancala refers to a class of game rather than any distinct game.

You will see references to the game going back thousands of years. It is a straightforward enough setup to be played on an earthen surface, with seeds and holes, but the strong archaeological proof doesn't exist documenting earlier origin.

There are several versions played by nations and peoples all through Africa, with various names, such as Wari, Warri, Awari, Oware, and Wouri. The game is played in the Baltic locations of Europe but didn't spread by way of Europe. It traveled with Arab culture and trading to India, Malaysia, Indonesia, and China.

How to Play the Classic Game Chutes and Ladders Mancala arrived in North America with the slave trade, as the forcibly enslaved individuals brought their culture to the Caribbean and America. It became popular in Louisiana as Warra and turned into the commercial version, Kalah. The Cape Verde version, Ouril, was brought to New England by immigrants.

Mancala Games

Wikipedia lists a lot more than 80 Mancala games. The games listed as "most common" contain Bao in East Africa, Kalah in North America, and Oware in western Africa, the Caribbean, Omweso, and Pallanguzhi.

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