# Origins of and developments from a telescope design by Anton Kutter.

**Guntram Lampert** 

Presentation for the International Kutter and ATM days at Biberach

June 16, 2018

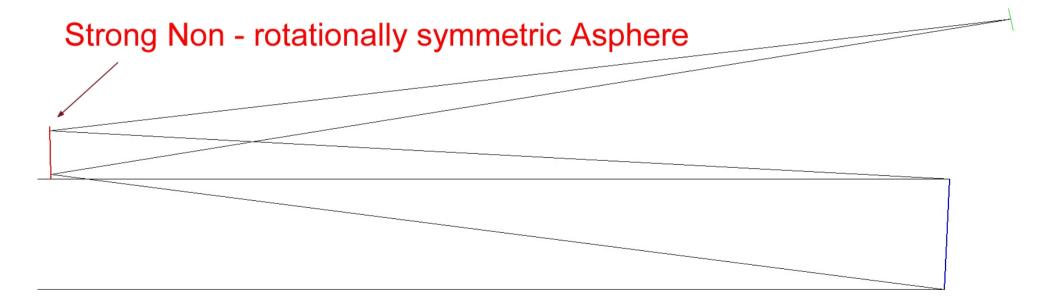
Around the mid-1960s, Kutterhad already published his major works:

- 1953: Der Schiefspiegler
- 1958: Bulletin A (in English)
- 1964: Bauanleitung für den Kosmos-Schiefspiegler

**June 13, 1967: New Task** 

- Aperture: 600mm
- Extreme wavelength range: Visual →20µm Infrared
- Comparatively fast: f/15
- Compact: Must fit into pre-existing dome

#### Idea #1:

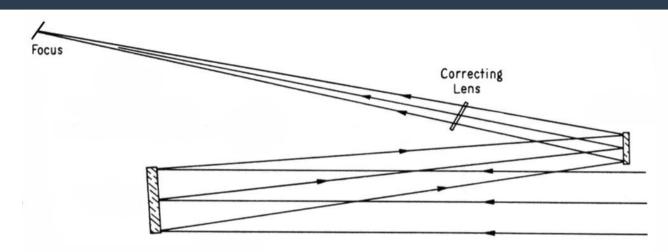


Idea #2:



Secondary with cylindrical deformation.

Idea #3:

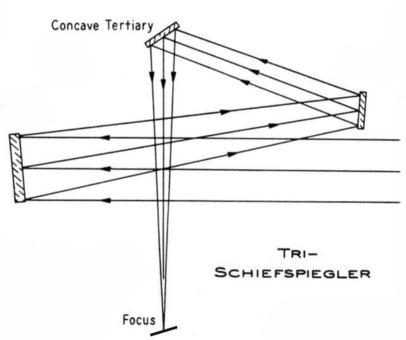


**Transform the Two-Mirror** 

Catadioptric Schiefspiegler

into an

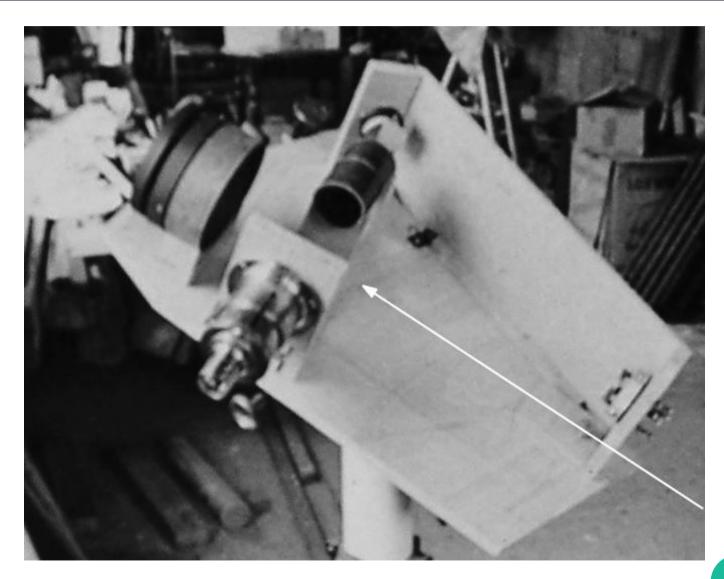
All-reflective Tri-Schiefspiegler!

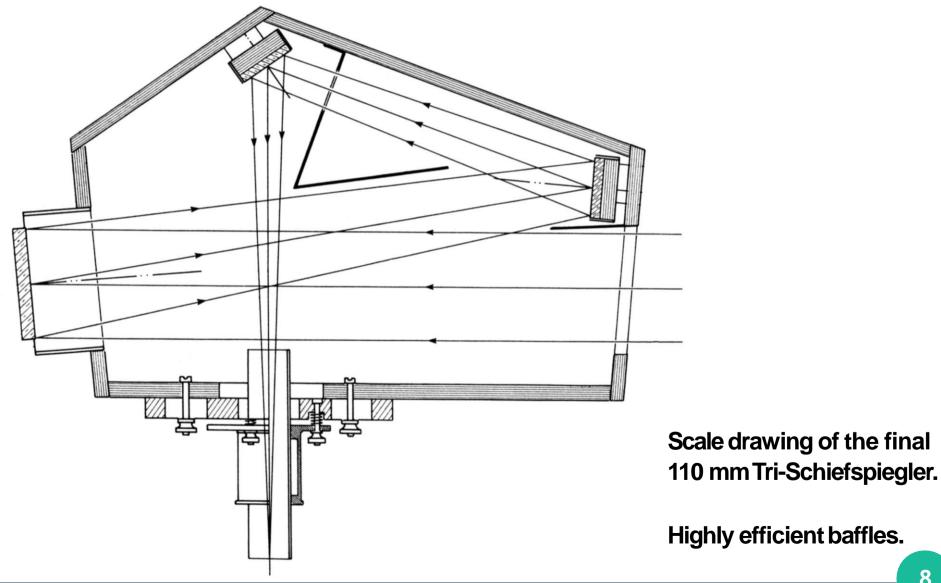


First known photo of a Tri-Schiefspiegler.

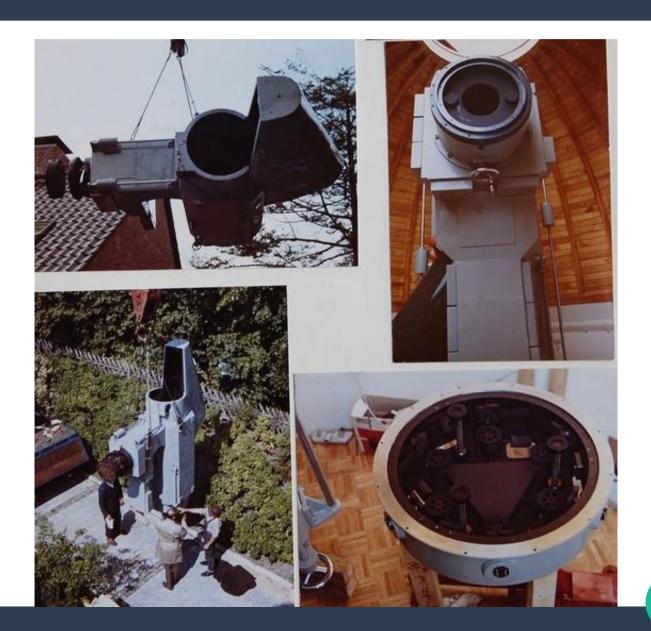
Test-Setup August 1967

Beam from tertiary to focus not yet perpendicular. 8° off.



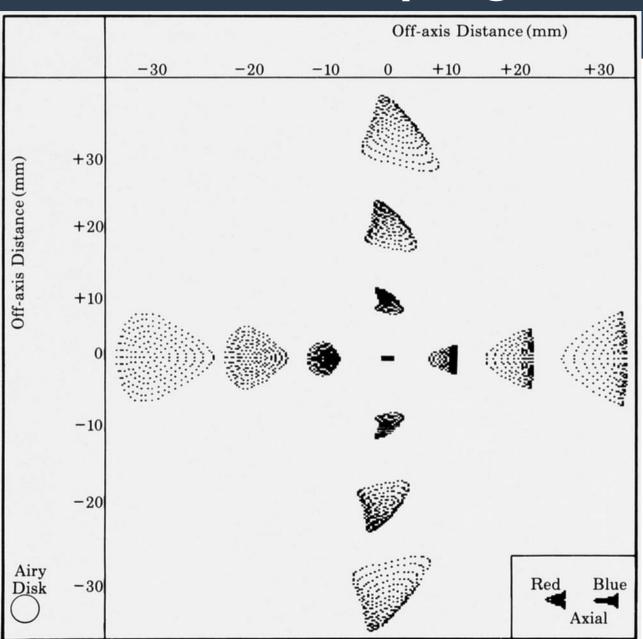


Installation of the 600 mm Tri-Schiefspiegler in Glücksburg in 1969.

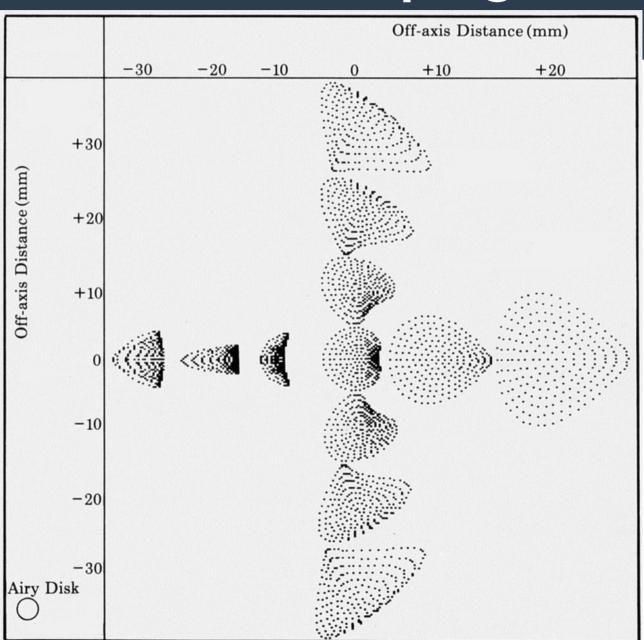


- 1975: Two part article in Sky and Telescope.
- Cal-Astro produces complete optics sets of 4.25, 6, and 8 inches aperture.
- At least a dozen Tri-Schiefspiegler were made, mostly in the United States.
- 1988: The book *Telescope Optics* appears and discusses the Kutter Schiefspieglers.

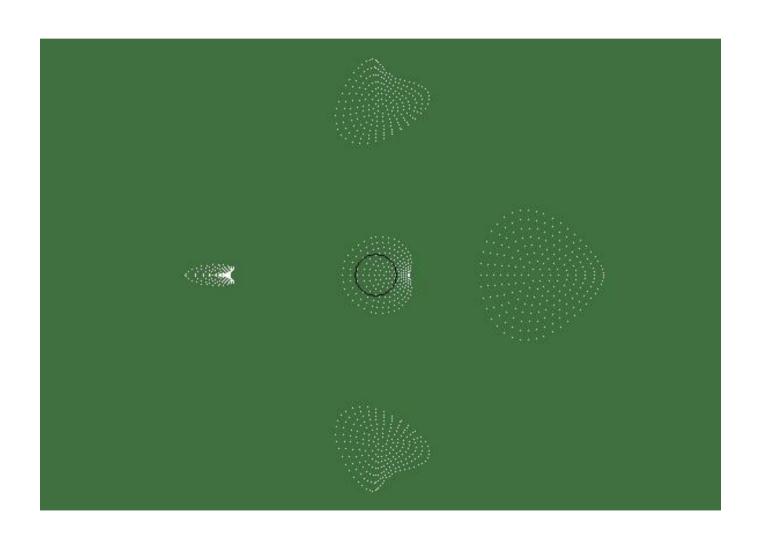
200 mm
Catadioptric
Schiefspiegler:

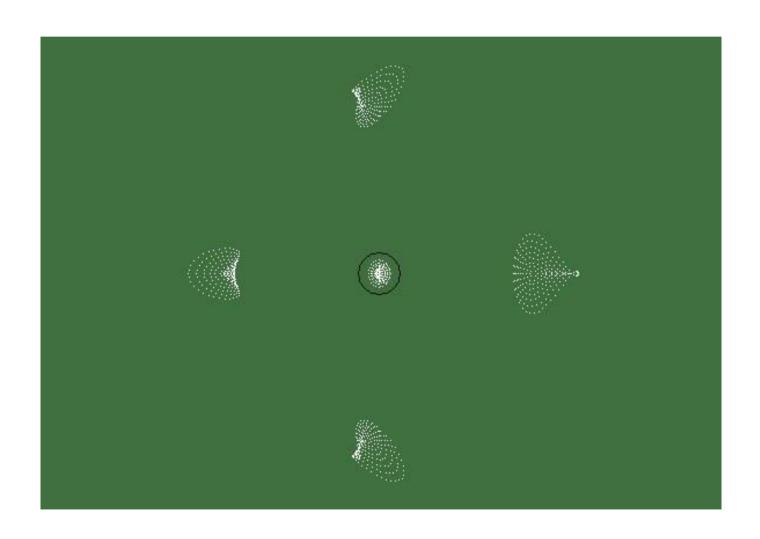


200 mm Tri-Schiefspiegler



- "The instrument's contrast and definition are finer than with any other telescope of 110 mm aperture I have built." - Oscar Knab
- "For a 110 mm aperture, seeing such detail [craterlets on the Kies and Milichius dome] speaks for itself." *Robert Feuardent*
- " ... the small Tri-Schiefspiegler turned out to be, I'm inclined to say, the culmination of of my second vocation." *AntonKutter*

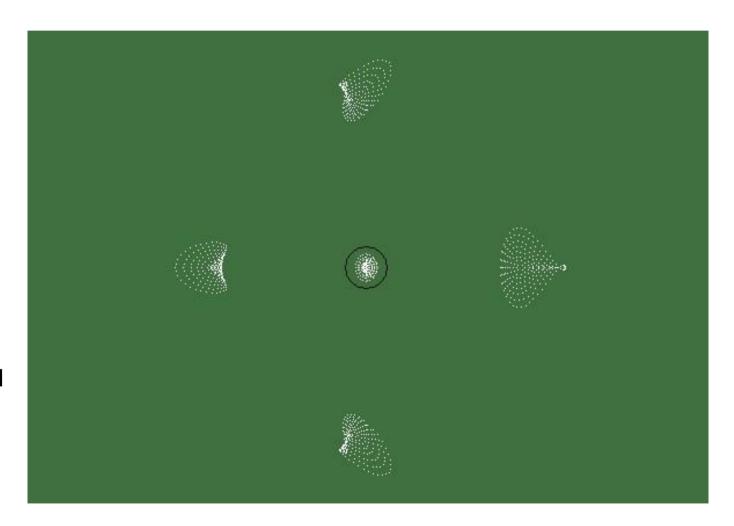




In 1990, David Stevick proposed enlarging the spacing between secondary and tertiary by just 22,5 mm.

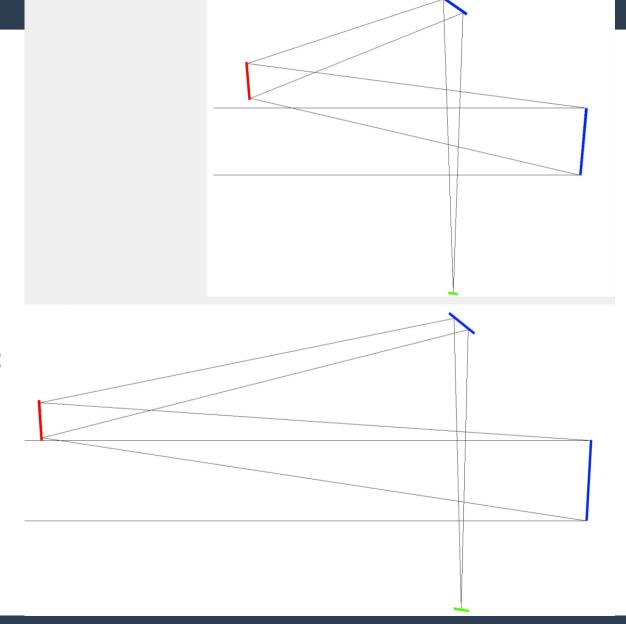
System optimal now!

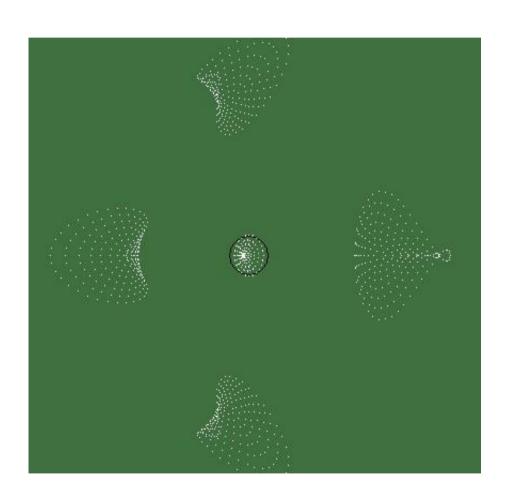
Kutter mentioned "Distanzänderungen" in his experiments and articles.



Kutter Tri f/14,7 1967

Buchroeder Tri f/20,2 1971



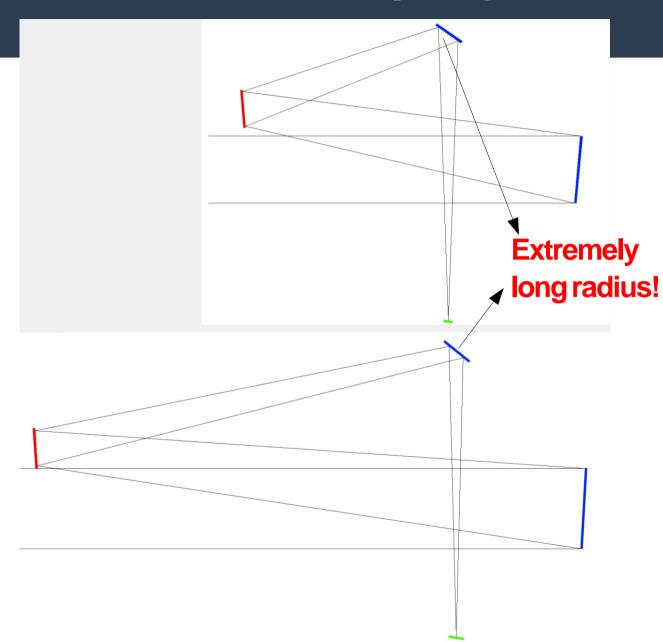


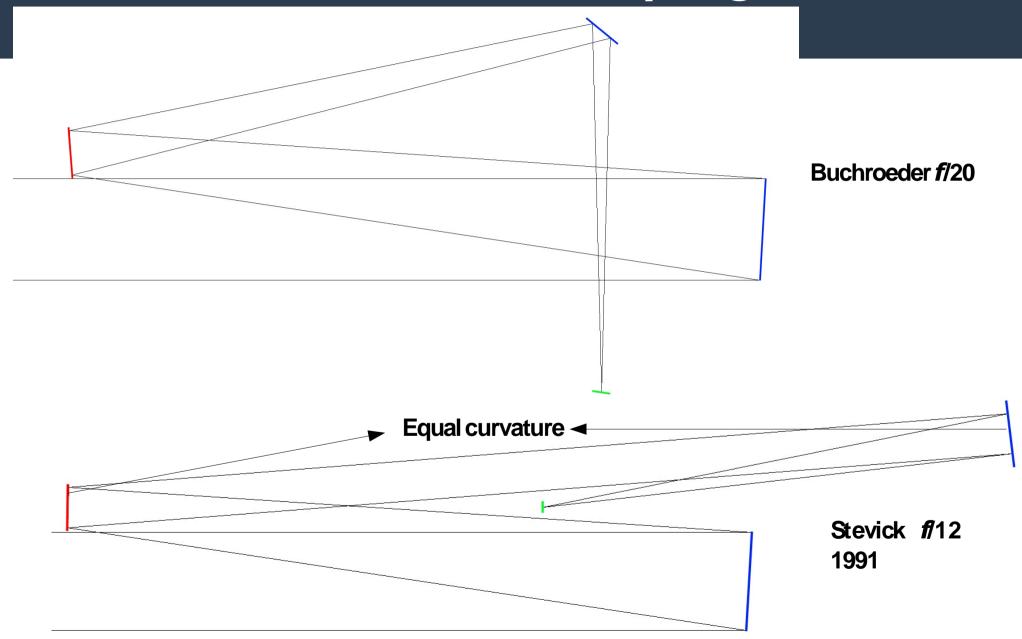
Optimized Kutter Tri 200 mm

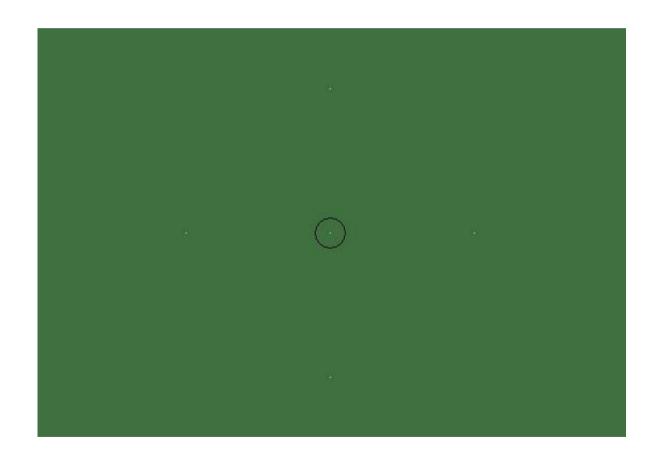
Buchroeder Tri 200 mm

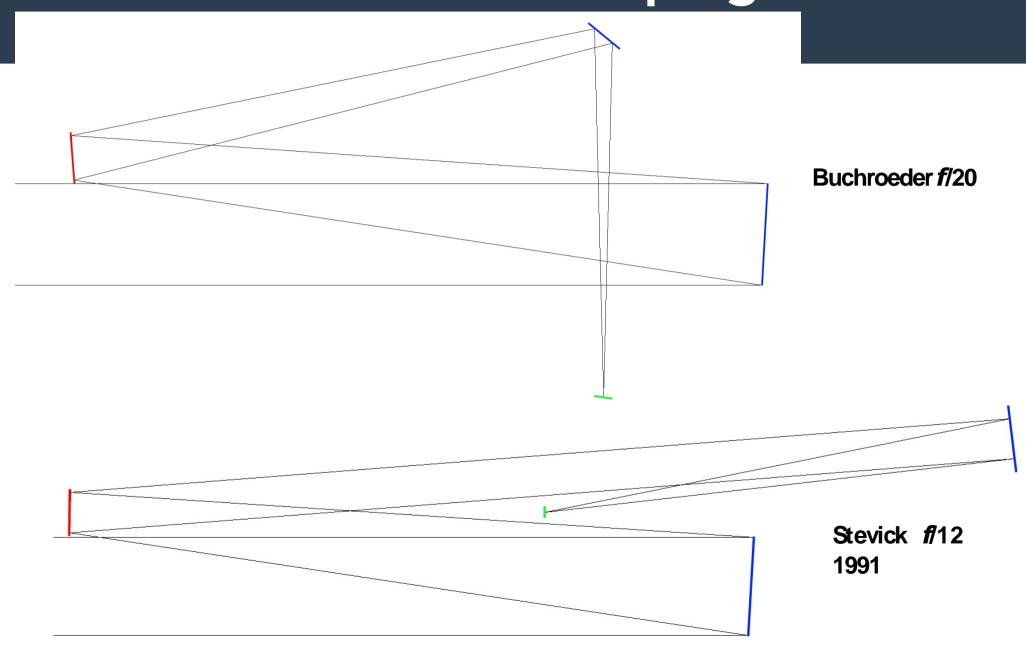
Kutter Tri f/14,7 1967

Buchroeder Tri f/20,2 1971

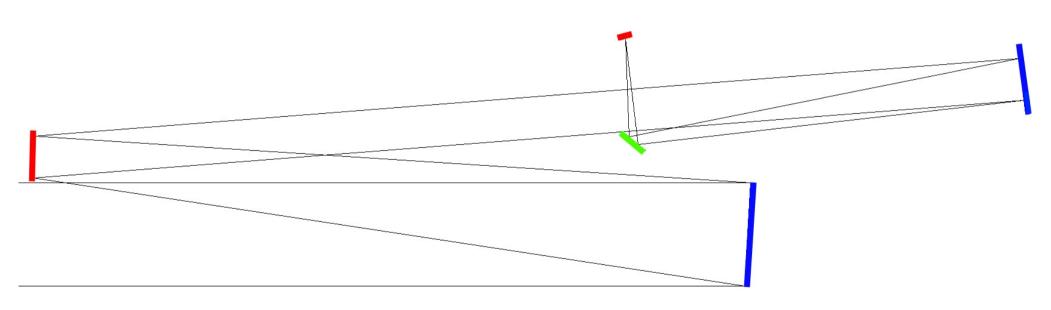






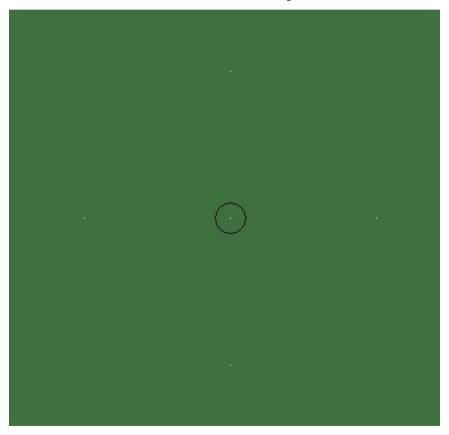


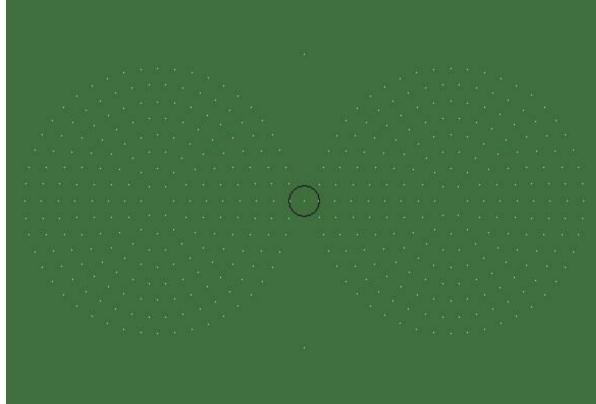
#### Stevick - Paul Telescope



- Primary: Paraboloid
- Spherical Aberration,
   Coma, and Astigmatism eliminated!

BUT: Focal plane tilt remains, as in ALL Tri-Schiefspiegler telescopes!





Spot diagrams for Tilted focal plane

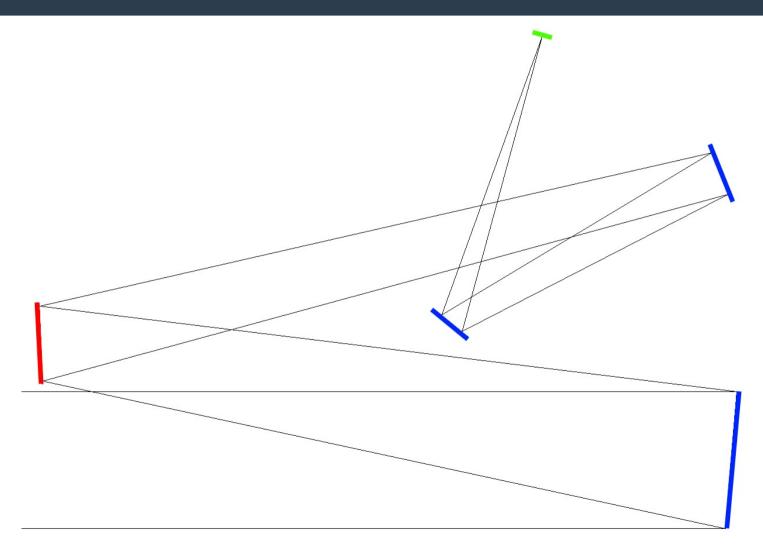
Spot diagrams for UNtilted focal plane



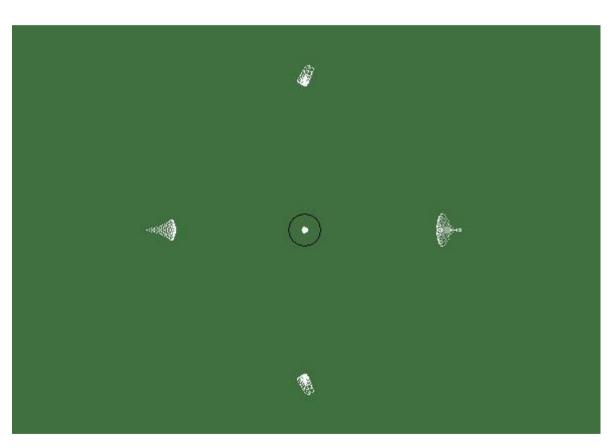
Adrian Kutter showing the plate adapter for the tilted field of the 300 mm Kutter telescope.

**Solution:** 

Make the fourth mirror concave!



Michael Brunn 1989: 200 mm Tetra-Schiefspiegler f/12.6



- Good image quality
- · Flat, untilted field
- Good speed
- · Simple surfaces. Easy to make & test.
- Compact
- Excellent stray light suppression
- Enough back focus for accesories
- Many variants possible

Thank you for your attention!

Any questions?