

Grammar for Schools

Student's DVD-Rom

OXFORE

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I can recognize and use the present simple forms of have got.

Have got: affirmative and negative



We use have got to talk about possession. I've got a red pen. They haven't got a computer.

Affirmative		
Full form	Short form	
I have got	l've got	
you have got	you've got	
he has got she has got it has got	he's got she's got it's got	
we have got	we've got	
you have got	you've got	
they have got	they've got	

Negative		
Full form	Short form	
I have not got	I haven't got	
you have not got	you haven't got	
he has not got she has not got it has not got	he hasn't got she hasn't got it hasn't got	
we have not got	we haven't got	
you have not got	you haven't got	
they have not got	they haven't got	

- *1 Circle the correct form.
- She have got has got a blue pencil.
 - 1 I have got / has got a big book.
 - 2 We have got / has got two cats.
 - 3 He have got / has got a blue car.
 - 4 You have got / has got a bike. 5 My phone have got / has got a camera.
 - 6 Sue and Tom have got / has got a nice teacher.
 - 7 The children have got / has got computers.

2 07.1 Complete the affirmative sentences with 's got or 've got. Then listen and check.

► She's got an old phone.

- I ______ a blue bag.
- 2 We_____two dogs.
- 3 He_____ a bia television.
 - __ a new ball.
- 5 You _ an old car.
- 6 It_____ four legs.

\$3 07.2 Complete the negative sentences with have not or has not. Listen and check. 5 I got a good phone. You have not got a guitar. 6 You _____ got a dog. We got a television. 2 He got a bike. 7 Jenny _____ got an umbrella. 8 Kate and Jamie _____ got a computer. 3 Theu _____ got a piano. 4 Cathu _____ got a red pen. \$\frac{4}{0}\$7.3 Look at the pictures and complete the sentences with has got, have got, hasn't got and haven't got. Listen and check. Isahel Amu George Carla Tom and Max Millu and Louise ► George has got short red hair. 5 Amy _____ short dark hair. 1 Isabel _____ brown eyes. 6 Tom and Max _____ green eyes. 7 Millu and Louise ______ short hair. 2 Tom and Max ______ blue eyes. 3 Carla _____ dark hair. 8 Isahel fair hair 4 Millu and Louise ______blue eues. Work in pairs, Sau one affirmative Write a description of a person or people and one negative sentence about a in your class. One thing isn't true. person in the pictures in exercise 4. Your Ivy has got long, fair hair and blue partner guesses the person or people. eyes. long / short fair / dark / red hair blue / brown/ green eues Show your description from exercise 6 to your partner. Your partner says the mistake. They've got long, fair hair. They haven't got brown eyes. Ivy hasn't got long hair. She's got short hair. Milly and Louise.

Have got: questions and short answers

To form questions with have got, we put the subject between have and got.

Have you got a pencil? Has she got a sister? Questions

Questions
Have I got ?
Have you got ?
Has he got ? Has she got ? Has it got ?
Have we got ?
Have you got ?
Have they got ?

When we answer a question, we often use a short answer. Have you got a pencil? Yes, I have. Has Jill got a sister? No, she hasn't.

Short answers	
Yes, I have.	No, I haven't.
Yes, you have.	No, you haven't.
Yes, he has. Yes, she has. Yes, it has.	No, he hasn't. No, she hasn't. No, it hasn't.
Yes, we have.	No, we haven't.
Yes, you have.	No, you haven't.
Yes, they have.	No, they haven't.

*8 07.4 Write the words in the correct order to make auestions. Listen and check.

,	۰	she/got/has Has she got	a blue car?
	1	have / got / they	brown eyes
	2	you / have / got	a big bedroor
	3	he / has / got	dark hair?
	4	got / we / have	_ a new teache
	5	has / got / Claire	a green pen
	6	got / I / have	a nice cake?
	7	Sally / got / has	blue eyes?

39 Write questions. ▶ Pat / a bike

Has Pat got a bike? 1 Tony / a phone

2 Anna / a camera

3 Pat and Anna / computers

4 Jill/a guitar

5 Tonu and Jill / bikes

6 Tony / a computer

\$10 07.5 Look at the pictures and listen to the questions from exercise 9. Write short answers.







	1	_
nna		Ji

Yes, he has.	

Work in groups. Write your group's names in the table. Then ask questions and complete the table with ticks / or crosses X.

Has Mike got a phone? Yes, he has.

Names			
Mike	1	1	х
Rosy	х	1	1
Oscar	Х	1	Х

Use the information in the table in exercise 11. Write sentences.

Mike has got a phone. He hasn't
got a bike. Rosy and Oscar have
got phones. They haven't got
computers.

13 Find the mistake in each sentence. Write correct sentences.

- ▶ Pete have got red hair.
- Pete has got red hair.
- 1 Have got you a phone?
- 2 Julia and I got blue eyes.
- 3 Has the children got a new teacher?
- 4 Suzy haven't got long hair.
- 5 They got a computer?
- 6 We's got two cars.

38 Have got

114 07.6 Listen to the dialogue. Tick √ the objects that Ryan has got and cross X the objects he hasn't got.

	jacket hat	>
1 100	sock	s
strousers	phone camero	
Tables 7		

trousers shoes

socks iacket

hat camera

pen phone

\$15 07.7 Listen to the dialogue and complete the sentences.

book dress hat jeans phone shoes T-shirts

Mum Have you got everything for the holiday?

Daisu Yes! I've got T-shirts, 1 and

Mum Good. Have you got a 3 _____?

Daisy Oh ... No, I haven't.

Mum And have you got a 4_____?

Daisu No. I haven't got a 5_____. Mum It's hot in Spain, You need a 6_

Daisy I've got my 7___ Mum But have you got a *_____to read?

Daisy Yes, I have. I've got Oliver Twist.

Work in pairs, Choose a person in the picture, but don't tell your partner. Your partner asks questions and quesses the person.

Has she got dark hair?

No, she hasn't.



Write sentences about one of the people in the picture in exercise 16. Then write sentences about yourself.

Carla has got dark hair. She's got a red shirt,

J've got ... 00000000

Se	Self-evaluation Rate your progress.		
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Revision 2 Units 6-7

Reading and writing

- 1 Tick the correct word to complete the sentences.
 - ▶ He ___ funnu. ☐ am are 1 You ___ tall. am are 3 ___ are uoung.
 \[\subseteq I ☐ She ☐ Theu

4 I ___ anaru. am are

Theu 2 Look at the pictures and complete the sentences with the correct form of have got.













- ► He's got a camera.
- 1 She _____ a quitar. 2 I ______ a phone.
- 3 You _____ a pen.
- 4 He ______ a watch.
- 5 Theu _____ a computer.

- 3 Complete the questions.
 - ► Are uou British? 1 _____ you got a brother? 2 _____ Katie angry?
- 3 _____ we got the camera? 4 _____ Tim got a computer?
- 5 _____ the car old?
- 6 _____ they got a dog?
- 4 Look at the picture. Complete the text with words from the box.





haven't got hasn't got is

isn't have got is aren't

Tom __is__ 12 years old. He's got dark hair and brown eues. He _____¹ tall. Anna _____2 13 years old, She _____3 dark hair,

She's got blue eyes. Tom and Anna ______ British. They're American. They _____6 chips.

- 5 Match the questions and short answers.
 - 1 Have you got a pen? d
 - 2 Are you French? ____
 - 3 Has she got a brother? ____ 4 Have they got a car? ____
 - 5 Is he American? ____
 - 6 Are they British? ____
 - a Yes, they have.
 - b No. she hasn't.
 - c Yes, he is. d No, I haven't.
 - e Yes, they are.
 - f Yes, I am.

Listening

6 R4.1 Listen to the conversations. Write the correct number for each picture.













7 R4.2 Listen and complete the table.

Andy Katy Paul Sally

Name	Age	Nationality	Brothers	Sisters
	15	British	1	1
	18	Australian	0	1
	17	American	0	2
	12	Canadian	1	0

Speaking



R4.3 Listen and answer the questions.



Are you British?



This, that, these, those

I can recognize and use this, that, these and those,



	Near	Not near
Singular	this	that
Plural	these	those

We use this and these to talk about things near to us.

This is my brother.

(He is near you.) These books are very old. (The books are near.)

We use that and those to talk about things not near to us.

That is my brother. Those apples are nice.

(He isn't near uou.) (The apples aren't near.)

*1 0 9.1 Complete the sentences with This or That. Listen and check.



► This is my kite.



is my computer. 4



_ is my skateboard.



is my football.



1 _____ is mu kite.



is my computer. 5 _____ is my

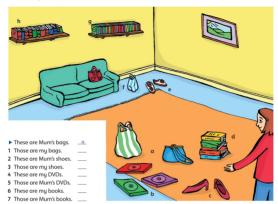


skatehoard



is my football.

*2 Look at the picture and the sentences. Write the letter.



Work in pairs. Point to an object in the picture and make questions with this, these, that, those. Your partner answers with a sentence from exercise 2.

What are these? These are my shoes.

What are those? Those are Mum's DVDs

5 09.2 Look at the sentences, Listen and write the number next to each sentence, then listen

- Choose the correct words.
- Is this these a pencil?
 - 2 That / Those book is old.
 - 3 This / These pens are red.
 - 4 Is that / those a hippo?
 - 5 That / Those shoes are beautiful.
 - 6 This / These is a nice house.
 - 8 Are this / these your photos?
 - 7 That / Those is Jack.
 - a Is this her pen?
 - h Are these her pens?

- and repeat. a What's this?
 - b What are these?
 - c This is a camera. d These are cameras.
 - e This is my shoe. f These are mu shoes.

This, that, these, those

*6 Complete the captions for each picture, using this, that, these, those and a plural or singular noun.



green.



is nice.

bia. bia.



are red and green. nice.



3 . is 7 red. old.

are

1 9.3 Listen to the conversation and write the words on the correct shelf.

apples bread burgers cake chicken mango oranges potatoes oranges

Work in groups, Each person puts two objects on a table. One person chooses an object and says who it belongs to. Is it correct?

This belongs to Harry. No. That belongs to Katy. This belongs to Tom

Yes. That belongs to Tom.

Self-evaluation Rate your progress.			
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Mini-revision Units 8-9

Reading and writing

- 1 Complete the sentences with mu, your, his, her, our and their
 - ▶ He has aot a bike.
 - It's his bike.
 - 1 You have got a guitar. It's quitar.
 - 2 I have got a computer.
 - It's _____ computer.
 - 3 They have got a new car. It's _____ car.
 - 4 She has got two phones. They're _____ phones.
 - 5 We have got a blue sofa. It's ______ sofa.
- 2 Look at the family tree. Read the sentences. Choose the correct answers.



Hi.Mu/Your / Its name is Ed, and this is 1my / his / your brother, Dave. We've got a nice familu.

That is 2uour / our / her mum, 3His / Her / Its name is Helen

That's 4your / our / his dad. 5His / Her / Our name is Martin.

Those are 'your / our / their grandparents. 7Their / His / Its names are Iris and Ernie

Listenina



Speaking

This is my mum. Her name is ...

4 Find a picture of your family. Describe your family to your partner.

mum dad brother sister grandparents

Countable and uncountable nouns; some and anu

I can recognize and use countable and uncountable nouns, some and any.

Countable and uncountable nouns

We can count countable nouns. one ruler five pens

They have singular and plural

forms. ruler

hook

We can use a or an with the singular form.

a book an egg We can't count uncountable nouns.

homework one homework rice two rices

They only have a singular form. They don't have a plural form. water waters moneu moneus

We don't use a or an with uncountable nouns.

e rice

ee information

Strawberries, a banana and some yoghurt. Yum!



*1 Can you count the objects? Circle yes or no.

rulers

hooks



1 rain yes (no



5 pasta ues / no



9 homework yes/no



2 pencils ues / no

3 water yes / no



yes / no 7 books





10 apples



yes / no

11 bread yes / no





ues / no

2 Are the words countable or uncountable? Write them in the correct column.



Countable	Uncountable
elephant	





elephant

horse

honeu









bread

burger



dog





cat 11.1 Write a, an or -. Listen and check.

- ▶ <u>a</u> bag
 - bread 1 ___ rain
 - 2 ___ elephant
 - 3 ___ pencil
 - 4 ___ horse
 - 5 ___ music 6 water
 - 7 ___ phone
 - 8 ___ homework

 - 9 ___ apple 10 ___ fruit juice



Work in pairs. Mime a word below for uour partner to guess. They must use a. an or no article.

bag bread dog elephant homework horse music pasta phone rain







- 5 Can these words be plural? Write yes or no.
 - ▶ fruit juices no 4 musics _____
 - 5 burgers _____
 - ► horses yes 1 milks _____ 6 pastas _____
 - 2 monkeus _____ 7 breads _____ 3 baas _____ 8 cats _____
- 56 Countable and uncountable nouns: some and anu

Some and any

We use a or an with singular countable nouns.

a/an

Singular countable I've got an apple. He's got a pencil.

We use some and any with plural countable nouns and uncountable nouns.

We use some in affirmative statements.

I've got some apples. He's got some bread.

We use anu in negatives and questions.

We haven't got anu milk. Have you got any pencils? some and anu I've got some apples.

> He hasn't got any pencils. Have you got any pencils?

I've got some bread. He hasn't got any Uncountable

homework. Have you got any milk?

\$\frac{1}{2}\$ 11.2 Write the food words with a, an or some. Listen and check.



tomatoes salad cake cheese strawherries crisps pineapple lemonade sugar

> carrots mango iuice egg

Sue has got ...

some tomatoes some salad

a cake



Plural

countable

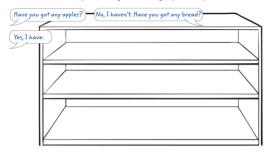
11.3 Write the food and drinks you hear in the correct column

Countable	Uncountable
burgers	

Look at the picture in exercise 6 and the table in exercise 7. Say what Louise hasn't got.

Louise hasn't got any burgers.

9 GMMI Work in pairs. Draw six types of food in the cupboard but don't show your partner. Take turns to ask questions and guess what is in your partner's cupboard.



*10 11.4 Choose the correct words. Then listen and check.

Waiter Can I help you?

Ben I'd likea/ some burger.

Waiter With 'a / some cheese?

Ben Yes, please.

Waiter OK. And ²a / some chips?

Ben No, thanks. Have you got ³a / any

lemonade?

Waiter No, but we've got some water / waters.

Ben OK, 5A / Some water, please.

11 Circle the correct word.

► Have you got any (fruit juice)/ fruit juices?

- 1 She hasn't got any / a bread.
 - 2 I haven't got pencil / a pencil.
 - 3 Pasta is / Pastas are Italian.
 - 4 I've got some / a music on my computer.
 - 5 They've got a cat / cat.
 - 6 We've got some / a books.
 - 7 Tom has got some milk / milks.
 - 8 Have you got any phone / bread?

‡12

Write sentences about your family with have got and the words in the box. Use a. an. some or any.

books bread cat cheese elephant computer lemonade music strawberries

We've got a ...
We've got some ...

Se	lf-evaluati	on Rate yo	ur progress.
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Mini-revision Units 10-11

Reading and writing

- Choose the correct word.
 - I'm Dave. This watch belongs to I /me/ my. 1 You're Ann, That car belongs to you / your / vours.
 - 2 He's Bill. Those shoes belong to he / him / his.
 - 3 She's Kim. These books belong to her/hers/she
 - 4 We're Sue and Pat. This cat belongs to our/we/us
 - 5 Theu're Ben and Alex, That computer belongs to they / them / their.
- Write a. an. some or anu.
 - ▶ I've got _a __mango.
 - ▶ We've got some bread.
 - 1 He's got ____ apple.
 - 2 Have you got _____ water?
 - 3 Theu haven't got _____ car.
 - 4 Sue has got computers.
 - 5 We haven't got _____ cheese.

Listening

3 R6.1 Sam is talking about his and his brother's bedroom. Listen and write the objects in the correct column.

> books bookcase clock quitar radio computer

Sam's	His brother's	

R6.2 Look at the pictures. Listen and write the correct number.













Speaking

5 Look at the picture. Say the food John has got. Remember to use a/an or plurals, where necessary.



apple bread egg tomato pasta burger milk crisp juice mango

John's got an egg. He's got ...

Revision 3 Units 8-11

Reading and writing

1 Complete the table.

I	me	my	
you		your	
he	him		
she			hers
it	it		
we		our	
you			
they			theirs

2	Complete	the	sentences	with a	possessive	form.
---	----------	-----	-----------	--------	------------	-------

- ► Ben has got a dog.
 - That is Ben's dog.
- The teachers have got a computer. That is the _____ computer.
- 2 Lucu has aot a auitar.
- That is _____ quitar.
- 3 Sam and Kim have got a car. That is _____ car.
- 4 The woman has got a jacket.
- That is the _____ jacket. 5 The children have got a new teacher.
- That is the new teacher. 3 Look at the bold words. Put a tick in the correct
- hov
- ► Tony's shoes
 - his her their
- 1 Tony and Sue's house
 - his her their
- 2 Mary's car
 - his her their
- 3 Paul's phone
- his her their
- 4 Anna's iegns
 - his her their

4 Look at the picture and complete the text with words from the hov



carrot lemons pineapple fruit juice apple milk

They've got two carrots but they haven't got an 1_____. They've got 2_____ but they haven't got 3______. Theu've got a 4_____ and three 5_____.

5 Complete the sentences.

- ► That's mu jacket. It belongs to me
 - ▶ This is her ____ bag. It's hers.
 - This is your shirt. It belongs to ______.
 - 2 That is ... car. It's theirs.
- 3 These are our bikes. They belong to
- 4 Those are ______ shoes. They're his.
- 5 This is her hat. It belongs to _____.
- 6 Choose the correct option.
 - ▶ Is these /that/ those your school?
 - They / Their / Theirs teachers are very good.
 - 2 We've got bread / a bread / two breads.
 - 3 That / This / Those are Jack's shoes.
 - 4 Those pens are my / mine / mines.
- 5 My dads / dad's / dads' shoes are very big.

Listening

7 R7.1 Listen and draw lines.



Speaking



R7.2 Listen to the conversation.

Write the missing words.

Teacher Is this pencil yours? Emma No, it isn't, Mu pencil is uellow, 1_

is Daisu's.

Teacher OK. Is this ruler Daisy's, too? Emma Yes, that's 2

Teacher And these books? Emma 3_____ are mu books.

Teacher OK, So, is this 4_____pencil? It's

uellow.

Emma Yes. That's 5_____. Thanks.

Describe what you can see in your classroom.

There are some desks and some students. There are some posters and some books. There aren't any animals or cars.

Present continuous

Present continuous: affirmative



We use the present continuous to talk about things that are happening now or ground now. We're watching TV at the moment.

To form the present continuous, we use the present simple form of the verb be + -ing form.

I am eating we are eatina I'm eatina we're eating

Full form	Short form
I am eating	I'm eating
you are eating	you're eating
he is eating she is eating it is eating	he's eating she's eating it's eating
we are eating	we're eating
you are eating	you're eating
they are eating	they're eating

Spelling rules for -ing forms

- p			
most verbs	→	+ -ing	
eat		eat ing	
read		readi ng	
consonant + -e	→	e+-ing	
write		writing	
ride		rid ing	
one vowel + one consonant	→	double consone + -ing	ant
st op		stopp ing	
sit		sitt ing	
-y	→	+ -ing	
pla y		play ing	

*1 Write the verbs in the correct column.

most varhe

buy do drink drive
eat finish get have
listen make live
meet play rain read
ride sing sit stop
study swim watch

IIIOSC VEIDS	consonant + -e	one consonant	-9
do			

	rite the -ing form of the verbs.
	watch
	eat
	play
4	drive
5	swim
6	drink
7	have
8	sit
9	read
10	do
11	get
12	make
13	study
14	listen
	omplete the sentences with the
CC	orrect full form of be.
J	Weare reading our book

10	do
11	get
12	make
13	study
14	listen
	omplete the sentences with the rrect full form of <i>be</i> .
y •	We <u>are</u> reading our books.
1	She studying maths.
2	They having breakfast.
3	I drinking lemonade.
4	It raining at the moment.
5	You sitting in my chair.
6	He listening to music.
7	My sister doing her homework.
8	Her children making dinner.
9	John and I playing football.
10	Helen going to London.

		with the short forms of be. Listen again ar repeat the sentences.		
	•	She's	_eating.	

 coming. 2 ______ watching a film. 3 ______ reading.

4 _____ having breakfast. 5 _____ going to school.

6 ______ relaxing.

7 _____ raining. 8 _____ playing tennis.

9 _____ doing my homework.

10 _____ writing an email.

5 Look at the picture and read Isabel's blog. Complete the text with the present continuous forms of the verbs. Use short forms.

> drink eat have listen play rain read sit talk write



You are on holiday with your family. Write a blog like Isabel's.

drink eat listen play read sit swim talk write

Hi everyone. We're on holiday in Spain.
The weather is good today. We're at
the beach.
I
My brother/sister
My mum
My dad
My grandparents
We're having a great time.

See uou soon.

Present continuous: negative

Full form	Short form
I am not eating	I'm not eating
you are not eating	you aren't eating
he is not eating she is not eating it is not eating	he isn't eating she isn't eating it isn't eating
we are not eating	we aren't eating
you are not eating	you aren't eating
they are not eating	they aren't eating

*7 Circle the correct option. Then write an affirmative sentence using the word in brackets

- We isn't /(aren't)having breakfast. (lunch) We're having lunch.
- She isn't / gren't plauing tennis, (netball)
- 2 You isn't / aren't going to the beach. (park)
- 3 He isn't / aren't doing his homework. (reading)
- 4 I'm not / I's not watching TV. (listening to music)
- 5 Theu isn't / aren't wearing shoes, (socks)
- 6 The dog isn't / aren't drinking water. (milk)
- 7 Frank and Carla isn't / aren't eating the chicken (rice)
- 8 Emilu isn't / aren't reading that book. (sleeping)

Write negative sentences with the short form of the present continuous.

- ► Theu / not talk
- They aren't talking. She / not drink fruit juice
- 2 I / not have dinner
- 3 You / not wear a jacket
- 4 He / not plau the piano
- 5 Maru and Julia / not get up
- 6 Theo and I / not sit in the garden
 - 7 It / not rain
- 8 You / not make dinner

13.2 Look at the picture and listen. Are the sentences true or false? Write affirmative or negative sentences.





► True. The sun is shining	_
False. Polly isn't wearing a white	skirt.
1 Polly	
2 Her sister	

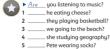
- 3 _____. Her brothers _____ 4 Her dad
- 5 _____. Her dad __
- 6 _____. Her mum ___ 7 _____. Her grandparents _____
- 8 _____. Her grandparents _____

Present continuous: questions and short answers

Questions
Am I eating?
Are you eating?
Is he eating? Is she eating? Is it eating?
Are we eating?
Are you eating?
Are they eating?

Are they eating?	
Short answers	
Yes, I am.	No, I'm not.
Yes, you are.	No, you aren't.
Yes, he is. Yes, she is. Yes, it is.	No, he isn't. No, she isn't. No, it isn't.
Yes, we are.	No, we aren't.
Yes, you are.	No, you aren't.
Yes, theu are.	No, they aren't.

*10 Complete the sentences with Am, Is or Are.



6 _____ you writing an email? 7 _____ I drinking your coffee? 8 _____ the train going to London? 9 _____ Iris and Carrie doing their homework?

10 _____ your mum making dinner? 11 _____ I doing a good job? 12 _____ the teacher making a test for us?

13 _____ we speaking loudly?

14 _____ uou waiting for the bus?

11 Complete the questions with the verbs in brackets, then look at the pictures and write short answers.



► Is s	he doing	her homework?	(she/do
Yes	she is.		

1 _____football? (theu/plau) 2 _____ a film? (he/watch)

on the beach? (Julia/sit)

_____ dinner? (Mum and Dad/make)

? (it/rain)

12 GAME) Work in pairs. Mime an action. Your partner asks questions to quess.





#13 Look at the picture of students on a school trip. Write questions and answers.



10 Jack / watch TV? / draw picture

11 it / raining? / sunnu

table tennis

4 Toby / do his homework? / watch video clips

5 Dave and Frank / clean the table? / plau

14	13.3	Helen and Tom are talking about the
	picture.	Complete the sentences. Listen and
((c)	check.	

Helen Look at this photo. What is Dad doing? Tom Helen _____1 cleaning the table.

Tom Of course! And what 2 uou and Sue doing?

Helen _____3 plauing football.

______ the dog playing football too? Helen No, it _____5. ____6 running after the

cat. I think Mum ______ 7 drinking coffee. Tom Helen Yes, and she ______* reading the news.

Tom Oh. OK. And what ______9 Grandpa doina?

Helen ______10 sleeping.

\$15 GAME Work in pairs. Study the picture for one minute. Then close your book and tell your partner about the people in the picture.

Aman is reading.

What is he wearing?

He's wearing a brown shirt and blue trousers.





_					
Self-evaluation Rate your progress.					
	•	99	000		
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Reading and writing

	9		
	Write the	e present simple form of the verbs in	
- 1	He <u>rea</u>	books. (read)	
1	She	basketball. (play)	
		to my school. (go)	
3	She	TV. (watch)	
4	John_	dinner at 6 o'clock. (have)	
		French. (study)	
6	I	my dinner at 7 o'clock. (eat)	
7	You	your homework at your desk.	
	(do)		
		in a small house. (live)	
9	Mum c	and Dad happy with your	
		results. (be)	
10	She	to music on her MP3 player.	
	(listen)		
2 (hoose t	he correct word.	
j	He doe	esn't) don't like tomatoes.	
1	Does / Do you watch TV?		
2	We doesn't / don't live in London.		
3	Does /	Do you play tennis?	
4	Lucy d	oesn't / don't eat fish.	
5	Does /	Do they study maths?	
6	I does	n't / don't get up early.	
3 \	Vrite the	e-ing forms.	
1	eat	eating	
1	stop		
2	have		
3	do		
4	read		
5	swim		
6	make		
7	go		
	live		
	write		
) play		
11	sit		

4	Choose	the	correct	word.
---	--------	-----	---------	-------

•		_ am re	ading a book.
	I 🗸	You 🗌	We 🗌
1		_ is hav	ing dinner.
	$I \square$	She 🗌	They 🗌
2	Are_	SW	vimming?
	$I \square$	he 🗌	they 🗌
3		_ aren't	listening to me.
	Ι	You 🗌	She 🗌
4	Is	wat	ching TV?
	you [he	they 🗌
5		_'m not	sleeping.
	\Box	She	We□

Listening

5 R8.1 Listen. What are the people doing? Write the correct letter (a-a).



•	Kim's family <u>c</u>	
1	Kim and	
2	Kim's brothers	

- 3 Kim's dad ____ 4 Kim's mum ____ 5 Kim___
- a drinking lemonade b eating pineapple
- c having a picnic
- d listening to music
- e playing football f working on his laptop
- q sitting on the grass

Speaking

6 R8.2 Listen and answer the questions







12 sing

I can recognize and use there's and there are.

There's, there are, there isn't, there aren't



We use there's (there is) and there are to sau that something exists.

There's a dog in the garden. There are three potatoes on the table. We often use a/an, some or any after there's/there are. There's a book on the desk.

There are some apples. There isn't anu bread.

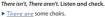
Affirmative

	Full form	Short form
Singular	there is	there's
Plural	there are	

Negative			
	Full form	Short form	
Singular	there is not	there isn't	
Plural	there are not	there aren't	



- ▶ There's/ There isn't a sofa.
- 1 There's / There isn't a desk.
- 2 There are / There aren't some flowers.
- 3 There's / There isn't a guitar.
- 4 There are / There aren't any books.
- 5 There's / There isn't a phone.
- 6 There are / There aren't two mirrors. 7 There are / There aren't some tous.
- 8 There's / There isn't a ball
- \$2 0 16.1 Look at the picture in exercise 1 and complete the sentences with There's, There are,



- 1 _____ a table. 2 ______ a baa.
- 3 _____ any children.
- 4 _____ a lamp. _____two windows.
- 6 _____ any shoes. 7 _____ a cupboard.
- 8 ______ a computer.

Work in pairs. Memory game. Say a sentence about the picture in exercise 1. Your partner saus if it is tr

exercise 1. Your partner says if it is true or false.

There's a dog.

False. There isn't a dog.

There are six chairs. (True. There are six chairs.

4 0 16.2 Listen and complete the chart with ticks ✓ or crosses X.

bed	1
wardrobe	
chairs	
desk	
table	
clocks	
mirror	
pictures	
cupboard	
book	
toy	
computer	
television	

\$5 0 16.3 Complete the text about Ann's room with there's, there isn't, there are or there aren't. Listen and check.

In my room, there's a bed, and 1
a wardrobe for my clothes.
2 any chairs and 3 a desk,
but 4a small table. 5two
clocks (on the table and on the wall).
On the wall, 6a mirror and
7some pictures. There are some
other things in my room. 8a
cupboard and 9some books and
toys in it. But 10a computer and
11a television.
11a television.

Look at the description in exercise 5, then write about your bedroom.

In my room, there's a bed.

3 3 3 3 3 3

Complete the sentences with There's, There are, or There aren't.

- ► <u>There are</u> three teachers in the room.
- a ruler in my bag.
- 2 _____ two books on the desk.
- 3 _____ a phone on the sofa.
- 4 _____ some televisions in my school.
 5 ____ any pictures in the classroom.
- 6 _____ a computer in the kitchen.
- 7 _____ a camera on the table.
- 8 _____ any elephants in America.

58 Circle the correct option.

- ▶ It's / There's a pen on the desk.
- 1 They're / There are twelve years old.
- 2 It isn't / There isn't a clock in this room.
- 3 They're / There are thirty people in my class.
- 4 They aren't / There aren't any tigers in Africa.
- 5 It's / There's raining today.
- 6 It's / There's a phone on the desk.
- 7 It isn't / There isn't the train for Manchester. It's the train for London.
- 8 Tommy and Jack aren't British. They're / There are American.

Is there ...?. Are there ...? and short answers

questions			
Singular	Is there?		
Plural	Are there?		
Short answers			
Singular	Yes, there is.	No, there isn't.	
Plural	Yes, there are.	No, there aren't.	

Look at the picture. Circle the question word and write the short answer.



- Is /(Are)there any books? Yes there are
- 1 Is / Are there a phone? _____, there _____
- 2 Is / Are there a banana? _____, there _____.
- 3 Is / Are there any pencils? _____, there _____.
- 4 Is / Are there a ruler? _____, there _____.
- 5 Is / Are there any apples?
 - _____, there _____.

10 Complete the questions with Is there or Are there. ► <u>Are there</u> any computers in your school?

- 1 ______ a desk in your bedroom? 2 _____ anu flowers in your classroom? 3 ______ a phone in your bag? 4 any books in your bedroom? 5 _____ any televisions in your school? 6 _____ a sofa in your house? 7 _____ any pictures in your bedroom? 8 ______ a pencil in your bag? 9 _____ any spiders in your house?

10 _____ a mirror in your classroom? Work in pairs. Ask and answer the questions in exercise 10. Use short answers

Are there any computers in your school? Yes, there are.

12 Read the answers and complete the auestions.

- Is there a shirt in the wardrobe?
- Yes. There's a shirt in the wardrobe. 1 ______ in your bedroom?
- No. There isn't a computer in my bedroom.
- 2 _____ at her school?
- No. There aren't any bous at her school. 3 ______ in the cupboard?
- Yes. There are shoes in the cupboard.
- 4 on the bed?
- Yes. There's a spider on the bed.
- 5 _____ on the table? No. There aren't anu flowers on the table.
- 6 ______ in her room?
- Yes. There's a sofa in her room. 7 ______ in that bag?
- No. There isn't an apple in that bag.
- 8 ______ in the football team?
- Yes. There are airls in the football team. 9 ______ in their class?
- Yes, There's a new teacher in their class.
- 10 ______ in Antarctica? No. There aren't any lions in Antarctica.

\$13 16.4 Listen and tick the correct picture. **The correct picture** 1. **









14 0 16.5 Read and complete the dialogue with the correct forms of there is, there are. Then listen and check.



Is your house nice?

It's OK. There are three bedrooms: my room, my parents' room and my sister's room.

two bathrooms?

... We've got one bathroom, but it's big and new.

And downstairs?

three rooms downstairs

_ a living room, 5__ a small dining room and 6.

kitchen.

a garden?

.. But it's small. There are some flowers but 9_ any trees.

Work in pairs, Read exercise 14 and talk about your house, then ask your partner.

Is your house nice?

It's OK. There are two bedrooms: my room and my parents' room.

\$16 Circle the mistakes and correct the sentences.

► There's six chairs.

There are six chairs.

1 Are trees in your garden? _____ trees in your garden?

2 They are five apples on the table. five apples on the table.

3 Isn't a table in the kitchen

a table in the kitchen.

4 There some pens on the desk. _____ some pens on the desk.

5 It isn't a television in my bedroom.

a television in my bedroom.

6 There's a spider on the sofa?

a spider on the sofa?

7 'Are there two guitars?' 'No, there isn't.' 'Are there two guitars?' 'No, __

8 There's children in the park.

____ children in the park. 9 There any flowers on the table?

_ anu flowers on the table?

10 'Is there a phone in the bag?' 'No, it isn't.' Is there a phone in the baa?' 'No. Work in pairs. Ask and answer questions to find six differences between the pictures.







\$18 GAME Work in pairs. Look at the pictures in exercise 17 for 60 seconds, then close your book. Ask and answer questions to test your partner's memory.

Is there a clock in picture 1?

Yes, there is.

Are there any shoes in picture 2?

Yes, there are.

Self-evaluation

Se	ii-evaiuati	On Kate yo	ur progress.
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I can recognize and use can for ability, permission and requests.

Can for abilitu



We use can + base form to talk about ability. I can sing. Dan can't play the quitar.

Affirmative

I/you/he/she/it/we/you/they can swim.

Negative

Full form I/you/he/she/it/we/you/they cannot swim. Short form

I/you/he/she/it/we/you/they can't swim.

.. but he can swim! BIRDMAN OMPETITION

Ouestions Can

I/you he/she/it	swim?
we / you / they	

Short answers

Yes,	I / you he / she / it we / you / they	can.
No,	I/ you he / she / it we / you / they	can't.

*1 Complete the sentences with can or can't.

- ► You can't drive a car. X Theu _____ plau basketball. ✓
- 2 Oscar _____ swim, X
 - 3 We _____ play the piano. ✓
- 4 He draw an elephant. X
- 5 I _____ make nice cakes. ✓
- 6 Those children ______ speak Spanish. X
- 7 Spiders ______fly. X
- 8 Leo and Pete ______ take good photos. ✓

Write sentences about uourself with

- can or can't. Use the verbs from exercise 1.
- ▶ I can't drive a car. 1 ______basketball.
- 2 _____ swim.
- 3 ______ the piano. 4 ______ an elephant.
- 5 _____ nice cakes.
- 6 ______ Spanish. 7 ______flu.
- 8 _____ good photos.

*3 10 1 Write the words in order to make 5 Look at the pictures. Write questions and short questions, then listen and check. answers. they / can / play tennis Can they play tennis? 1 she / can / dance 2 sing/uou/can 3 your parents / can / swim 4 play the piano / Ronny / can throw the igvelin 5 can / do this homework / uou 6 can / draw a horse / he 7 make a cake / your dad / can 8 can / Emilu's brother / ride a bike 9 you/can/speak English 1 do gumnastics 4 jump high \$4 \infty 19.2 Listen and tick the sentences you hear. Then practise saying the sentences. I can throw the javelin. I can't throw the javelin. 1 We can do gymnastics. We can't do aumnastics. 2 She can run fast 5 swim well 2 run fast She can't run fast. ► Can he throw the javelin? 3 He can dive. No. he can't. He can't dive. 4 You can jump high. You can't jump high. 5 She can swim well. She can't swim well

A can't sing. B can paint. C can't plau the piano. A can flu a plane.

C can sing. D can't fly a plane. B can sing. C can't paint. D can plau the piano.

 GAME Logic test. Read the sentences below and look at the pictures. What are the names of A, B, C and D?







Toby ✓ Jenny X Rosy ✓ John X



Toby X Jenny ✓ Rosy X John ✓

speak Spanish.

Toby ✓ Jenny X Rosy X John ✓

* 7 19.3 Listen and match each person with



Henru Oscar Carrie Emma Jess Mike

Sport	Person	
run 100m		
do the high jump		
throw the javelin		
do gymnastics		
swim	Henry	
dive		

Work in pairs. What can your partner do? Ask and answer questions. Do the activities, if you can.

count to 20 in English draw a mouse stand on one lea add fifteen and seventeen (in English) whistle a song spell your name in English

Can you count to 20 in English?

Write sentences about your friends and family. Use can and can't, and the words in the table.

ب		
ڡ		
ف		
ڡ		
ڡ		
ڡ		
ڡ		

My brother can sing well, but he can't

Can for permission

We can use can to ask for and give permission. Can I phone my dad? Yes, you can. Can I watch this film?

You can have chips. No, you can't. You can't listen to music here.

*10 Look at the pictures and write questions with Can I or Can we





have a burger



1 use your phone 4 play football





2 take photos



*11 Write short answers for the questions in exercise 10. Use can or can't.

- ► No, you can't . 1 Yes, _______. 2 No, ______ 3 Yes. ______ 4 No, ______ 5 Yes.
- 12 19.4 Sam is learning about his new school.
 - Listen and choose the correct options.
 - Sam can /can't)wear jeans at school.
 - He can / can't use his phone at school. 2 He can / can't go to the shops at lunchtime.
 - 3 He can / can't have a sandwich for lunch.
 - 4 He can / can't play in a band.
- 5 He can / can't ride his bike to school. Write sentences about what you can and can't do at your school.

use your phone listen to music talk in class wear jeans plau basketball eat chips use computers

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<	و

۰	You can
ف	You can't
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Can for requests

We use Can you...? to make requests (ask for things). It is more polite than the imperative. Can you open the window? Open the window. Can you help me? Help me.

*14 Look at the pictures and write requests with Can you...?





close the door

3 pass the water





1 clean my shoes

4 buy me a phone





- 5 make some coffee

\$15 Rewrite the sentences with Can you?

Close the door.



Can you close the door? 1 Phone mu mum.



2 Take a photo.

And 4 Fd

Dad No. 5

3 Find mu shoes.

4 Help me.

116 19.5 Listen to the conversation and complete the sentences.

Ded Westerned C. T.

drive us to the cinema?

6 _____ take the bus

·u	Dud, I III bi	orea. Can I	_ play tennis:
Dad	Tennis? 1	pla	y tennis. It's raining
d	2	phone Tom	then?
Dad	Yes, of cou	rse.	
d	3	go to the ci	nema?
Dad	OK.		

or walk! Self-evaluation Rate your progress.

	•	9 9	999
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10 11			
11			

Reading and writing

1 Look at the table and choose the correct option.

	Lucy	Tom
make a cake	1	X
speak Chinese	X	1
play the piano	1	1

- Lucy can / can't make a cake.
- 1 Tom can / can't speak Chinese.
- 2 Lucy can / can't play the piano.
- 3 Tom can / can't make a cake.
- 4 Lucu can / can't speak Chinese. 5 They can / can't play the piano.

2

C	orrect the mistakes.	
•	Hecanssing well.	
	He can sing	well.
1	I can to play the piano.	
		the piano.
2	Do you can open the window	v?
		the window?
3	You don't can sit there.	
		_there.
4	He can paints pictures.	
		_ pictures.
5	Can I to go to the cinema?	

6 Helen can't not speak English.

English.

7 I can to run fast. fast.

8 Can to you help me?

me?

Listening

3 ○R12.1 Listen and tick ✓ the correct picture.













Speaking

to the cinema?

4 R12.2 Listen and answer the questions.





Prepositions of place

I can recognize and use prepositions of place

We use in, on, under and behind to talk about places.





in the car

on the car





under the car

behind the car

In

We use in to say something is inside a limited space or area.

in a box in a cupboard
in the dining room in the park
in London in Russia

On + a surface on the table on a chair on the floor, on the beach

On + public transport

I'm on the train. We're on the bus.

BUT I'm in the car. (NOT I'm on the car.)

On + technology What's on television? My homework is on the computer.

Under Put your

Put your bag under the desk, please.

Behind

I can't see the eggs. They're behind the bread.

*1 Where's the racket? Match 1–4 with a–d.









- 1 It's behind the bag. <u>c</u>
- 2 It's in the bag. ____ 3 It's on the bag. ____
- 4 It's under the bag.
- 2 Put the words in the correct column.

a box the bus Egypt the floor the internet the kitchen Moscow the bedroom a table television

In	On	
the bedroom		





▶ There are four people _	in	the park.
1 There is a ball	F	Rosy's foot.
2 There are two apples the table.		

- 3 Ryan is standing _____ the tree.
- 4 Ted and Jenny are sitting _____ chairs
- 5 Jenny has got a book _____ her bag.
- 6 The birds are _____ the table.
- 7 Tobu's bike is ______ Jane's car.
- 8 Ted is listening to music ______ his phone. 9 There are four people —
- the bus. 10 There is a tree ______ the park.

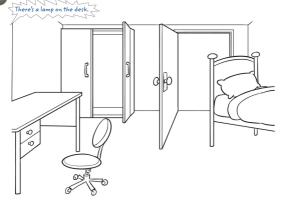


- ▶ I like the photo in /on the wall.
- 1 They live in / on China. 2 There's a spider in / on the kitchen.
- 3 It's raining, Stand under / behind the umbrella.
- 4 There's water in / on the floor.
- 5 We're in / on the car. We're driving to the beach.
- 6 Jack is running fast, and Sam is under / behind him.
- 7 Put the milk in / on the fridge.
- 8 Look! Pollu and Beth are in / on the bus.
- 9 Can you swim under / behind water?
- 10 What's in / on television?



\$5 \Quad 24.2 Listen to the description, then draw the objects in the correct place.

bag cat clock lamp mouse shoes shirt socks tennis racket



\$6 GAME Work in pairs. Ask and answer questions to find the objects. Student A Turn to page 133.

Student B Turn to page 136.

Write sentences about your bedroom. using behind, in, on and under. Some are true and some are false. Show them to your partner. Your partner guesses which are false.

11111 In my bedroom

There's a television on the desk.

There are jeans on the floor.

Where is the book?

It's in the wardrobe.

Self-evaluation Rate your progress. 3 5 6

Prepositions of time

at the weekend



At

We use at with clock times.

at six o'clock at 7.30 p.m.

We also use at in these phrases. at night

at the moment

In

We use in with parts of the day (except night).

in the morning in the evening in the afternoon in the night (at night)

We also use in with months, seasons, and years. in June in 2012 in summer

On

We use on with days of the week. on Saturday on Tuesday

We also on with dates.

on 13th Tune on 24th September

*1 Circle the correct option.

▶at) in four o'clock 7 in / on 2002 1 in / on the morning 8 at / on Fridays

9 at / in the weekend 2 at / on Thursday 3 at / in the moment

10 in / on the evening 4 in / on 17th March 11 at / on night

5 at / on 11.30 a.m. 6 at / in the afternoon

12 at / in September 13 in / on Mondays

2 0 25.1 Listen and complete Tanya's timetable.



 $7 \times 3 = 21$ maths





	Morning	Afternoon
Monday	English history science	maths
Tuesday	ICT science	English
Wednesday	science French	history
Thursday	ICT maths	PE
Friday	French maths	English

23 Complete the sentences with the correct preposition.

- I have French in the morning on Wednesdaus.
- Mondaus, I have English and PE the afternoon
- Tuesdaus, I have French, maths and science _____ the morning
- I have ICT _____ the afternoon Wednesdaus.
- 4 I have maths _____ the morning Thursdaus.
- Fridgus, I have maths, French and art the morning.
- 6 I have ICT _____ the morning _ Mondays and Tuesdays.
- I have English _____ the morning _ Wednesdaus and Fridaus, and afternoon Wednesdaus.
 - Fridaus, I have art, maths and ICT the morning and French and science _____ the afternoon.
- Work with a partner, Ask and answer auestions about your school timetables.

When do you have art?

On Tuesdays, in the morning.

Write about two subjects. Show your partner. Can your partner guess the subjects?

- I have it on Tuesdays in the morning. and on Thursdays in the afternoon.
- I like it.

Is it PE? Yes, it is. at the weekend. Write time phrases with at or in.





seven o'cloc













*7 Complete the text about Max's Saturdaus.

At weekends, Max aets up 1 8,30a,m, 2 the morning. he goes to the sports centre and plaus basketball. Then he goes home and has lunch 3 one o'clock

4_____ the afternoon, he meets friends and plaus computer games.

5_____ the evening, after dinner, he reads a book and watches TV. Then he goes to bed 6_____ about nine o'clock.



±8	
*	1

Write about your weekend. Use time expressions with on, at and in.

 On Saturdays, I get up at about eight o'clock. In the morning, I play football.

Complete the sentences with at, in, or on.

- ▶ Let's meet at 7 o'clock.
- 1 Do you watch TV _____ the morning?
- 2 Can I go to Heidi's house Saturday?
- 3 We don't go to school _____ summer.
- 4 What would you like to do _____ the weekend?
- 5 Mu birthdau is ______ 23rd October.
- 6 Are you doing anything _____ the moment?
- 7 I like playing hockey _____ winter. 9 Is the supermarket open _____ Sundaus?
- 10 I'd like to travel to the moon 2030.

Mork in pairs:

Student A: Ask questions about Andy. Student B: Answer using the information on page 134.

What does Andy do in the afternoon on Tuesdays?

He plays computer games.

	Tuesdays	
get up		
morning		
have lunch		
afternoon	play computer games	
have dinner		
evening		
go to bed		

11 aug

Work in pairs. Student B: Ask questions about Millu.

Student A: Answer using information on page 132.

When does she have lunch on Saturdays?

She has lunch at 4 o'clock on Saturdays.

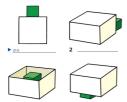
	Tuesdays	
get up		
morning		
afternoon		
have dinner		
evening	practise piano	
go to bed		

Self-evaluation Rate your progress.				
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Revision 9 Units 24–25

Reading and writing

1 Look and write the correct preposition.



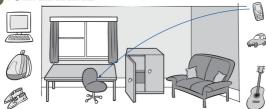
- 2 Choose the correct preposition.
 - ► Suzy is ____ the kitchen. at | in / on |
 - 1 We normally have dinner ____ 7 o'clock. at \[\] in \[\] on \[\]
 - 2 Theu live ___ Australia. at [in [on [

at [in [on [

- 3 We start school ____ 4th September.
- at | in | on | 4 What is she doing ___ the moment?
 - at \(\begin{array}{c} \text{in} \(\begin{array}{c} \text{on} \\ \end{array} \end{array} 5 There's a good film ____ television.

Listening

3 R15.1 Listen and draw lines.



Speaking

R15.2 Listen and answer the questions. Use prepositions.

When do you have art lessons?

On Thursdays, in the morning.

Revision 10 All units

Reading and writing

Circle the correct answer.



- ► The children is /are tall.
 - 1 The boy is playing / plays basketball now.
 - 2 The girl has / hasn't got long hair.
 - 3 There's a / some tree.
 - 4 The dog is under / behind the window.
 - 5 The boys' / boy's shoes are blue.
- Write the correct forms of the verbs.

Present simple	Present continuous
he plays	she's playing
he	she's making
he watches	she
he	she's studying
he sits	she's
he	she's having
he eats	she
he	she's going
he works	she
he	she's living

Tick 🗸	the correct	plural	sentence.
--------	-------------	--------	-----------

► There's an apple.

There are some apples.	/
There's some apples.	
There are an apples.	
I am tall	

We is tall.	
We are tall.	
We are talls.	

2 He often watches films.

They often watch films.

They often watches films.

3 That woman is French. Those womans are French. These women is French. Those women are French.

4 She's doing homework now.

They's doing homework now.

They're doing homeworks now.

They're doing homework now.

This is your shoe.	
These are yours shoes.	
Those are your shoes.	
These are your shoes.	

4 Write the correct pronoun.	7 Look at the picture. Complete the sentences
him me mine my	with a, an, two or some.
her our theirs your	
I've got a guitar. It belongs to me	
1 I've got a guitar. It's	
2 I've got a guitar. It's guita	
3 She's got a camera. It belongs to	
4 We've got a house. It's	
5 You've got a sister. She's	
6 He's got a phone. It belongs to	
7 They've got a car. It's	
5 Complete the sentences with the w	vords in 1 There'segg.
the box.	2 There's bread. 3 There are oranges.
and at but in on to	3 There are oranges. 4 There's pineapple.
▶ I'd like a cake and some coffee.	
1 We get up seven o'cloc	
2 Jess plays tennisTueso	daus. 8 Complete the sentences with the present simple
3 I can swim I can't dive	or the present continuous form of the verb in
4 Would you like visit Ch	ina? brackets.
5 They live London.	► Tom is playing football at the moment.
	(play)
6 Change the statements to question	
You are Chinese.	1 They dinner now. (have)
Are you Chinese?	
1 Kate has got blue eyes.	3 She a red jacket today. (wear) 4 I milk every day. (drink)
blue eyes 2 There's a sock on the floor.	5 Anna in the kitchen at the
a sock on	
3 They're making dinner.	
dinner?	9 Make the affirmative sentences negative.
4 Ben eats fish.	Use short forms.
fish?	There's a mouse in my bedroom.
5 You'd like an egg.	<u>There isn't</u> a mouse in my
an egg?	bedroom.
	1 We've got a big house.
	a big house. 2 I'm sixteen.
	z 1m sixteen.
	3 She likes football.
	football.
	4 You can go to the cinema.
	to the cinema.
	5 They're swimming at the moment.

Listening

- - 10 R16.1 Listen. Are the sentences true ✓ or false X?
 - William has got two sisters.
 - 1 Mandy is having dinner. 2 Tommy likes football.
 - 3 Ruan can play the guitar.
 - 4 Oscar and Jennu would like coffee. 5 There's some bread.

11 R16.2 Listen and choose correct picture.



Speaking

12 R16.3 Listen and answer the questions.

What's your name?

Extra information

Unit 20, student A

Yes/no questions



Work in pairs. Read the text below and answer your partner's ayestions.





Mu penfriend, Tom

He is eleven. He is British. He hasn't got a brother. He can play football. He lives in London. He likes dogs and cars. He would like to be a doctor.

Unit 21, student A

Question words (who, what, where, how)

*15 Ask your partner to spell these words.

watch bread birthday chicken juice





Unit 22, student A Conjunctions: and, but, or

Look at the picture on page 115 for one minute. Ask your partner to close their book. Ask questions about the picture then close your book and answer your partner's questions.

Is there a cat or a dog?

There's a cat but there isn't a dog.

▶ a cat	✓	a dog	X
1 oranges		bananas	
2 a sofa		a desk	

3 a computer a television 4 a iacket a hat

5 books DVDs

Unit 25, student A Prepositions of time

Answer your partner's questions, using the information below.

When does Milly have lunch on Saturdays?

She has lunch at four o'clock on Saturdays.

Milly		
get up	8 a.m.	11 a.m.
morning	go to the gym	go to the shops
have lunch	1 p.m.	4 p.m.
afternoon	practise with her band	practise with her band
have dinner	8 p.m.	11 p.m.
evening	meet friends	play concert
go to bed	11.30 p.m.	2 a.m.

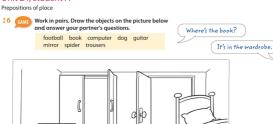
Revision 7, student A

7 Work in pairs. Look at the table and answer your partner's questions.

Name Ben Mason		
Age	13	
City	London	
Phone	07847 562676	
Class	7RJ	
Teacher	Mrs Jones	



Unit 24, student A



Unit 20, student B

Yes/no questions



Work in pairs. Read the text below and answer your partner's questions.



Mu penfriend, Maru

She is twelve. She is Mexican. She has got two sisters. She can speak Spanish and Italian, and she can sing. She lives in Mexico City. She likes swimming.

Unit 21, student B

Question words: who, what, where, how

15 Ask your partner to spell these words.

orange kitchen teacher computer friend

How do you spell 'orange'?

O-R-A-N-G-E.

Unit 22, student B

Conjunctions: and, but, or





Look at the picture on page 115 for one minute. Close your book and answer your partner's questions.

Then ask your partner questions about the picture.

Is there a pineapple or an apple?

> There's a pineapple but there isn't an apple.

a pineapple 🗸	an apple	2
a chair	a table	

2 a baa a ball 3 a phone a camera

> shoes a piano

Unit 25, student B

Prepositions of time

Answer your partner's questions, using the information below.

What does Andy do in the afternoon on Tuesdays?

He plays computer games.

Andy	Tuesdays			
get up	7 a.m.	8 a.m.		
morning	play football	relax		
have lunch	1 p.m.	12.30 p.m.		
afternoon	play computer games	play football		
have dinner	7 p.m.	8 p.m.		
evening	watch TV	meet friends		
go to bed	10.30 p.m.	1 a.m.		

Revision 7, student B

7 Work in pairs. Look at the table and answer your partner's questions.

What is your name!

How old are you?

Name	Kim Thomas
Age	12
City	Oxford
Phone	07527 385195
Class	6EB
Toachor	Mr Mord

Unit 4, student B

Plurals

\$10 Study the picture on page 22 for one minute. Can you remember how many of each object there are?

> baa box child fish alass man mouse nose strawberry woman

Unit 24, student B

Prepositions of place

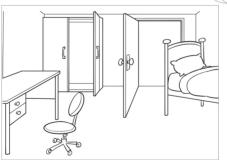


*6 Work in pairs. Ask your partner where each object is and draw them on the picture below.

> football book computer dog guitar mirror spider trousers

Where is the book?

It's in the wardrobe.





Unit 10

Sally

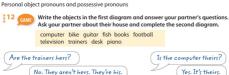
Bill

Bill

Emma

Sally

Emma



Is the computer theirs? Yes. It's theirs. Andy and Paul Andy and Paul

Word list

Word I	Unit		
ctor	6	bike	4
dd (v)	19	bird	3
afternoon	25	birthday	6
ılwaus	14	blog (n)	13
America	12	blonde	23
merican	6	blue	6
ind	22	body	4
ngry	6	book (n)	3
inswer (v)	15	boring	18
ntarctica	16	box (n)	4
ntelope	3	boy	4
ople .	1	bread	9
ople juice	17	breakfast	12
pricot	21	British	6
(prep. of place)	24	brother	8
(prep. of time)	25	brown	7
the moment	14	burger	3
ıstralian	6	bus	1
by	4	but	22
g	4	buy	12
all	8	café	13
anana	3	cake	1
ind (n)	21	camera	7
sketball	12	can	19
ss guitar	20	can't	19
ithroom	16	car	6
(v)	6	 carrot	3
each	4	carry	12
eautiful	6	cat	8
edroom	7	catch (v)	15
ehind	24	chair (n)	13
elong to	9	check (v)	14
icycle	10	cheese	11
ig	6	chef	14
-			

chicken	9	dream (n)	17	
child	4	drink (n)	12	
chips	11	drive (v)	19	
chocolate	12	duck	3	
cinema	15	DVD	9	
city	4	early	20	
clarinet	21	easy	18	
class	4	eat	12	
classical music	12	egg	3	
clean (v)	13	elephant	1	
clock	16	email	13	
close (v)	15	English	12	
coffee	12	enjoy	12	
come	15	Europe	20	
computer	4	evening	25	
computer game	14	every day	14	
cool	20	everything	17	
count (v)	19	expensive	8	
cousin	21	eye	7	
cow	3	face (n)	4	
cupboard	16	fair	7	
dance (v)	12	fantastic	14	
dark	7	fast	17	
day	4	favourite	12	
dentist	14	finish	12	
desk	10	fish	1	
difficult	18	floor (n)	24	
dining room	16	flower	16	
dinner	12	fly	12	
dish	4	fly (v)	14	
dive (v)	19	food	14	
do	12	foot	4	
doctor	6	football	9	
dog	1	football team	16	
door	15	fox	21	
downstairs	16	France	14	
draw (v)	19	French	6	
	.,			

fridge (n)	20	horse	3	
friends	6	hot chocolate	12	
fruit	12	house	1	
fruit juice	11	how	21	
fun	18	I	5	
funnu	6	ice cream	9	
games console	10	ICT	25	
geography	13	in (prep. of place)	24	
get	13	in (prep. of time)	25	
get up	12	Indian	6	
giraffe	3	information	11	
give (v)	15	insect	1	
glass	4	instrument	21	
go (v)	12	interesting	14	
go (v) go for a walk	18	interesting	24	
good	6	it	5	
-	4	its	8	
goose	6	jacket	1	
green	1	,	12	
guitar		jam		
gymnastics	19	javelin	19	
hair	7	jeans	2	
happy	6	juice	11	
hat	2	jump (v)	15	
have	12	key	1	
have got	7	kick (v)	15	
he	5	kitchen	16	
her	8	kite	9	
Here you are.	17	knife	4	
hers	10	Korean	6	
high	19	lamp	1	
him	10	laugh (v)	17	
hippo	9	learn	17	
his	8	legs	8	
history	12	lemonade	11	
hockey	14	lend (v)	19	
holiday	7	 life	4	
homework	11	lion	16	

listen	12	onion	3	
live (v)	12	 open (v)	15	
living room	16	or	22	
long	7	orange	1	
look (v)	15	orang-utan	3	
lorry	4	ostrich	3	
lunch	25	 our	8	
make	13	ours	10	
man	4	page	4	
mango	9	paint (v)	18	
maths	12	pancake	14	
me	10	park (n)	21	
meat	12	party	4	
meet (v)	12	pass (v)	19	
milk	11	pasta	11	
mine	10	PE	25	
mirror	16	 peas	12	
miss (v)	12	pen	3	
money	11	pencil	1	
monkey	4	person	4	
moon	25	phone (n)	4	
morning	25	phone number	2	
mouse	1	photo	4	
music	11	photographer	14	
musical	17	piano	4	
my	8	picture (n)	15	
name (n)	15	pilot	14	
new	7	pineapple	3	
nice	7	place (n)	14	
normally	14	plane (n)	14	
nose	1	play	12	
now	14	pop music	12	
old	6	potato	4	
on (prep. of place)	24	queen	1	
on (prep. of time)	25	question (n)	15	
on Mondays	14	rain	11	
on one leg	19	rare	10	

read (v)	7	song	13	
reality star	17	Spain	7	
red	6	Spanish	6	
relax	12	speak	19	
rice	11	spell (v)	19	
ride	13	spider	16	
room	8	sports centre	25	
rugby	15	stand (v)	15	
ruler	1	star (n)	20	
run (v)	15	station (n)	21	
Russian	6	stop	13	
sad	6	story	4	
salad	11	strawberry	4	
sandwich	4	study	12	
scared	20	sugar	11	
science	25	sunglasses	7	
Scottish	6	supermarket	25	
sea (n)	18	surname	21	
she	5	swim (v)	13	
sheep	4	table	1	
shelf	4	table tennis	13	
shirt	2	take photos	14	
shoes	2	talk	13	
short	7	tall	6	
show (n)	17	tea (n)	22	
sing	12	teach	12	
sing karaoke	17	teacher	6	
singer	6	television	4	
sister	7	tennis	12	
sit	13	tennis racket	24	
skateboard	9	thank you	17	
skirt	2	that	9	
sleep (v)	13	their	8	
small	8	theirs	10	
snake	4	them	10	
socks	2	these	9	
sofa	1	they	5	
			-	

thief	4	where	
thing	10	which	
this	9	whistle (v)	
those	9	white	
throw	19	who	
toast	12	window	
today	6	woman	
tomato	3	world	
tooth	4	would like	
top	2	write	
toy	4	writer	
trainers	2		
travel		you	
	17	your	
tree	8	yours	1
trousers	7	zebra	2
try (v)	18		
T-shirt	7		
tuna	17		
Turkish	6		
TV	12		
umbrella	1		
understand (v)	20		
us	10		
use (v)	19		
van	19		
vegetables	12		
video clip	13		
visit (v)	20		
wardrobe	16		
watch (n)	4		
watch (v)	12		
water (n)	8		
we	5		
wear	13		

13

14

21 _

wear weather

what

weekend

Verb list

he kick buu lauah catch learn check lend clean licton close live count look dance make dive meet do miss draw open drink paint drive play eat rain eniou read finish relax flu rida aet run

get up sing give sit have sleep jump speak

snell stand stop study swim talk teach throw travel tru understand IISA visit watch wear whistle would like

write

