

Photoelastic measurements of differently oriented Lyso samples



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Publications:

Optimization of the photoelastic parameters for the stress evaluation in scintillating anisotropic media P.P. Natali, L. Montalto, F. Davì, N. Paone, D. Rinaldi, L. Scalise

Analysis of stress state in the a-c crystallographic plane of PbWO_4 crystal L. Montalto, P.P. Natali, F. Davì, P. Mengucci, N. Paone, D. Rinaldi

Theoretical and experimental evaluation of piezo-optic parameters and photoelastic constant in Tetragonal PWO F. Davì, P. Mengucci, L. Montalto, P.P. Natali, A. Ciriaco, N. Paone, D. Rinaldi

Non-invasive inspection of anisotropic crystals: innovative Photoelasticity based methods P.P. Natali, L. Montalto, D. Rinaldi, F. Davì, N. Paone, L. Scalise

Lyso samples characteristics

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graph TD; A[Lyso samples characteristics] --> B[Same dimensions]; A --> C[Different lattice orientation]; B --> D[Lattice orientation detection]; C --> E[Timing properties detection];
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Same dimensions

Different lattice orientation

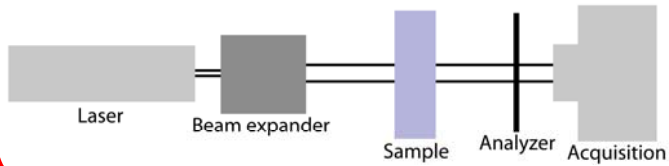
Lattice orientation detection

Timing properties detection

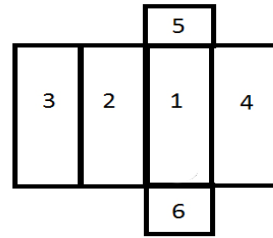
Lattice orientation detection

Calculus of the extinction angles in each face of each sample

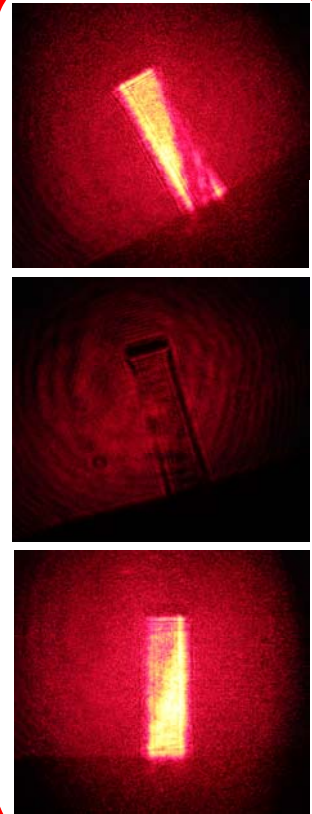
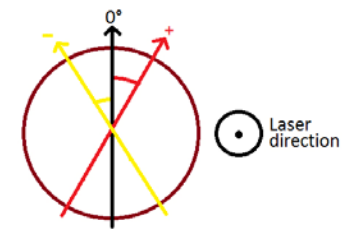
Acquisition system



Faces reference system



Orientation reference

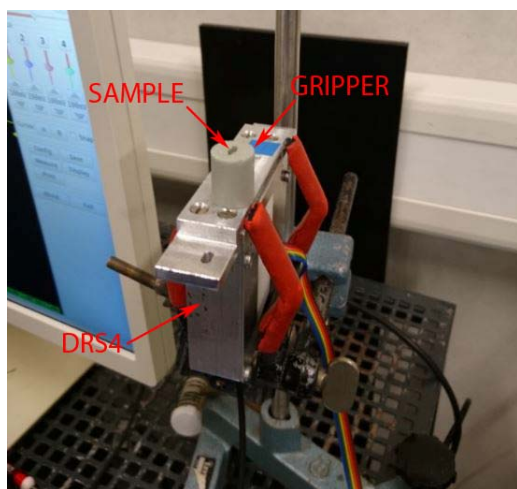


Sample number:

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22
1	45	-14	29	30,5	-15,5	30,5	-14	-15	28	-13	29	29	30	-14	-13,5	31	-11	31	32	35	-18	31
2	-13	-15	-15	31	31,5	-16	-16,5	28	32	34	-16	-15	36	-16	45	-16	-18,5	-14	32	29	-14	33,5
3	29	31	-11,5	-16	26	-12	28,5	35	-10	30	-13,5	-13	-10,5	45	29,5	-13,5	31	-11	-13	-17	33	-11
4	-16	18	34	-11,5	-15	32	31	-13	-16,5	-17,5	33	34	-16	40	-14,5	32	34	31,5	-16	-10	28	-11
5	-31	45	-31	-31,5	-30,5	-31	45	45	45	-28	-31	-29,5	45	45	-31	-30	-37	-32	45	-36	-29	45
6	45	-30	45	45	-35	45	-29	-30,5	-32	45	45	45	-31	-29,5	45	-38	-31	45	-29	-37	-37	-31,5

Timing properties detection

Acquisition system layout



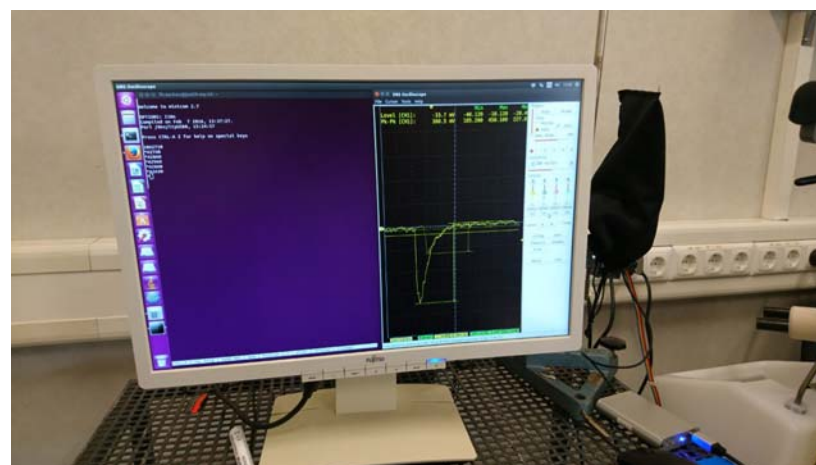
SiPM with gripper



DRS4 Evaluation Board



APDPI board



User interface

Timing properties detection

Type of excitation

Radioactive source

Ultraviolet pulsed laser



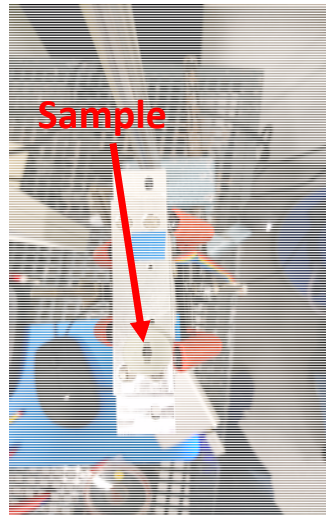
Timing properties detection

Radioactive source

Excitation system



Covered system



Natural emission of Lu

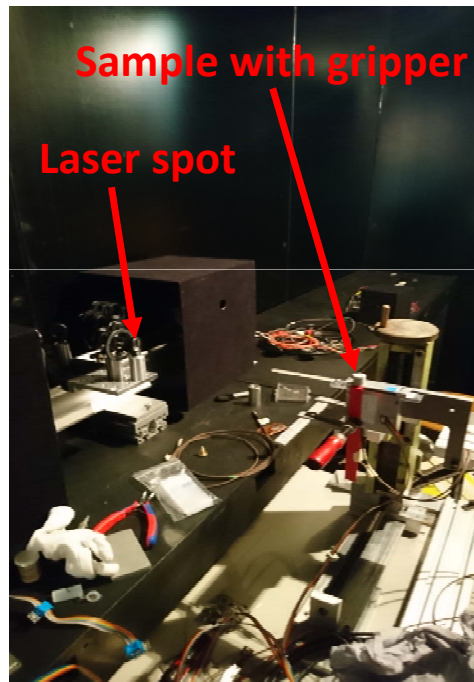
Barium

Cesium

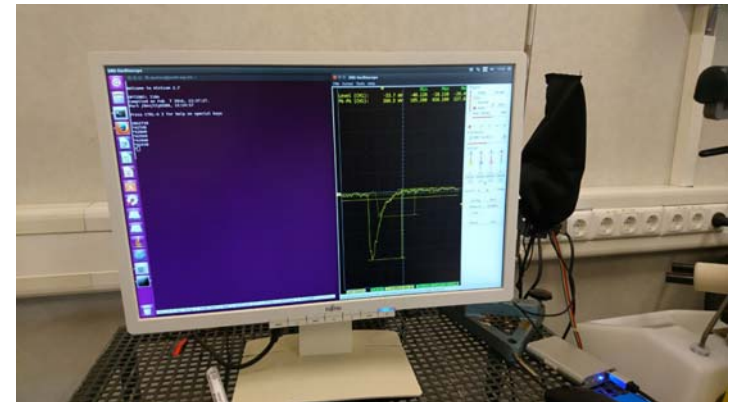
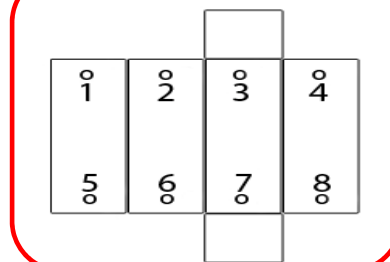
Timing properties detection

Ultraviolet pulsed laser

Excitation system



Faces reference system

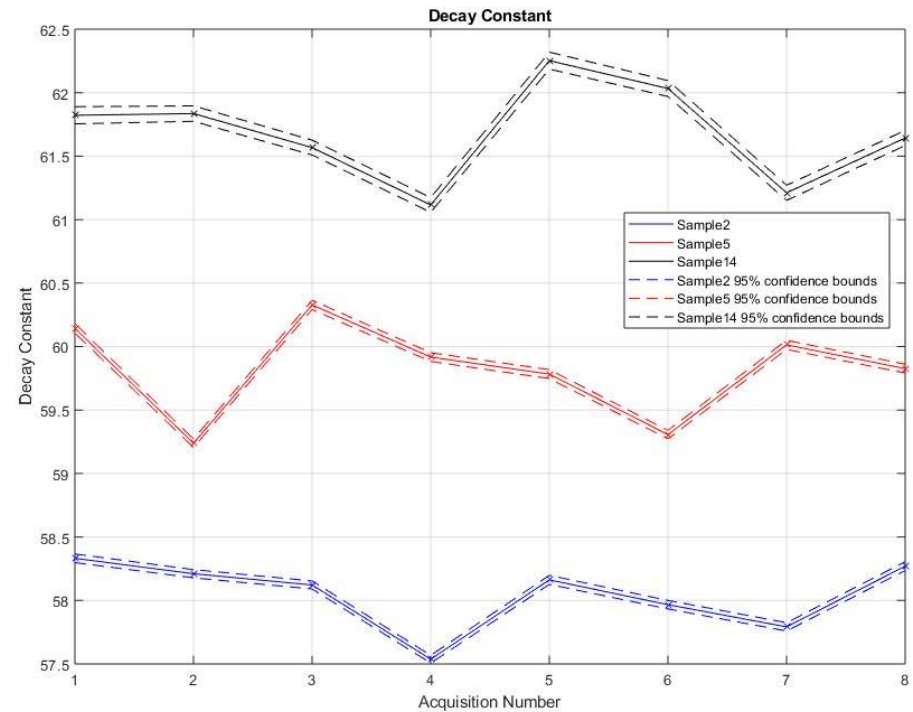
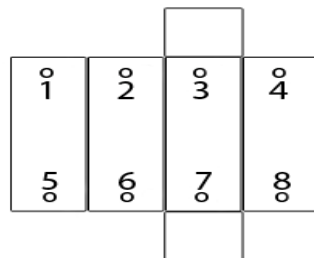


User interface

Timing properties detection

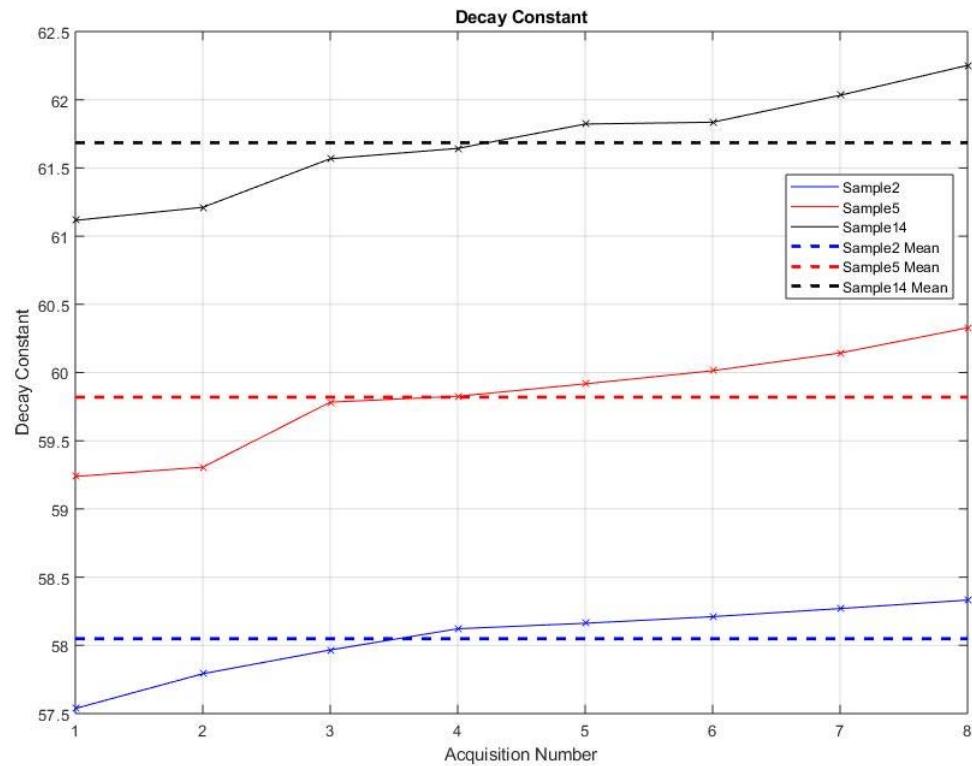
Ultraviolet pulsed laser

Faces reference system



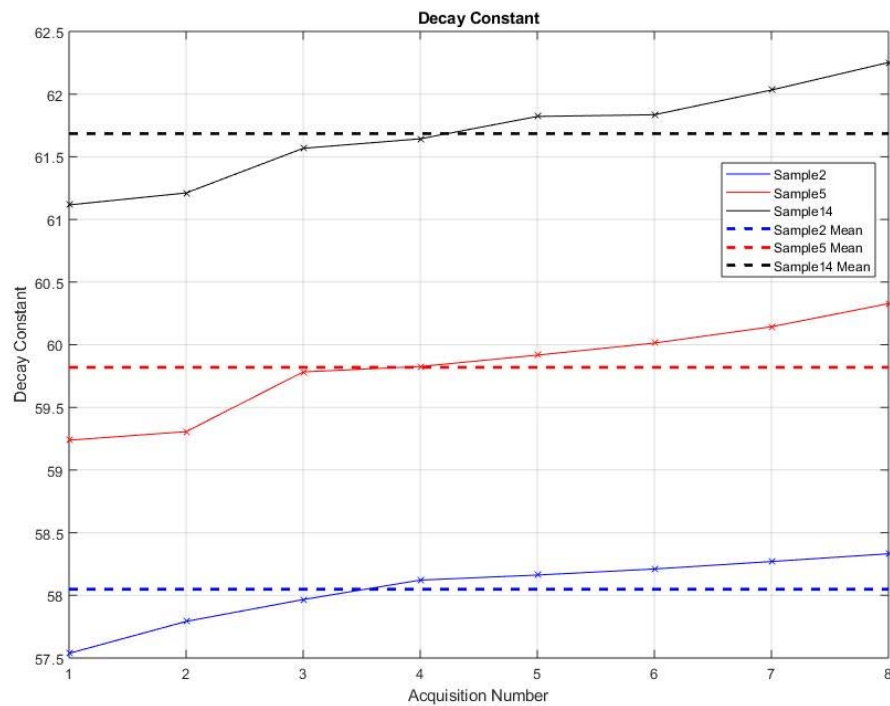
Timing properties detection

Ultraviolet pulsed laser



Timing properties detection

Conclusions



Sample number:

	2	5	14
Face number: 1	-14	-15,5	-14
Face number: 2	-15	31,5	-16
Face number: 3	31	26	45
Face number: 4	18	-15	40
Face number: 5	45	-30,5	45
Face number: 6	-30	-35	-29,5

Next steps

Deeper knowledge of the lattice orientation and distortion

XRD techniques

Photoelasticity

Correlation between lattice orientation and timing properties

