Fun Facts About Cuban Cigars You Didn't Know

Intro

This article will explain things that only those who have spent time studying Cuban cigars know, but today you are in luck because if you are a constant cigar smoker, then you will really like this article!

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How Tobacco is Grown and Rolled

During the first exploration of Cuba a century ago, Spanish sailors recounted tall forests, chattering birds, and people passing from place to place holding a firebrand of weeds to breathe the fragrant smoke.

Spanish colonists grew tobacco and smoked it too before long. Tobacco demand grew, and the "weeds" became a profitable crop. In the early 1800s, Cuba opened its first cigar factories. As of today, cigars are Cuba's top export, shipped by the millions around the world.

Tobacco Harvest

The farmers of Cuban cigars use meticulous methods for cultivating, preparing, and harvesting fine tobacco. In cohiba behike 56 box of 25 with vents that open and close so they can control temperature and humidity, they carefully string leaves along wooden poles one by one. Over romeo y julieta cigars no 2 , leaves are cured, losing water and turning from a bright green to a soft brown.

Hand-Rolled in Havana

Cuban cigars are handcrafted every year for more than 100 million customers. Each cigar is made by combining leaves from different varieties of tobacco by a skilled roller called a torcedor. We sort and check the cigars for flaws before boxing them for sale.

Community Reading

Often in Havana cigar factories, a professional reader or reader reads aloud articles from the newspaper and novels. This practice dates back to the 1800s, when tobacco floor readers spread political ideas. Tobacco workers fought for Cuba's independence from Spain well-informed and well-organized in the late 1800s