

# DB AutoTech Research

New Paradigm for the Auto Industry

Rod Lache – Sr. Equity Analyst, Autos & Auto Parts Ross Seymore – Sr. Equity Analyst, Semiconductors Johannes Schaller – Sr. Equity Analyst, Europe Tech

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# What does it cost to drive your car? It depends...

	Top 20 MSAs	Nationwide
variable cost (\$/mile)	·	
fuel cost	0.09	0.09
maintenance	0.11	0.11
depreciation	0.24	0.24
tires	0.01	0.01
variable cost per mile	0.45	0.45
fixed cost (\$/year)		
insurance	923	841
license, registration, taxes	665	665
parking	1,205	723
traffic tickets	75	75
finance cost	878	878
	3,746	3,182
miles traveled	8,324	12,000
fixed cost per mile	0.45	0.27
cost of ownership per mile	0.90	0.71

# Cost of car ownership:

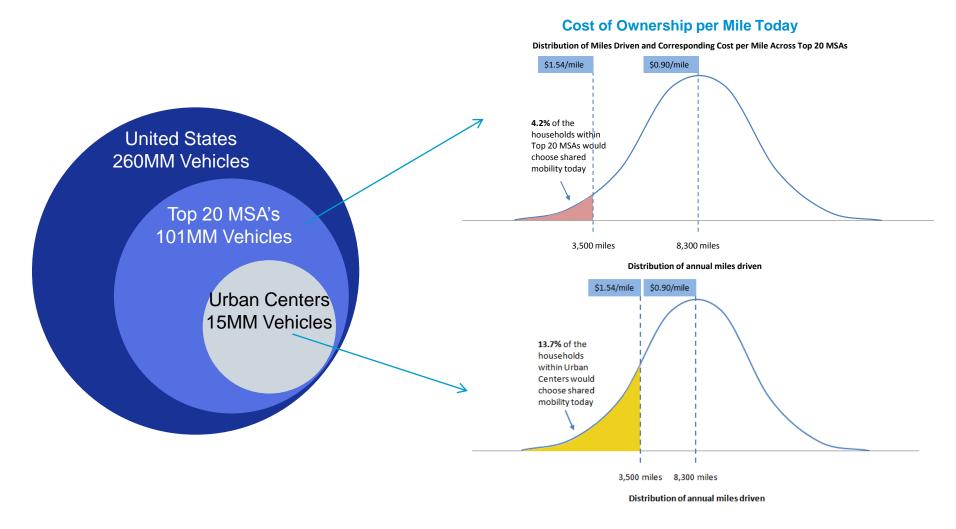
- Atlanta: \$0.70 per mile
- Chicago: \$0.99 per mile
- Dallas: \$0.74 per mile
- NYC: \$3.10 per mile
- San Francisco: \$1.06 per mile
- St. Louis: \$0.67 per mile

For comparison, we estimate uberX averages \$1.54 per mile within Urban Centers

Source: Deutsche Bank, Industry Experts, AAA, Census, NHTS



# Sizing the shared mobility opportunity





nationwide

# But interesting things start to happen when you model the cost of autonomous vehicles...

			variable cost (per fille)	
			mapping and data services	0.01
			fuel cost	0.09
			maintenance	0.11
			depreciation (straight line, no residual)	0.24
	na	ationwide	tires	0.01
driverless vehicle price	\$	50,000	operating cost per mile	0.46
miles driven				
average driverless miles driven per hour		11.5		
miles traveled annually		70,000	fixed cost (per year)	
utilization on trip		85%	insurance	3,000
revenue miles		59,500	license, registration, taxes	665
		•	taxi comission inspection	105
			finance cost	552
				4,322
			annual cost of operation	36,284

variable cost (per mile)

annual cost of operation per mile

Source: Deutsche Bank, Industry Experts, AAA, Census, NAIC, NYC TLC

0.52



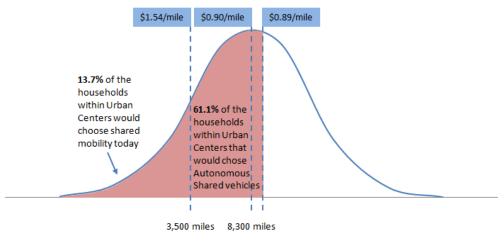
# An On Demand Autonomous Network should be able to generate a 20% ROIC at \$0.89 per mile

per mile	nationwide	% of Revenue
revenue	0.89	
COGS	0.52	58%
gross margin	0.37	42%
SG&A/R&D @13% of revenue	0.12	13%
EBIT	0.26	29%
taxes, @35%	0.09	
NOPAT	0.17	19%
implied cost per mile to consumer	0.89	



# On Demand Autonomous vehicles could work for up to 61% of households in Dense Urban Centers





Distribution of annual miles driven





# **OEM Business Model**

	Ford	GM
NA Wholesale Volume (thousands)	3,073	3,558
Share of Volume Directed to On-Demand Autonomous	1%	1%
On-Demand Autonomous Volume (thousands)	31,000	36,000
Revenue per vehicle (\$)	53,068	53,068
EBIT per vehicle (\$)	15,385	15,385
On Demand Vehicles in Service After 3 years of Allocating 1%/year	93,000	108,000
Steady State* NA Profit Improvement (\$MM)	1,400	1,700

<sup>\*</sup> assuming 3 year lifecycle for autonomous shared vehicles

### **Positives**

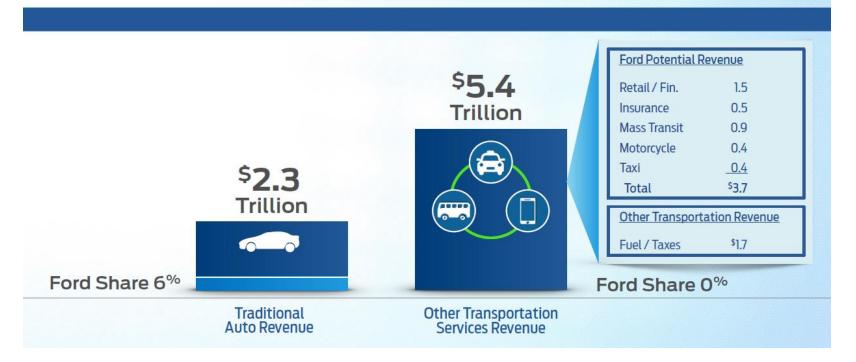
- Less cyclical
- Higher profitability from recurring revenue (aftermarket, service)
- "Fixes" today's underperforming segments



# Fixing the Business Model

# Transforming to auto and mobility company allows significant revenue growth potential





Source: Ford, Deutsche Bank



# When, exactly will this happen?

# Autonomous vehicles might account for up to one in 10 miles traveled and one in five sales U.S. Autonomous Miles Traveled (Percent of Total) U.S. Autonomous Annual Sales (Percent of Total)

2025

Source: Deutsche Bank, Ford

2030



# How large will the market be for Suppliers?

## 30% of 110 MM sold globally will likely have semi-autonomous capabilities

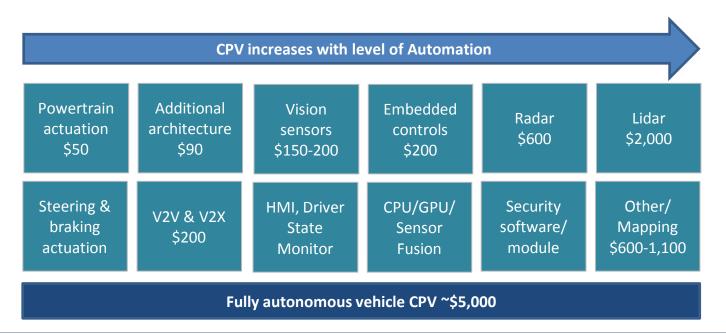
33 MM units at \$1,000 per vehicle implies a \$33 bn market

# 15% of global sales will likely be fully autonomous

15 MM units at \$5,000 per vehicle implies a \$82 bn market

# Remaining 55% will likely have significant active safety content

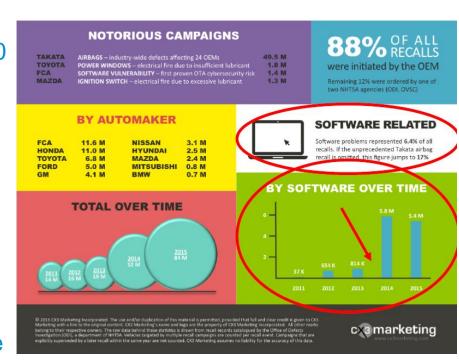
• \$200-\$300 per vehicle this implies an additional \$11 bn





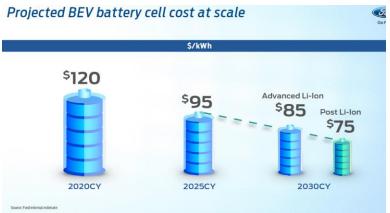
# OTA Capability – Will Help OEM's Make Money, Save Money

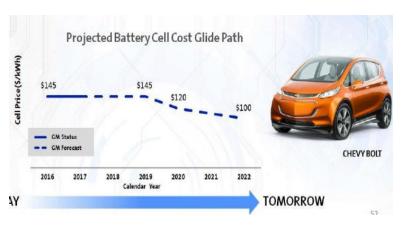
- Avg Car Contains 100MM lines of code
- Suppliers estimate 5-20 flaws per 1,000 lines of code
- Many of these flaws result in campaigns and recalls.
- Ex the Takata recall, 5.4 MM recalls for software problems in 2015, 17% of all U.S. recalls
- On Avg, OEM pays \$6 for every 10 minutes of dealer warranty service.
- 80% of all vehicles produced worldwide will likely have connected infotainment by early in the next decade.



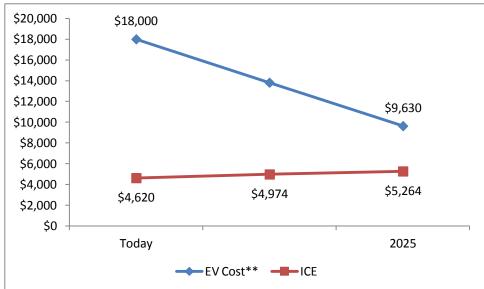


# EV costs are declining, but OEMs are still pursuing advanced ICE...





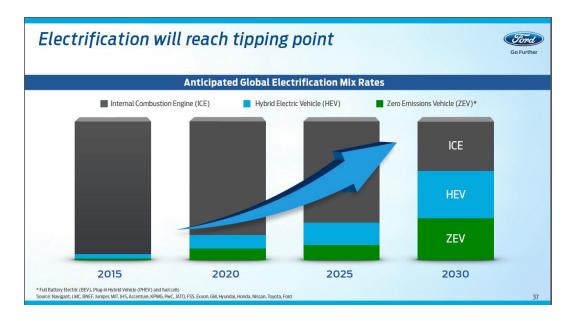
Deutsche Bank Markets Research



200 Mile Range EV Powertrain	Today	2025	Notes
60kWh Battery	\$13,500	\$6,000	Today at \$225/kWh; 2025 at \$100kWh
Motor/transmission	\$1,100	\$730	
Electrical Architecture	\$1,400	\$1,200	EA is \$900 more than ICE
Power Electronics	\$2,000	\$1,700	Power Electronics is \$1,500 more than ICE
Total	\$18,000	\$9,630	



# Many expect Electrification to grow rapidly...



OEM/Country	EV Plans/Expectations
F	EV will exceed gasoline-powered vehicles within next 15 years
VW	25% of volume by 2025
Mercedes	25% of volume by 2025
China	NEV's reach 950k units/yr by 2020 w/proposed carbon credit scheme
Germany	Votes for EU ban on sales of ICE by 2030

# Germany Votes for EU Ban on Sales of Internal-Combustion Vehicles by 2030

OCTOBER 10, 2016 AT 12:48 PM BY BOB SOROKANICH | PHOTOGRAPHY BY GETTY IMAGES



Members of the German government have just passed a resolution to ban the sale of internal-combustion engines in the European Union by 2030. Only zero-emissions vehicles would be allowed on the market after that time, according to the resolution.

Source: Deutsche Bank, Ford



# We are anticipating a somewhat less aggressive BEV trajectory. But there should still be significant growth in Electrification...

### **Powertrain Mix**

Efficiency	Cost	2016	2020	2025
22%	\$3,500	47%	23%	13%
24%	\$4,250	31%	47%	39%
26%	\$7,500	20%	17%	12%
28%	\$4,750	1%	1%	4%
30%	\$5,300	0%	6%	22%
33%	\$7,500	0%	1%	1%
60%	\$8,500	1%	3%	5%
80%	\$9,500	1%	2%	4%
	22% 24% 26% 28% 30% 33% 60%	22% \$3,500 24% \$4,250 26% \$7,500 28% \$4,750 30% \$5,300 33% \$7,500 60% \$8,500	22%       \$3,500       47%         24%       \$4,250       31%         26%       \$7,500       20%         28%       \$4,750       1%         30%       \$5,300       0%         33%       \$7,500       0%         60%       \$8,500       1%	22%       \$3,500       47%       23%         24%       \$4,250       31%       47%         26%       \$7,500       20%       17%         28%       \$4,750       1%       1%         30%       \$5,300       0%       6%         33%       \$7,500       0%       1%         60%       \$8,500       1%       3%

Wtd. Avg. efficiency	24.0%	26.6%	29.5%
Wtd avg. cost	\$4,620	\$4,974	\$5,264



# And we see significant growth in Power Electronics and Electrical/Electronic Architectures...

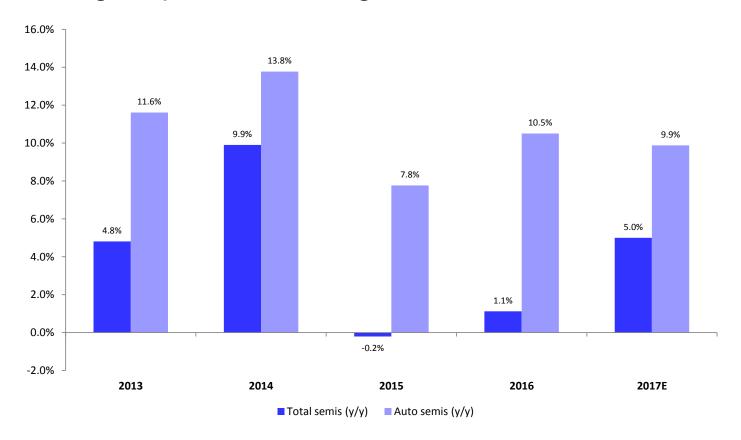
48V Micro Hybrid	<b>Total Cost</b>
Small Lithium Iron Phosphate Battery	\$300
Electrical Architecture	\$650
Power Electronics	\$950
P2 Motor/Clutch System	\$900
Total	\$2,800

200 Mile Range EV Powertrain	Today	2025
60kWh Battlery	\$13,500	\$6,000
Motor/transmission	\$1,100	\$730
Electrical Architecture	\$1,400	\$1,200
Power Electronics	\$2,000	\$1,700
Total	\$18,000	\$9,630

	E/EA	Powertrain	Total
ICE	\$500	\$650	\$1,150
48V	\$650	\$950	\$1,600
HEV	\$800	\$1,700	\$2,500
PHEV	\$1,400	\$2,000	\$3,400
EV	\$1,400	\$2,000	\$3,400

# Auto a bright spot in maturing semi market

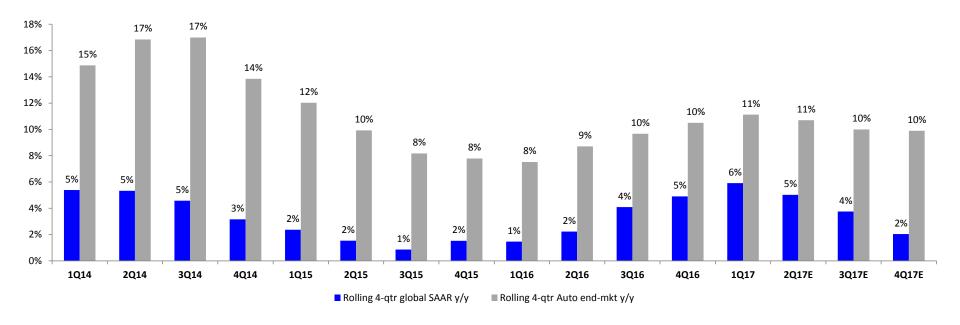




- Auto ~10-15% of semi industry revenues (SIA, DB estimates)
- Outgrowing industry by average of ~7ppts since 2013
- Growth largely from increased electronic vehicle content (e.g., infotainment, H/EV, ADAS)

# Growth largely content-driven

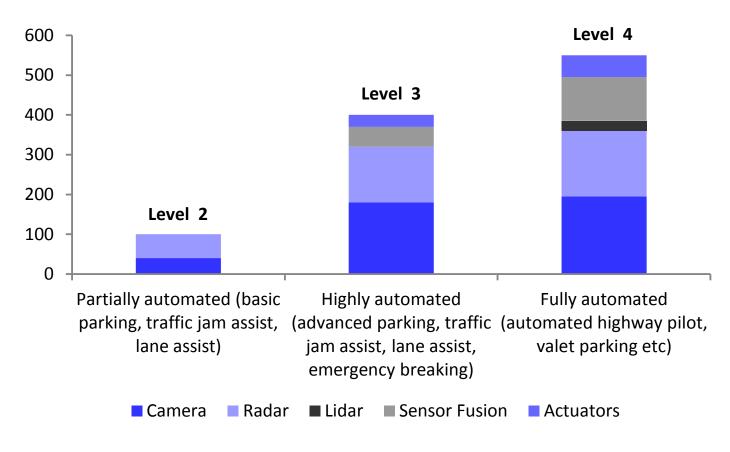




- Historical Auto semi growth roughly +11% y/y on avg, projected +11% y/y in 2017
- Historical SAAR growth roughly +3% y/y on avg, projected +2% y/y in 2017
- Implies high-single-digit semi content growth y/y

# ADAS content a meaningful tailwind

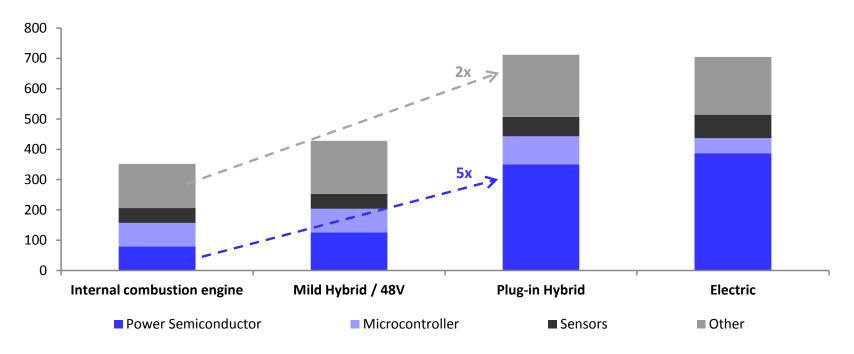




- Current average semi content per car ~\$350 (per industry sources & DB estimates)
- Possible addition of up to \$600 (\$400 from semi-autonomous/Level 3 automation)

# Potential EV content increases





- Roughly 5x increase in power management semiconductor content from internalcombustion-engine to plug-in hybrid power
- Approximately 2x increase in general other semi content





Our target prices generally utilize EV/EBITDA methodology (P/E in some cases) supported by DCF analysis.

Key upside risks would be potential for global economic recovery to drive higherthan-expected automotive demand. Key downside risks include increased trade protectionism (such as the implementation of BTAs in the U.S.), a reduction in credit availability, pricing deterioration, sustained increase in fuel prices and/or negative pension returns.



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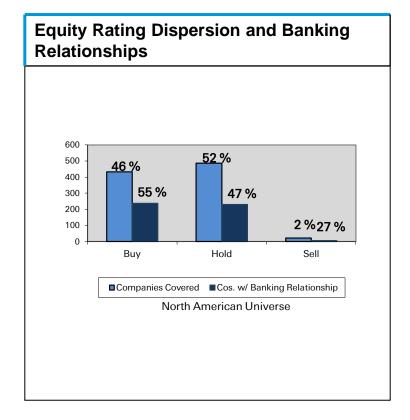
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