

Executive Order 41/2021

of the 19th of January, by which the Union of Eothasi Soviet Republics takes immediate measures against the abhorrent violation of human rights taking place in the slave trade of the Grand Duchy of Solitaire.

BE IT ENACTED by the Lord and Lady Regents of the Republic, by and with the advice and consent of the Lords and Ladies of this present College and Conclave assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:

On this date, the 19th of January of 2021, the Central Conclave and the College of Commissariats, with the power vested in them by the People of Eothasia, to initiate and engage sanctions and measures against the government of the Grand Duchy of Solitaire as well in solidarity with the prisoners of the country seeking to flee prosecution in the country.

EXPOSITION OF MOTIVES

L

The adherence of a modern government to the long-since-abolished practice of slavery and trade of humans and other sentient species is a matter of utmost importance on the international stage. The practice of slavery was abolished in Eothasia as one of the first legal initiatives of the then United Eothasi Kingdom in 1683, and has been maintained this way through to today, where slavery has been prohibited both by Article 13 of the Popular Constitution of 1913, by which all "Eothasi shall be equal before the law, without the possibility of permitting discrimination in any way for reason of social class, birth, race, sex, gender, orientation, religion, opinion, or other condition of personal or social circumstance", as well as Article 57 of the Organic Law 18/1914, of the 3rd of February, by which it explicitly states that "Slavery and servitude shall be completely abolished in the Union, as well as the practice of slave-trading and all derivatives, as determined by a court of law".

Beyond the prohibition of such practices in the Union due to its heinous nature, this stance has been adopted even by the World Assembly which, on the 27th of October of 2008, officially approved the renewed WAR23/2008 of the Ban on Slavery and Trafficking, which specifically states in Article 1 that "Holding under the law any person to be the possession, property, or chattel of any other person or any legal entity, or binding any person to an employer by a contract to which they have not consented, shall be considered 'slavery' and immediately prohibited in all nations".

It is the belief of the Central Conclave and the College of Commissariats that the generalised mantra adopted by countries throughout the globe, on a official scale, is that of total abolitionism and prohibition of the practice of slavery. The proliferation of such a practice is 19 January 2021

harmful not only to those that suffer it directly, but also those who live in such a society despite not being directed submitted to slavery, as they are constantly aware of the terrors and horrors that come with such a subjugation that they themselves may one day fall into. The perpetuation of the practice of slavery is, without doubt, worthy of international intervention to cease this blatant violation of civil rights.

Ш

It is undeniably true that the situation of slave trading and permanent fear imposed upon the population of the Grand Duchy of Solitaire has led thousands to seek refuge in other countries and territories where they might be free from the shackles and chains of their government, which disregards the most basic of civil rights in international application. It is for this reason that the Union of Eothasi Soviet Republics brings forth its hands in solidarity with those that seek to flee their country's oppressive regime into a life where they might live calmly and peacefully.

The guarantee of asylum, which shall be extended to those suffering prosecution in the Grand Duchy of Solitaire, is established in Organic Law 14/1998, of the 9th of November, by which the right of asylum is guaranteed in the Union. Under this pretext, and taking into consideration its specification of fleeing from the prosecution and threat of slavery and trafficking in Article 55, the Union of Eothasi Soviet Republics views it as its obligation to provide assistance to comrades in the Grand Duchy of Solitaire that seek a path to freedom.

In the interests of harmonising these efforts and organising the official measures taken by the Union of Eothasi Soviet Republics, the Central Conclave and College of Commissariats:

HEREBY DECLARE

Part One Of Economic Sanctions

Article 1. Establishment of embargo

- No corporation currently operating in the Union of Eothasi Soviet Republics, be they domestic or foreign, may operate in conjunction with corporations in the Grand Duchy of Solitaire, nor may they operate within the territorial boundaries of the nation in question.
- Any and all corporations currently celebrating economic relations with any of the aforementioned agents shall have thirty days to cease all activities. Failure to do so shall result in sanctions as per the Penal and Civil Codes of the Union.

- 3. The conditions of the previous paragraphs extend to all corporations that operate in the Union, regardless of whether these corporations' branches in the Union specifically cooperate with the aforementioned agents.
- 4. Any corporation found to be engaging or have engaged in the trade of slaves or in the provision of equipment required to perform this practice shall be held to Article 74 of Organic Law 14/1998, by which all assets of this corporation in Eothasia shall immediately be expropriated.

Article 2. End of all national economic relations

- Any and all economic relations between the Grand Duchy of Solitaire and the Union of Eothasi Soviet Republics undertaken from the level of the central or subservient governments shall be immediately considered null and void.
- 2. The People's Commissariat of Internal Affairs' Bureau of Regulatory Compliance shall be tasked with guaranteeing the end of all such contracts.

Article 3. Individual participation in the slave trade

Any and all individuals found to participating, in one way or another, with the slave trade of the Grand Duchy of Solitaire shall be submitted to the appropriate sanctions as per the Penal and Civil Codes of the Union.

Part Two Of Political Sanctions

Article 4. End of political recognition

The Union of Eothasi Soviet Republics hereby announces that it retires the political recognition of the government of the Grand Duchy of Solitaire as it considers that it does not achieve the primary purpose of a State, which is to ensure and safeguard the well being of all its citizens and residents.

Article 5. End of diplomatic missions

The Union of Eothasi Soviet Republics hereby retires any and all political and diplomatic envoys and missions from the Grand Duchy of Solitaire.

Article 6. Recognition as an illegitimate State

The Union of Eothasi Soviet Republics hereby considers the Grand Duchy of Solitaire to be an illegitimate repressive State.

Part Three Of Military Sanctions

Article 7. Restrictions to mobility for armed forces

- Units pertaining to the armed forces of the Grand Duchy of Solitaire shall be totally and completely prohibited from entering the territorial waters or airspace of the Union of Eothasi Soviet Republics, as well as operating inside of its Exclusive Economic Zone.
- 2. The presence of any such units entering the territories of the Union of Eothasi Soviet Republics shall be dutifully responded to by the armed forces of the Union.

Article 8. Restrictions to mobility for civilians

- Any civilian representative of the government of the Grand Duchy of Solitaire shall be completely and totally prohibited from entering the territorial boundaries of the Union of Eothasi Soviet Republics, including but not limited to: Eothasi territorial waters, Exclusive Economic Zone, airspace and terrestrial boundaries.
- 2. The presence of any such civilians entering the territories of the Union of Eothasi Soviet Republics shall be dutifully responded to by the security forces of the Union.

Article 9. Motion against the slave trade

- Any and all merchant vessels flying the flag of the Grand Duchy of Solitaire, detected in the Eothasi Exclusive Economic Zone, territorial waters, airspace or terrestrial boundaries, or detected during travel in international waters, shall be subject to interception and forced boarding by nearby Eothasi vessels or units to ascertain the presence of slaves aboard.
- 2. The detection of Eothasi slaves shall result in the immediate incarceration of all slavers involved as well as the confiscation of the vessel or transport and the liberation of the slaves in due processing in the Union of Eothasi Soviet Republics.
- 3. Any and all attempts to stop the interception and intervention of such vessels or transport by Eothasi forces shall be met with deadly force, regardless of the allegiance of the instigators in question.

Part Four Of Asylum

Article 10. Granting of asylum





- The Union of Eothasi Soviet Republics hereby extends to any and all civilians suffering political or economic prosecution in the Grand Duchy of Solitaire the opportunity to request asylum status in the Union.
- The proper process to establish this status of asylum shall be that as indicated in Organic Law 14/1998, of the 9th of November, by which the right of asylum is guaranteed in the Union.

Part Five Of Ratification

By the power vested in the Central Conclave and College of Commissariats of the Union by the Eothasi People, and with the authorisation of the same in the terms of competence dictated by the Popular Constitution of 1913, the Central Executive Committee hereby sanctions and promulgates this Executive Order.



19 January 2021

Central Conclave



alerius Zäron

Lord Valerius Eäron [Lord Regent of the Conclave]

Séverin Marek

Lord Séverin Marek [People's Commissariat of Arts, Culture and Sports]

Saveli Castell

Lord Saveli Castell [People's Commissariat of Citizen Participation]

Edgar Fournier

Lord Edgar Fournier [People's Commissariat of Ecology and Sustainable Development]

Emily Dreschner

Lady Emily Dreschner [People's Commissariat of Education]

Otto Lévêque

Lord Otto Lévêque [People's Commissariat of Finance]

Viktor Moyd

Lord Viktor Cloyd [People's Commissariat of Health and Social Services]

Celine Schroter

Lady Céline Schröter [People's Commissariat of Industry, Commerce and Trade]

Estrella Aquado

Lady Estrella Aguado [People's Commissariat of Labour and Civil Rights]

Theodora Neumann

Lady Théodora Neumann [People's Commissariat of Scientific Research and Innovation]

Eve Grace

SIGNATORIES

Lady Eve Grace [Lady Regent of the Conclave]

Manfred Zétizke

Lord Manfred Leitzke [Lord Regent of the Conclave]

Anne-Marie Michaud

Lady Anne-Marie Michaud [People's Commissariat of Central Governance]

icie l

Lady Lucie Waltz [People's Commissariat of Defence]

Zeckenbauer rete

Lady Grete Beckenbauer [People's Commissariat of Economic Affairs, Consumption and Digital Transformation]

Eloïse Busch

Lady Éloïse Busch [People's Commissariat of Energy and Transportation]

Clara Ludwig

Lady Clara Ludwig [People's Commissariat of Foreign Affairs]

Cassantra Lock

Lady Cassandra Koch [People's Commissariat of Internal Affairs]

Sabrina Geissler

Lady Sabrina Geissler [People's Commissariat of Justice]

Laurence Windsor

Lady Laurence Windsor [People's Commissariat of the Rural Territories]

Gunter Specht

Lord Günter Specht [People's Commissariat of Urbanisation, Inclusion and Migration]