

Model Question of JSC Examination 2018 for All Boards

Sub: English

Sub Code **1107**

Time: 3 Hours

Full Marks: 100

[Marks for the individual items are mentioned next to the test items]

Part A: Seen Part (20 Marks)

Read the text and answer questions 1 and 2.

At the farthest corner of Bangladesh, there is a village called Tarapur. In this village, there lives a man named Kartik Poramanik. He is a hair dresser by profession, but a nature lover at heart. His passion is to plant saplings, which grow into gigantic trees. He started planting trees when he was only 10 years old. He remembers what his father once told him, "My son, you can earn the blessings of God by planting trees". He has never forgotten what his father told him. At present, he is 63 years old. He has planted hundreds of trees in his village. Many of the trees are now 35-40 years old.

Once there were hardly any trees in this village. Kartik used to go to different houses for his job. At times, he would get tired in the scorching sun, but there were no trees under which he could sit and rest for a while. Thinking how people suffer in the heat, Kartik began his tree-planting mission.

Occasionally, Kartik would wake up early in the morning, take one or two labourers with him and set out to plant trees. He would walk long distances to plant trees, carrying with him some dry food and water. He would pay all the expenses from his own pocket. Kartik has planted trees beside the roads, in and around the bazar, schools and colleges, open fields and many other places.

At times, it so happened that Kartik would go to water his plants at 10 or 11 p.m. People asked him, "Kartik, are you mad? What are you doing so late at night?" Kartik would smile and say, "What to do, sir. I have to work hard the whole day to earn money for my family. I don't get time during the day. But my trees would die if I don't water them. So I come late at night to look after them."

Even today this old man continues planting trees as many as he can.

A man, who can hardly sign his name, is leaving his signature all around in nature. ▶ Unit 5; Lesson 4

1. Choose the correct answer to each question from the alternatives given and write the corresponding number of the answers in your answer script: 1×7=7

a. Kartik was a — by profession.

- i) cultivator ii) tree planter iii) day labourer iv) hair dresser

b. His mission is to make the village green by —.

- i) cultivating paddy in the fields ii) growing grass in all the fallow land
iii) planting fodder for the canle iv) planting many trees

c. Some of Kartik's trees are big and —.

- i) great ii) gigantic iii) enormous iv) kingly

d. Some of his trees are — years old.

- i) 15-30 ii) 25-35 iii) 35-40 iv) 40-45

e. It was his father who — him to plant trees.

- i) ordered ii) bound iii) requested iv) advised

f. For what did Kartik plant trees?

- i) wood ii) fruit iii) shadow iv) goodwill

g. What does the passage signify?

- i) devotion to father ii) devotion to profession
iii) devotion to passion iv) devotion to god

2. Answer the following questions from your reading of the above text. 2×4=8

(a) Who is Kartik Poramanik?

(b) How do you understand that he is a nature lover?

(c) Why did he plant trees?

(d) What do you understand by the saying: "A man who can hardly sign his name, is leaving his signature all around in nature?"

3. Read the following text and fill in the gaps with appropriate words to make it a meaningful one. 1×5=5

The Tha Kha floating market is more traditional with a few tourists visiting than other — markets. Originally, the Tha Kha floating market used to sit only six or seven days a month — on the phase of the —. Nowadays, the — takes place on Fridays, Saturdays and Sundays too. The main — here are the Tha Kha natives. People seem to know each other very well. Everyone was seen smiling and calling each other by name.

► Unit 6; Lesson 9

Part B: Unseen Part (25 Marks)

- Read the following text and answer questions 4 and 5.

The current world population roughly calculated by the United Nations is 7.5 billion as of September 2017. Six of the seven continents of the Earth are permanently resided on a large scale. Asia is the most populous continent with its 4.54 billion inhabitants accounting for 60% of the world population. China and India are world's most populated countries. They together have about 37% of the world's population. Africa is the second most populated continent with around 1.28 billion people and it is 16% of the world's population. The population of Europe is 742 million which is 10% of the world's population as of 2018, while 651 million live in the Latin America and Caribbean regions and it is 9% of the world's population. Northern America primarily consisting of the United States and Canada has a population of around 363 million, which is 5% and Oceania is the least-populated region with about 41 million inhabitants which is 0.5% of world population although it is not permanently resided by any fixed population. Antarctica has also a small and varied international population based mainly in polar science station.

Word Meaning: Current (adj) – বর্তমান; Roughly calculated (phr) – কাছাকাছি গণনালাভ; Continents (n) – মহাদেশসমূহ; Reside (v) – বসবাস করা; On a large scale (phr) – ব্যাপক স্কেলে; Populous (adj) – জনবহুল; Consisting of (phr) – গঠিত; Inhabitants (n) – বাসিন্দা/অধিবাসী; Fixed population (phr) – স্থায়ী জনসংখ্যা; Varied (adj) – বিভিন্ন/নানা ধরনের।

4. Complete the following table with the information given in the passage. 1×5=5

Continent/Country	Population	% of world population
Asia	4.5 Billion	i) —
Africa	ii) —	16%
iii) —	742 million	10%
USA and Canada	iv) —	5%
Oceania	41 million	v) —

5. Read the above passage again and write whether the following statements are true or false. Give correct answers if the statements are false. 1×5=5

- (a) Asia has the largest population among all the seven continents.
 (b) Africa is in the third position in case of the number of population.
 (c) The number of population in Europe is the same as in Asia.
 (d) The United States and Canada are the North American countries.
 (e) In Oceania and Antarctica, the number of population rises and falls.

6. Read the text below and fill in the gaps using the clues from the boxes. There are more words than necessary. 0.5×10 = 5

board	wires	for	world	network	opened
as	our	era	communication	messages	a

Internet is a new system (a) — speedy transformation of news, faxes, (b) — etc. Internet is now regarded (c) — a milestone in the modern (d) — of computer. Internet is practically (e) — device of network. Internet has (f) — a new era in our (g) — system. Our T & T (h) — has already introduced VSAT in (i) — country. Consequently, telephone line with (j) — will no more be required. Now, cellular phone is being used.

7. Read the text below and fill in the gaps with words that are appropriate. 1×5=5

There are lots of problems in our (a) —. Poverty, food problem and unemployment are (b) — of them. Just after the independence, all these problems have been (c) — our national life in many ways. The Government is trying to (d) — these problems indeed; but we should (e) — the Government in this regard.

8. Match the parts of sentences from columns A and B to make five complete sentences. Column B has one more option than required. 1×5=5

Column A	Column B
a) A dictionary shows	i) in its simple present tense.
b) Prefixes and suffixes	ii) about the words of a language.
c) A verb word is always given	iii) at the top of the page.
d) Meanings of words are given	iv) how to pronounce a word.
e) A dictionary gives information	v) in a dictionary.
	vi) help to make new words.

Part C: Grammar Part (25 Marks)

9. Read the text below and fill in the gaps with the root words in the brackets adding suitable suffix, prefix or both. 0.5×10=5

Success in life depends on the proper (a) — (utilize) of time. It is known to all that life is short but art is long. Those who waste their (b) — (value) time in (c) — (idle) reduce the time of their important work. (d) — (punctual) is another great virtue of human beings that (e) — (rich) the human life. Everybody should imitate it. If you take lessons from the (f) — (biography) of (g) — (success) persons, you will learn that they did not make any (h) — (waste) of time. Moreover, the great men of the world were very sincere and (i) — (devote) to their (j) — (respect) works.

10. Fill in the gaps of the following text with appropriate articles (a, an, or the). Put a cross (×) where no article is used. 0.5×10=5

Man has no escape from (a) — death. Sooner or later, they will die. They die in (b) — many ways. Many die of diseases and many die by accident. Again (c) — some die from something excessive. But those die for (d) — country are martyrs. Many modern weapons can kill (e) — man in (f) — moment. Things have been discovered to keep (g) — dead body alive for long time. So (h) — man is called mortal. It is (i) — meaningless effort if (j) — man tries to escape from death.

11. Change the following sentences as directed in the brackets. 1×5=5

- (a) Anger is a vice. (Negative)
- (b) It begets nothing but the worst. (Affirmative)
- (c) Anger is one of the most inhuman vices. (Positive)
- (d) So, we should control anger for our own sake. (Passive)
- (e) Nobody likes an angry man. (Interrogative)

12. Rewrite the following passage changing the form of speech: 5

"Rohan, have you done your English lesson today?" asked the teacher. "Yes sir, I did it. But I haven't understood some grammatical points," replied Rohan. "Where is the problem?" said the teacher. "Let us try again."

13. Use capital letters and punctuation marks as needed in the following passage. 0.5×10=5

I have got gpa-5 in the hsc examination said rafiq congratulations said i what do you intend to do now i want to study in a reputed university ill try to get admission in buet rafiq replied

Part D: Writing Part (30 Marks)

14. Suppose, you are Rabid and you are in a hospital. Make a dialogue between you and the doctor about your illness. 10

15. Suppose, you are a student of Islamia High School named Ajay. One of the prominent humanitarian organizations named 'Bondhon' is going to help the slum children get admitted into schools. So, they are searching for some student volunteers to join the campaign. Now, write an email to the co-ordinator of the organization to inform them that you are interested to take part in the campaign. The email can be sent to bondhon123@charity.org.bd. 10

In your email, you should—

- * write a subject line
- * use proper salutation/greetings
- * give a brief introduction of you
- * express your interest for the role of a volunteer
- * mention why you are interested to work as a volunteer
- * write a closing remark, your name, and contact address

16. Write a paragraph in 150 words on the advantages and disadvantages of internet. Your writing should address the following questions. 10

- * What is internet?
- * What are the advantages of internet?
- * What are the disadvantages of internet?
- * What impacts of internet can be seen among students?
- * How is internet to be used by students of your age?