

Model Question of JSC Examination 2018 for All Boards

Sub: English

Sub Code **107**

Time: 3 Hours

Full Marks: 100

[Marks for the individual items are mentioned next to the test items]

Part A: Seen Part (20 Marks)

Read the text and answer questions 1 and 2.

The ethnic people in Bangladesh hold a very important place in the culture of the country. The majority of these people live in the Chattogram Hill Tracts. The others live in the regions of Mymensingh, Rajshahi and Sylhet. They live in forest areas, in the hills and in rural areas. They practise *Jhum* cultivation. They clear a piece of land in the forest, prepare it and sow seeds in it. They are mostly farmers. By religion they are Hindus, Christians or Buddhists. They speak their own mother tongues. Some of them are the *Chakmas*, the *Marmans*, the *Tipperas* and the *Moorangs* who live in the Hill Tracts. The *Santals* live in Rajshahi. The *Khasias* and the *Monipuries* live in Sylhet and the *Hajangs* and the *Garos* in Mymensingh.

Most of these ethnic people living in Bangladesh have some common characteristics. They have their own lifestyles.

They build their houses on bamboo or wooden platforms called 'machang'. Rice is their staple food. They eat vegetables, maize and fish, poultry and meat. Their kitchen utensils are bamboo, wooden and earthen pots which they make themselves. Men wear lungis and women wear thamis or sarongs and angis. Women weave their own clothes. Hunting and fishing are their favourite pastimes. They are fond of songs, music, dances, theatre and fairs. Traditional musical instruments used are bugles made from buffalo horns, drums and bamboo flutes. Wrestling is a popular sport for them. ▶ Unit: 1; Lesson 3 & 4

1. Choose the correct answer to each question from the alternatives given and write the corresponding number of the answers in your answer script: 1×7=7

a. The word 'important' in line 1 of the text means —

- i) glorious ii) pure iii) significant iv) needful

b. The word 'sow' in line 4 of the text means —

- i) plant ii) crop iii) scatter iv) drive

c. The word 'common' in line 8 of the text means —

- i) general ii) simple iii) ordinary iv) current

d. The ethnic people use — language.

- i) foreign ii) global iii) native iv) international

e. 'Bugle' is a —

- i) kitchen utensil ii) musical instrument iii) sport iv) dish

f. The word 'weave' refers to —

- i) knit ii) create iii) invent iv) paint

g. What are they by profession?

- i) woodcutter ii) farmer iii) fisherman iv) weaver

2. Answer the following questions from your reading of the above text. 2×4=8

- (a) What language do they speak at home?
(b) Where and how do they do the *Jhum* cultivation?
(c) What are their traditional musical instruments?
(d) "The ethnic people in Bangladesh hold a very important place in the culture of the country".— explain the statement in your own words.

3. Read the following test and fill in the gaps with appropriate words to make it a meaningful one. 1×5=5

Traditional kanthas are made for family use. Old or new cloth and thread are (a) — to make these quilts. Mymensingh, Jamalpur, Rajshahi, Faridpur, Bogura and Jashore are most (b) — for this craft. Now, it is (c) — commercially. You can find them in many expensive handicraft (d) — in cities. The quilts are now in great (e) — because of the colourful patterns and designs embroidered on them.

Part B: Unseen Part (25 Marks)

Read the following text and answer questions 4 and 5.

Cricket is one of the most popular games, especially One Day Cricket. The first One Day Cricket was played in Australia. One Day World Cup Cricket Tournament was held first in England in 1975. The West Indies won the trophy. The second and third tournaments were also held in England in 1979 and 1983 respectively. In 1987, Pakistan and India were host countries. In 1992, Pakistan won the trophy from Australia and New Zealand. The first Asian Test Final match was held in 1999 in Bangladesh. Bangladesh became champion in ICC in 1997 in Malaysia. The World Cup Cricket Tournament of 1999 was held in England. Bangladesh also participated in this tournament. It was the last tournament of last century. Mini World Cup Competition was held in Bangladesh in 1998. In 1996, Pakistan, India and Sri Lanka jointly arranged the World Cup Tournament and Sri Lanka won the trophy.

Word Meaning: Tournament (n.) – ক্রীড়া প্রতিযোগিতা; Champion (n) – বিজয়ী; Win the trophy (phr.) – বিজয়স্মারক জয়লাভ করা; Participate in this tournament (phr.) – এই ক্রীড়া প্রতিযোগিতায় অংশগ্রহণ করা; Competition (n.) – প্রতিযোগিতা; Jointly arranged (phr.) – যৌথভাবে আয়োজিত; Century (n.) – শতাব্দী; Most popular game (phr.) – সবচেয়ে জনপ্রিয় খেলা।

4. Complete the following table below. Write no more than three words and/or numbers for each answer. 1×5=5

Event/Achievement	Place/Country	Time/Year
The first One Day Cricket	(i) —	
One Day World Cup tournament		(ii) —
The West Indies won the trophy	(iii) —	1975
Bangladesh became champion in ICC trophy	(iv) —	In 1997
(v) —	Bangladesh	In 1998

5. Read the passage again and write True or False beside the following statements. Give answers for the false statements. 1×5=5

- The first Asian Test Final Match was held in Pakistan in 1890.
- Bangladesh became runners up in 1997 in Malaysia.
- The World Cup Cricket Tournament of 1999 was held in Australia.
- Mini World Cup Competition was held in Bangladesh in 1998.
- Pakistan, India and Sri Lanka jointly arranged World Cup in 1996.

6. Read the text below and fill in the gaps using the clues given in the boxes. There are more words than necessary. One word can be used once only. 0.5×10 = 5

known	them	in	the	many	common
of	is	natural	birds	notes	flower

Bangladesh is blessed with (a) — resources. It is full (b) — greenery beauty. There are (c) — birds in Bangladesh too. Among (d) —, the Magpie Robin is (e) — national bird of Bangladesh. It is a (f) — bird in Bangladesh and (g) — as the Doyel. It (h) — a widely used symbol (i) — Bangladesh, appearing on currency (j) — and a landmark in the city of Dhaka named as the Doyel Chattar.

7. Fill in the gaps with appropriate words. 1×5=5

English is being used (a) — a common language all (b) — the world. Its necessity (c) — hardly be over-emphasized. But (d) — language should be learnt (e) — taught according to certain clearly defined standards.

8. Match the parts of sentences from columns A and B to make complete sentences. 1×5=5

Column A	Column B
(a) Early rising is very	(i) get much time to enjoy the natural beauties of the world.
(b) It makes us energetic and	(ii) beneficial to our health.
(c) It is true that those who rise early in the morning	(iii) important especially to a student.
(d) It is very essential	(iv) proficient in doing our work properly.
(e) It is more useful and	(v) to a man in different ways.

Part C: Grammar Part (25 Marks)

9. Read the text below and fill in the gaps with the root words in the brackets adding suitable suffix, prefix or both. 0.5×10 = 5
- Every man does not have the same (a) — (able). It differs from man to man. (b) — (educate) can develop one's ability, but yet the (c) — (differ) remains. An educated man can do something that is (d) — (possible) for an (e) — (educated) man. It is because education can (f) — (able) him to do it. (g) — (academy) education is not enough for (h) — (lighten) the mentality of a man. But it is necessary for awarding certificates and the (i) — (measure) of (j) — (know).
10. Fill in the gaps in the following text with appropriate article (a, an or the). Put a cross (×) where no article is used/needed. 0.5×10 = 5
- A student must take care of his (a) — health, because (b) — sound mind lives in (c) — sound body. Good health is (d) — key to success. In order to enjoy good health, (e) — student must observe (f) — rules of health. (g) — unhappy man may be (h) — possessor of vast (i) — wealth but he leads (j) — unhappy life.
11. Change the following sentences as directed in the brackets. 1×5=5
- (a) Books introduce us to the realm of knowledge. (Passive)
(b) We should read books to gain knowledge. (Imperative)
(c) The books of great writers contain noble thoughts and great ideas. (Interrogative)
(d) Books are the greatest friends. (Comparative)
(e) We must create social movement about reading books. (Negative)
12. Rewrite the following passage in the reported speech: 5
- "What is the time by your watch?" he said. "It is half past nine," I said. He said, "I want to go to school. Would you accompany me, please?" "No, I am sorry," replied I.
13. Use capital letter and punctuation marks as needed in the following passage. 0.5×10=5
- the teacher said to arif why are you talking in the class arif replied sir i am sorry i am asking rashid to lend me his pen the teacher said be attentive in the class.

Part D: Writing Part (30 Marks)

14. Suppose, you are Hasan and chatting with your friend Karim. Write a dialogue between you and your friend about the importance of taking physical exercise. 10
15. Suppose, you are Hannan studying outside your home district. Now, write an email to your father asking for some money. You may send the email to akbor123@gmail.com. In your email, you should – 10
- Write a subject line
 - Use proper salutation/greetings
 - Tell your father why you need money
 - Tell him the amount of money you need
 - Write a closing remark
 - Write your name
16. Write a paragraph of 250 words on "Your Favorite Teacher". Your writing should address the following questions. 10
- (a) What is the name of your favourite teacher? (b) Which subject does he teach? (c) What is his qualification? (d) How does he motivate his students? (e) How does he help the students with their lessons?