

## IT IS A CRIME NOT TO REPORT A CRIME YOU HAVE BEEN MADE AWARE OF BC ATTORNEY GENERALS?

- Under section 22 of the *Criminal Code of Canada*, if an individual has an awareness of a crime because they have witnessed the crime or have been told that the crime has occurred, and by not reporting this crime to the police service or other relevant agency, this individual is in some way aiding or abetting the crime to take place, they may be charged with counselling an offence.
- Conviction of an offence under s.22 would result in a criminal record.

### **COUNSELLING SECTION 22**

#### **Person counselling offence**

22. (1) Where a person counsels another person to be a party to an offence and that other person is afterwards a party to that offence, the person who counselled is a party to that offence, notwithstanding that the offence was committed in a way different from that which was counselled.

Idem (2) Every one who counsels another person to be a party to an offence is a party to every offence that the other commits in consequence of the counselling that the person who counselled knew or ought to have known was likely to be committed in consequence of the counselling.

Definition of "counsel" (3) For the purposes of this Act, "counsel" includes procure, solicit or incite. R.S. 1985, c. C-46, s. 22; 1985 c.27(1st Supp.), s. 7.

**IF I AM FORCED TO LAY PRIVATE CHARGES <https://dialalaw.peopleslawschool.ca/charging-someone-with-a-criminal-offence/> or make a myriad of Citizen's Arrest in Defense of my Property due to govt agents and the "Attorney Generals" repeated partiality, bias, incompetence and inaction you will be personally responsible for disturbing my peace on top of violating a myriad of my constitutional rights. No one is "above the law". All citizens and those acting as "BC Attorney Generals" ignoring these egregious & life-threatening acts of genocide that have been committed against me and my family prove yourselves part of the problem, not the solution.**

**Truth is theft of my land and premises rendering me homeless and penniless is an act of genocide. Those who have included themselves in these criminal actions must be held accountable according to the *Convention on the Prevention and Punishment of the Crime of Genocide Article IV PERSONS COMMITTING GENOCIDE* or any of the other acts enumerated in *Article III SHALL BE PUNISHED, WHETHER THEY ARE CONSTITUTIONALLY RESPONSIBLE RULERS, PUBLIC OFFICIALS OR PRIVATE INDIVIDUALS*. [www.ohchr.org/EN/ProfessionalInterest/Pages/CrimeOfGenocide.aspx](http://www.ohchr.org/EN/ProfessionalInterest/Pages/CrimeOfGenocide.aspx). Agents of CIBC, its solicitors, the real estate agents and those acting as "this court" responsible for the crime of genocide perpetrated against myself will be held responsible by right pursuant to the *International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights Article 6 (3)* When deprivation of life constitutes the crime of genocide, it is understood that nothing in this article shall authorize any State Party to the present Covenant to derogate in any way from any obligation assumed under the provisions of the Convention on the Prevention and Punishment of the Crime of Genocide.**

**The information I am about to present is the Truth, it is offensive and beyond disturbing to those with understanding of the difference between wrong and right. I tried repeatedly to present these crimes being committed against my real estate and myself to those posing as "BC Supreme Court" to no avail. Seems my race, our native language, cultural heritage and ethnic identity are not welcome, not treated**

with respect nor are we allowed to have our voices heard at any level of “BC Provincial court”. Federally appointed “public servants” like “the court” and provincial govt agents are constantly levelling [Bible Search: oppressive decrees \(biblescan.com\)](#) against me in order to destroy my life, mentally, emotionally, physically, financially and spiritually.

What you will read in the following pages is me Victoria reporting these crimes because I am perpetually ignored, dismissed, disrespected, misunderstood as the Truth I present and know, thus far, is not admissible or welcome to be presented in “BC provincial courts”. WINTER 2020 I HAD MY LAND AND PREMISES STOLEN, LEFT HOMELESS ON TOP OF PENNILESS AND NOT ONE “BC JUSTICE” CARES. Can YOU explain this behaviour towards me? I can.

Who is Johnny Van Camp and why does it feel compelled to acquit the guilty named in the Notice of Civil Claim BCSC File No. 200036 <https://www.docdroid.net/evl6Sdm/notice-of-claim-her-majesty-the-queen-pdf>? Acquitting the guilty is, in Truth an act of genocide to cause Victoria N. to end and/or lose her life. Malicious, guilty of “bad faith” in their dealings with Victoria and her family, racist federal & provincial govt “agents” have been working destruction on this family for decades with actions of extortion, fraud, slander, liable, defamation, attempted murder, theft over five thousand, perjury, criminal harassment, violent assaults causing bodily/mental harm, severe psychological abuse, financial abuse, false arrest, kidnapping, false witnesses, forced adoption is human trafficking et al.

Johnny Van Camp in its office of “BC Attorney General” is NOT “above the law” as it falsely believes. I Victoria am not going to teach my Canadian Charter of Rights and Freedoms to ignorant, racist persons acting as “the court” or “attorney generals” as ME and MY FAMILY’S RIGHTS ARE YOU “PUBLIC SERVANT’S” FIDUCIARY DUTY. Johnny Van Camp is PERSONALLY RESPONSIBLE for being a malicious witness [Bible Search: malicious witness \(biblescan.com\)](#) by claiming I and my family, who are VICTIMS OF RACIAL TARGETING & ACTS OF GENOCIDE HAVE NOT BEEN GRIEVED AND PERPETUALLY HARMED BY ACTIONS OF FEDERAL/PROVINCIAL “AGENTS” et al. for decades.

Johnny Van Camp has given ample evidence against itself by being perpetually dishonest. Legally this is called “fraud” and is an indictable crime. Johnny Van Camp presents fraud to “the court” seeking to cause serious bodily and mental harm creating conditions of life to bring about the destruction of myself and my life due to my belonging to a remnant race of hated, targeted peculiar people.

Johnny Van Camp has taken “oath” to PROTECT “govt agents” guilty of attempting to murder myself, my force adopted biological property and my spouse’s good name/standing in the community. Johnny Van Camp has NO DEFENSE to present in case conference or trial therefore seeks to obstruct the administration of justice by demanding its “friends” acting as “the court” grant its unlawful malicious requested “strike”.

Johnny Van Camp seeks to obstruct the administration of Justice as well as commit perjury with its statements of falsehood I have no Claim of Actions against “Her Majesty the Queen” et al. Both obstructing justice and perjury are indictable crimes no matter who is committing these abominations against myself and my family.

Obstructing justice, committing perjury or otherwise interfering with the proper administration of justice are serious criminal offences. A conviction for these types of offences can mean prison time and may have life altering consequences.

## What is the Offence of Obstructing Justice?

Section 139 of the Criminal Code of Canada provides as follows:

- 139(1) Every one who wilfully attempts in any manner to obstruct, pervert or defeat the course of justice in a judicial proceeding,
  1. (a) by indemnifying or agreeing to indemnify a surety, in any way and either in whole or in part, or
  2. (b) where he is a surety, by accepting or agreeing to accept a fee or any form of indemnity whether in whole or in part from or in respect of a person who is released or is to be released from custody,
  3. is guilty of
  4. (c) an indictable offence and is liable to imprisonment for a term not exceeding two years, or
  5. (d) an offence punishable on summary conviction.
- (2) Every person who intentionally attempts in any manner other than a manner described in subsection (1) to obstruct, pervert or defeat the course of justice is guilty of
  1. (a) an indictable offence and liable to imprisonment for a term of not more than 10 years; or
  2. (b) an offence punishable on summary conviction.
- (3) Without restricting the generality of subsection (2), every one shall be deemed wilfully to attempt to obstruct, pervert or defeat the course of justice who in a judicial proceeding, existing or proposed,
  1. (a) dissuades or attempts to dissuade a person by threats, bribes or other corrupt means from giving evidence;
  2. (b) influences or attempts to influence by threats, bribes or other corrupt means a person in his conduct as a juror; or
  3. (c) accepts or obtains, agrees to accept or attempts to obtain a bribe or other corrupt consideration to abstain from giving evidence, or to do or to refrain from doing anything as a juror.

The offence of obstructing justice requires a wilful attempt by an accused, in any manner, to obstruct, pervert or defeat the course of justice. The sentence is imprisonment for a term not exceeding ten years if proceeded with by Indictment. The offence may also be prosecuted as a summary conviction offence which will reduce the maximum penalty.

Johnny Van Camp is committing perjury by stating repeatedly in sworn court documents and verbally in hearings I have no Claim of Action against the indictable crime committing persons named in the Civil

Claim BCSC File No. 200036. Essentially Johnny Van Camp, a hypocrite, is accusing me of being a liar to “the court” which is slander and liable, not to mention false information.

### **What is the Offence of Perjury?**

Section 131 of the Criminal Code of Canada provides as follows:

1. 131 (1) Subject to subsection (3), every one commits perjury who, with intent to mislead, makes before a person who is authorized by law to permit it to be made before him a false statement under oath or solemn affirmation, by affidavit, solemn declaration or deposition or orally, knowing that the statement is false.
2. (1.1) Subject to subsection (3), every person who gives evidence under subsection 46(2) of the *Canada Evidence Act*, or gives evidence or a statement pursuant to an order made under section 22.2 of the *Mutual Legal Assistance in Criminal Matters Act*, commits perjury who, with intent to mislead, makes a false statement knowing that it is false, whether or not the false statement was made under oath or solemn affirmation in accordance with subsection (1), so long as the false statement was made in accordance with any formalities required by the law of the place outside Canada in which the person is virtually present or heard.
3. (2) Subsection (1) applies, whether or not a statement referred to in that subsection is made in a judicial proceeding.
4. (3) Subsections (1) and (1.1) do not apply to a statement referred to in either of those subsections that is made by a person who is not specially permitted, authorized or required by law to make that statement.

### **What is the Sentence for Perjury?**

Section 132 of the Criminal Code of Canada provides as follows:

- 132 Every one who commits perjury is guilty of an indictable offence and liable to imprisonment for a term not exceeding fourteen years.

## **AGENTS OF FEDERAL/PROVINCIAL GOVT HAVE ALLOWED TRESPASSERS WITH NO LAWFUL OR LEGAL RIGHT TO OCCUPY ON MY PROPERTY WHICH IS INDICTABLE CRIME “MISCHIEF TO PROPERTY”.**

### **What is the Offence of Mischief to Property and the Applicable Sentence?**

Mischief to property is the offence of destroying or damaging another person’s property, or public property, and includes obstructing, interrupting or interfering with the lawful use, enjoyment or operation of property. The offence of mischief to property also applies to another person’s computer data or public computer data.

Section 430 of the Criminal Code of Canada provides in part as follows:

- 430 (1) Every one commits mischief who wilfully
  1. (a) destroys or damages property;

2. (b) renders property dangerous, useless, inoperative or ineffective;
  3. (c) obstructs, interrupts or interferes with the lawful use, enjoyment or operation of property; or
  4. (d) obstructs, interrupts or interferes with any person in the lawful use, enjoyment or operation of property.
- (1.1) Everyone commits mischief who wilfully
    1. (a) destroys or alters computer data;
    2. (b) renders computer data meaningless, useless or ineffective;
    3. (c) obstructs, interrupts or interferes with the lawful use of computer data; or
    4. (d) obstructs, interrupts or interferes with a person in the lawful use of computer data or denies access to computer data to a person who is entitled to access to it.
  - (2) Every one who commits mischief that causes actual danger to life is guilty of an indictable offence and liable to imprisonment for life.
  - (3) Every one who commits mischief in relation to property that is a testamentary instrument or the value of which exceeds five thousand dollars
    1. (a) is guilty of an indictable offence and liable to imprisonment for a term not exceeding ten years; or
    2. (b) is guilty of an offence punishable on summary conviction.
  - (4) Every one who commits mischief in relation to property, other than property described in subsection (3),
    1. (a) is guilty of an indictable offence and liable to imprisonment for a term not exceeding two years; or
    2. (b) is guilty of an offence punishable on summary conviction.

Mischief to property includes interfering with another person's enjoyment of his or her property and may, for example, include interfering with the enjoyment of property by making excessive noise.

#### **Mischief in Relation to an Identifiable Group**

If a person commits mischief in relation to property and the commission of the offence is motivated by bias, prejudice or hate for an identifiable group, such as a racial group, subsection 430(4.1) creates a separate offence with respect to such mischief.

**AGENTS OF FEDERAL/PROVINCIAL GOVT INSTITUTIONS HAVE ALLOWED TRESPASSERS WITH NO RIGHT TO OCCUPY ON MY PROPERTY WHICH IS INDICTABLE CRIME "MISCHIEF ENDANGERING LIFE".**

### **What is the Offence of Mischief Endangering Life?**

The offence of mischief endangering life refers to the offence set out in subsection 430(2) which is punishable by a maximum penalty of imprisonment for life. The mischief must cause actual danger to life for the offence to be established.

**AGENTS OF FEDERAL/PROVINCIAL GOVT ARE CONSTANTLY GUILTY OF CRIMINALLY HARASSING their TARGETED INDIVIDUAL which is I Woman Victoria, AS I BELONG TO AN IDENTIFIABLE MINORITY GROUP KNOWN TO BE HATED BY THE WORLD.**

### **What is Criminal Harassment?**

Section 264 of the Criminal Code of Canada provides, in part, as follows:

1. 264(1) No person shall, without lawful authority and knowing that another person is harassed or recklessly as to whether the other person is harassed, engage in conduct referred to in subsection (2) that causes that other person reasonably, in all the circumstances, to fear for their safety or the safety of anyone known to them.

### **What Type of Conduct May Amount to Criminal Harassment?**

Subsection 264(2) of the Criminal Code of Canada sets out the prohibited conduct as follows:

1. 264(2) The conduct mentioned in subsection (1) consists of
  1. (a) repeatedly following from place to place the other person or anyone known to them;
  2. (b) repeatedly communicating with, either directly or indirectly, the other person or anyone known to them;
  3. (c) besetting or watching the dwelling-house, or place where the other person, or anyone known to them, resides, works, carries on business or happens to be; or
  4. (d) engaging in threatening conduct directed at the other person or any member of their family.

### **What is the Sentence for Criminal Harassment?**

Subsection 264(3) of the Criminal Code of Canada provides as follows:

1. 264(3) Every person who contravenes this section is guilty of
  1. (a) an indictable offence and is liable to imprisonment for a term not exceeding ten years; or
  2. (b) an offence punishable on summary conviction.

### **What are the Aggravating Factors that May Affect the Sentence for Criminal Harassment?**

Subsection 264(4) of the Criminal Code of Canada sets out the following aggravating circumstances that may affect the sentence for criminal harassment:

1. 264(4) Where a person is convicted of an offence under this section, the court imposing the sentence on the person shall consider as an aggravating factor that, at the time the offence was committed, the person contravened
  1. (a) the terms or conditions of an order made pursuant to section 161 or a recognizance entered into pursuant to section 810, 810.1 or 810.2; or
  2. (b) the terms or conditions of any other order or recognizance, or of an undertaking, made or entered into under the common law, this Act or any other Act of Parliament or of a provincial legislature that is similar in effect to an order or recognizance referred to in paragraph (a).

**AGENTS OF FEDERAL/PROVINCIAL GOVT ARE GUILTY OF COMMUNICATING INDECENT, FALSE AND HARASSING INFORMATION ABOUT THEIR TARGETED INDIVIDUAL Victoria N. and to me a Woman of Truth as well as OTHER ORGANS ADMINISTERING JUSTICE IN ORDER TO BRING ABOUT MY DESTRUCTION. I their VICTIM HOLD THE PROOF BEYOND A REASONABLE DOUBT OF ALL CLAIMS.**

#### **What is the Offence of Communicating Indecent, False or Harassing Information?**

Section 372 of the Criminal Code of Canada provides as follows:

1. 372 (1) Everyone commits an offence who, with intent to injure or alarm a person, conveys information that they know is false, or causes such information to be conveyed by letter or any means of telecommunication.
2. (2) Everyone commits an offence who, with intent to alarm or annoy a person, makes an indecent communication to that person or to any other person by a means of telecommunication.
3. (3) Everyone commits an offence who, without lawful excuse and with intent to harass a person, repeatedly communicates, or causes repeated communications to be made, with them by a means of telecommunication.
4. (4) Everyone who commits an offence under this section is
  1. (a) guilty of an indictable offence and liable to imprisonment for a term of not more than two years; or
  2. (b) guilty of an offence punishable on summary conviction.