Printed Electronics Helix Launch Event 21 September

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Environmental Impact **Conventional Electronics Printed Electronics**

- <u>Materials</u>: Conductive inks can be up to 98% metal with <u>Materials</u>: Production of <u>a single</u> silicon wafer can require ~500 minimal waste during production kilograms of silicon and up to 5,000 liters of ultrapure water
- <u>Manufacturing</u>: Roll-to-roll printing processes for flexible electronics can be up to 99% more energy-efficient compared to traditional silicon-based manufacturing methods.
- Study by U.S. Department of Energy found that roll-to-roll printing consumes 0.05 kWh/m², whereas silicon wafer processing requires over 1200 kWh/m².



1. Materials & Manufacturing

 Manufacturing: A typical advanced fab can use between 20 to 40 megawatt-hours per day (~as much as a small town)







Environmental Impact **Printed Electronics**

2. Energy Efficiency

- <u>Energy-efficient designs:</u> Printed electronics can operate on extremely low power. e-paper displays used in e-readers can operate on just a ~1-9 mW.
- <u>Lightweight:</u> Flexible solar panels can have efficiency • <u>Efforts</u>: Modern laptop processors are designed to operate efficiently, with some using as little as 5-10 watts during typical rates of around 10-20% and can weigh as little as 0.1 kg/m² use.

- Precise material deposition: Printing processes can <u>E-waste challenge:</u> In 2019, the world generated approximately 53.6 million metric tons of electronic waste (e-waste), and only achieve material utilization rates of >95% about 17.4% of that was documented as properly collected and recycled, according to the Global E-Waste Monitor • Flexible and disposable: Thin and lightweight printed
- electronics can reduce the volume of material needed



Conventional Electronics

 High-performance applications: High-end graphics cards for gaming laptops can consume up to 150 watts of power, while data centers with servers can consume MWs of power.

3. Waste Reduction









- <u>Lifespan:</u> Consumer electronics, on average, have shorter • <u>Lifespan</u>: The lifespan of printed electronics varies by lifespans. Smartphones are typically replaced every 2-3 years, application (1-10 years) contributing to e-waste.
- <u>Recycling rates</u>: The recycling rate <than for traditional electronics, with focus on recovering valuable • <u>Recycling rates</u>: The recycling rate for consumer electronics varies by region, but globally it remains relatively low, with materials. significant room for improvement.

5. Chemical Use

- <u>Chemicals in inks</u>: The chemicals used in conductive • <u>Hazardous chemicals</u>: Semiconductor manufacturing involves the use of hazardous chemicals and gases, such as arsenic, inks can vary, but there is a growing effort to develop eco-friendly inks with reduced environmental impact phosphine, and various photoresist chemicals.
- <u>Eco-friendly options</u>: Manufacturers are actively <u>Eco-friendly initiatives:</u> Semiconductor companies working on ink formulations that contain fewer investing in cleaner manufacturing processes, including green hazardous materials. chemistry and reduced chemical usage.



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4. Lifecycle Considerations





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- <u>Lightweight:</u> Flexible solar panels can have efficiency rates of around 10-20% and can weigh as little as 0.1 kg/m²



Conventional Electronics

- High-performance applications: High-end graphics cards for gaming laptops can consume up to 150 watts of power, while data centers with servers can consume MWs of power.
- <u>Efforts</u>: Modern laptop processors are designed to operate efficiently, with some using as little as 5-10 watts during typical use.







Market Trends









Market Trends









Market Needs









Market Needs

Global Flexible Electronics Market, 2021

Market by Application (% Share)

Consumer Electronics

Automotive

Healthcare

Energy & Power

Industrial

Defense

Others

Source: www.acumenresearchandconsulting.com



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