Study 1

Read Hebrews chapter 1:1-4

1. What does the Hebrew writer affirm about God's manner of speaking in time past?
2. How does he speak to men in these last days?
3. How does the answer to question two help to clearly identify "these last days" (I Pet. 1:20; Isaiah 2:2-4; Acts 2:17)?
4. What is affirmed concerning the Son's part in creation?
5. What is meant by the Son is "the express image of His person"?
6. Who does it mean He upholds "all things by the word of His power"?
7. When the Hebrew writer affirmed that the Son "sat down at the right hand of the Majesty or high" what did this convey to the Jewish student of Old Testament Scripture (See Ps. 110:1; Eph. 1:18-21; 1 Pet. 3:22; 1 Cor. 15:25-26)?
8. Why according to 1:4 was the Son so much better than the angels?
9. How would you prove from 1:5 that the Son is not and never has been an angel?
10. How does 1:6 show the Son is superior to angels and that He is not a creature Himself? 11. In contrast to the deity of the Son angels are said to be what (See 1:7, 14)?

12. How could it be said that the Son's throne was forever and ever (See Rev. 3:21)?
13. Who addresses whom as God in 1:8?
14. What does "a scepter of righteousness is the scepter of your kingdom" mean (Isaiah 11:4, 5)?
15. How should we imitate the Son in what He loved and what He hated (1:9; Ps. 97:10;
119:163; Prov. 6:16-19; Rom. 12:9)?
16. What two things in creation are attributed to the Son's acts of creation?
17. The well-established fact of the second law of thermodynamics says things are deteriorating or the whole universe is growing old or wearing out. How is this spoken of in Hebrews 1:10-12?
18. How does 1:13 show that Christ is not an angel and never has been?
19. What is confirmed about the work of angels?
1. Name a few of the different ways God spoke to the prophets.
2. What are the last days?

3. Who made the world? What other passages teach the same thing?	
4. What phrases in Hebrews 1:1-3 show the various works of Christ?a. Prophetb. Priestc. King	
5. how was Christ appointed air of all things?	
6. How is Christ the representation of His Father?	
7. What is the significance of Christ sitting down at the right hand of the majesty on high?	
8. What did Christ inherit?	