The principles that inform a lived life of dignity must dictate choices in the great Indian election of 2019

The Right to be Heard

The Right to be Heard is the right to speak and to have one’s voice heard. It is a fundamental human right that ensures that individuals and groups have the opportunity to express their opinions and to participate in decisions that affect their lives. This right includes the freedom of expression, the freedom of association, and the right to peaceful assembly. It is a cornerstone of a democratic society and is essential for the protection of human rights.

The Right to Freedom from Fear

The Right to Freedom from Fear is the right to be free from fear and violence. It is a fundamental human right that ensures that individuals and groups are not subjected to violence, torture, or other forms of abuse. This right includes the freedom from all forms of discrimination, including gender-based violence, and the right to a secure and dignified environment.

The Right to Access to Justice

The Right to Access to Justice is the right to a fair and impartial legal system. It is a fundamental human right that ensures that individuals and groups have access to the courts and to legal services. This right includes the freedom to seek redress for wrongs, the right to a fair and public hearing, and the right to free and effective legal assistance.

The Right to Equality

The Right to Equality is the right to be treated equally under the law. It is a fundamental human right that ensures that individuals and groups are not discriminated against on the basis of race, color, gender, religion, or other characteristics. This right includes the freedom from discrimination in employment, education, and other areas of life.

The Right to Freedom ofthoughtandBelief

The Right to Freedom ofthoughtandBelief is the right to hold and to express opinions and beliefs. It is a fundamental human right that ensures that individuals and groups are free to think, believe, and act as they choose, without interference from others. This right includes the freedom to practice a religion or to be non-religious, and the freedom to change one’s religion or beliefs.

The Right toFreedom of Assembly

The Right toFreedom of Assembly is the right to assemble and to participate in political and social activities. It is a fundamental human right that ensures that individuals and groups have the right to form and participate in political parties, trade unions, and other associations.

The Right to Information

The Right to Information is the right to receive and impart information and ideas without interference from others. It is a fundamental human right that ensures that individuals and groups have the right to freedom of information, including the freedom to receive and impart news and other information.

The Right to Work

The Right to Work is the right to earn a living by the free choice of employment. It is a fundamental human right that ensures that individuals and groups have the right to work, and to receive just and favorable remuneration, and to practice any occupation or trade without discrimination.

The Right to Health

The Right to Health is the right to the enjoyment of the highest attainable standard of physical and mental health. It is a fundamental human right that ensures that individuals and groups have the right to the highest attainable standard of health, and to the necessary conditions for its attainment.

The Right to Education

The Right to Education is the right to education as a human right. It is a fundamental human right that ensures that individuals and groups have the right to education, including primary and secondary education, and to education for lifelong learning.

The Right to Development

The Right to Development is the right to the benefits of economic, social, and cultural development. It is a fundamental human right that ensures that individuals and groups have the right to benefit from the economic, social, and cultural development of their country, and to the equal enjoyment of the benefits of such development.

The Right to PeacefulEnvironments

The Right to PeacefulEnvironments is the right to live in a peaceful and safe environment, that shall be protected for the benefit of all generations. It is a fundamental human right that ensures that individuals and groups have the right to live in a peaceful and safe environment, and to the enjoyment of the benefits of such environment.

The Right to Self-Determination

The Right to Self-Determination is the right to freely determine their political status and freely pursue their economic, social, and cultural development. It is a fundamental human right that ensures that individuals and groups have the right to self-determination, and to the equal enjoyment of the benefits of such self-determination.
India need not worry too much on this issue. It is clear that the world is not tilting towards Pakistan. The world will not recognize Masood Azhar as a terrorist. It is also clear that the Chinese government will not support Pakistan in this regard. Pakistan will have to take the lead in bringing Masood Azhar to justice. In conclusion, Pakistan has to work hard to change the perception of the world towards it. The world is not tilted towards Pakistan, and Pakistan needs to work on its image to change the perception of the world. In conclusion, Pakistan has to work hard to change the perception of the world towards it. The world is not tilted towards Pakistan, and Pakistan needs to work on its image to change the perception of the world. In conclusion, Pakistan has to work hard to change the perception of the world towards it. The world is not tilted towards Pakistan, and Pakistan needs to work on its image to change the perception of the world. In conclusion, Pakistan has to work hard to change the perception of the world towards it. The world is not tilted towards Pakistan, and Pakistan needs to work on its image to change the perception of the world.