α-Select Bronze Efficiency **Chemically Competent Cells**

Shipping: On Dry Ice

Catalog numbers

Batch No.: See vial BIO-85025 ≥10⁷ cfu/µg of pUC19



Store at -80°C

Storage and stability

α-Select Chemically Competent Cells are shipped on Dry Ice and stored at -80 °C.

When stored under the recommended conditions and handled correctly, full activity of the cells is retained until the expiry date on the outer box label.

Product Specifications:

Efficiency Pack Size **Control Vector** Bronze 2 mL (10 x 200 µL) pUC19 (100 pg/µL)

Genotype

F deoR endA1 recA1 relA1 gyrA96 hsdR17(r_k , m_k ⁺) supE44 thi-1 phoA Δ(lacZYA argF)U169 Φ80lacZΔM15λ

This product is for R&D use only, not for human use, or any other use. Please refer to the material safety data sheet for information regarding hazards and safe handling practice.

Research Use Only.

Features

- Chemically Competent
- Different efficiencies available: ≥10⁷, ≥10⁸, or ≥10⁹ cfu/µg of pUC19
- Accommodates larger plasmids

Applications

- Transformation of cloned DNA into bacterial cells
- Ideal for routine subcloning
- Blue/white color screening

Associated Products:

Description

α-Select Bronze Efficiency Competent Cells contain a lacZ marker that provides α -complementation of the β-galactosidase gene for blue/white color screening. The cells are ideal for generating cDNA libraries and subcloning.

α-Select Bronze Efficiency Competent Cells also provide recA1 and endA1 markers to minimize recombination and enhance the quality of the plasmid DNA. pUC19 DNA is also provided as a positive control.

Suggested Transformation Procedure for Optimal Results:

- Remove cells from -80°C and let thaw on wet ice.
- Gently mix cells by lightly flicking tube. Aliquot ~50-100 μL of cells into chilled, 17 x 100 mm polypropylene tube(s), e.g. Falcon 2059. Unused cells may be refrozen, but a small drop in efficiency may result. For optimal recovery, refreeze cells in a dry ice/ ethanol bath prior to -80 °C storage.
- Add DNA solution (≤5 µL per 50 µL cells) to cell suspension and gently swirl tube(s) for a few seconds to mix. If a control is desired, repeat this step with 2 μL of the provided Control Vector (pUC19) in a
- Incubate on ice for 30 minutes. 4.
- Place tube(s) in 42 °C water bath for ~30 to 45 seconds without shaking. For 50 µL aliquots in Falcon 2059 tubes, 30 seconds is recommended for maximum efficiency.
- 6 Replace tube(s) on ice for ~2 minutes
- Dilute transformation reaction(s) to 1 mL by addition of 900-950 μL SOC (SOC Medium: 2% Tryptone, 0.5% Yeast Extract, 0.4% glucose, 10 mM NaCl, 2.5 mM KCl, 10 mM MgCl₂ & 10 mM MgSO₄).
- 8. Shake tube(s) ~200 rpm for 60 minutes at 37 °C
- 9. Plate by spreading 5-200 µL of cell transformation mixture on LB agar plates containing appropriate antibiotic and incubate overnight at

When performing the pUC19 control transformation, plate 5 µL of the transformation mixture on a LB agar plate containing 100 µg/mL ampicillin. To facilitate cell spreading, place a pool of SOC (100 µL) onto surface of plate prior to addition of transformation mixture.

Transformation Efficiency Calculation for Control Vector

Transformation
Efficiency
(cfu/µg pUC19
DNA)

colonies (colony forming units) pg pUC19

10⁶ pq

Final volume (µL) of transformation mix Volume plated (µL)

If 40 colonies were obtained after transforming 20 pg of pUC19 and plating 5 μ L of the final 1 mL transformation mixture, the calculated transformation efficiency would be:

20 pg pUC19

10⁶ pg μg

1000uL 5µL

4 x 108 cfu/µg pUC19

Product Name	Pack Size	Cat No
α-select Gold Chemically Competent Cells	1 mL	BIO-85027
α-select Silver Chemically Competent Cells	1 mL	BIO-85026
Quick-Stick Ligase	50 Reactions	BIO-27027
IPTG	5g	BIO-37036
X-GAL	1g	BIO-37035

Product Citations:

- Zane, G. M., et al. Appl. Environ. Microbiol. 76(16), 5500-09 (2010).
- Hornsey, M., et al. J. Antimicrob. Chemother. 65 (8), 1589-1593 (2010).
- Broeham, G., et al. Insect Biochem. Mol. Biol. 40(3), 274-283 3. (2010).
- Goldfinch, N., et al. Vet. Res. 41(5), 62 (2010).
- Thaler, A. D., et al. Conservation Gene. Res. DOI: 10.1007/s12686 5. -010-9174-9 (2010)
- 6. Allerston, C.K., et al. Mol. Gene. Metab. 98(1-2), 198-202 (2009).

Bioline Reagents Ltd UNITED KINGDOM

Bioline USA Inc.

Bioline GmbH GERMANY

Bioline (Aust) Pty. Ltd AUSTRALIA

Bioline France FRANCE

Meridian Bioscience Asia Pte Ltd SINGAPORE

Tel: +44 (0)20 8830 5300 Fax: +44 (0)20 8452 2822

Fax: +1 508 880 8993

Tel: +49 (0)337 168 1229 Fax: +49 (0)3371 68 1244

Tel: +61 (0)2 9209 4180 Fax: +61 (0)2 9209 4763

Tel: +33 (0)1 42 56 04 40 Fax: +33 (0)9 70 06 62 10

Tel: +65 6774 7196 Fax: +65 6774 6441